

**REPORT**  
**ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND**  
**OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE**  
pursuant to art. 123-bis of the FCA

**GEOX S.p.A.**

[www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz)

**2025 FISCAL YEAR**

**Approved on: 17 March 2026**

*The English version of this document is not the official version and has been translated into English solely for the convenience of international readers. In the event of discrepancies, the original Italian text shall prevail.*



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. ISSUER'S PROFILE.....	5
2. INFORMATION ON THE OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2025 .....	9
3. COMPLIANCE .....	18
4. BOARD OF DIRECTORS .....	19
5. MANAGEMENT OF CORPORATE INFORMATION .....	63
6. COMMITTEES WITHIN THE BOARD .....	64
7. SELF-ASSESSMENT AND SUCCESSION OF DIRECTORS – APPOINTMENT COMMITTEE .....	66
8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION - APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE .....	70
9. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL AUDIT SYSTEM AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE .....	82
10. INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES.....	107
11. BOARD OF STATUTORY AUDITORS.....	111
12. RELATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER RELEVANT STAKEHOLDERS.....	121
13. GENERAL MEETINGS .....	128
14. OTHER CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES.....	129
15. CHANGES AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD .....	130
16. CONSIDERATIONS ON THE LETTER FROM THE CHAIR OF THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE.....	130

## GLOSSARY

<b>Corporate Governance Code</b>	The Corporate Governance Code of listed companies approved in January 2020 by the Corporate Governance Committee.
<b>Civil Code /c.c.</b>	The Italian Civil Code.
<b>Committee / CG Committee / Corporate Governance Committee</b>	The Italian Corporate Governance Committee of listed companies, promoted by, besides Borsa Italiana S.p.A., also ABI, Ania, Assogestioni, Assonime and Confindustria.
<b>Board or Board of Directors</b>	The Issuer's Board of Directors.
<b>Issuer/Company/Geox</b>	GEOX S.p.A.
<b>Reporting Period</b>	The fiscal year referring to the period ended 31 December 2024.
<b>ESRS</b>	The principles of sustainability reporting defined in the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) no. 2023/2772 of 31 July 2023.
<b>Consob Issuers' Regulations</b>	The Regulations issued by Consob under resolution no. 11971/1999 (as subsequently amended) regarding issuers.
<b>Consob Market Regulations</b>	The Regulations issued by Consob under resolution no. 20249 of 28 December 2017 (as subsequently amended) regarding markets.
<b>Consob RPT Regulations</b>	The Regulations issued by Consob under resolution no. 17221 of 12 March 2010 (as subsequently amended) regarding Related Party Transactions.
<b>Report</b>	This Report on corporate governance and ownership structure that companies are required to draw up pursuant to art. 123-bis of the FCA.
<b>Remuneration Report</b>	The report on remuneration policy and remuneration paid which companies are required to prepare and publish pursuant to art. 123-ter of the FCA and 84-quater Consob Issuers' Regulations.

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<b>FCA/Finance Consolidation Act</b>	Italian Legislative Decree of 24 February 1998 no. 58 (as subsequently amended).
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Unless otherwise specified, the definitions of the CG Code must be taken as a reference in relation to: **directors, executive directors** (see Q. Def. (1) and Q. Def. (2)), **independent directors, significant shareholder, chief executive officer (“CEO”), management body, supervisory body, industrial plan, concentrated ownership company, large company, sustainable success, top management.** The functions of the Chief Executive Officer – as defined in the Corporate Governance Code - are undertaken by the Company’s CEO.

Furthermore, unless otherwise specified, in the sections that refer to the content of the relevant ESRS, the definitions of the ESRS themselves must also be understood to be referred to by reference, in particular those relating to: **lobbying activities, value chain, interested communities, active and passive corruption, business culture, consumers, sustainability declaration, employees, discrimination, suppliers, own workforce, impacts, sustainability impacts, workers in the value chain, non-employees, independent board members, metrics, business model, harassment, purpose, opportunities, sustainability-related opportunities, administration, management and control bodies, policy, indigent peoples, stakeholders, sustainability issues, relevance, risks, sustainability-related risks, end-users.**



## I. ISSUER'S PROFILE

Geox distinguishes itself from its competitors by allowing its products to “breathe.” The name of the brand Geox derives from the combination of the words “geo” (earth in Greek), on which we all walk, and “x” a letter/element that symbolizes technology, thinking of how to create wellbeing for people through innovation.

Geox is therefore driven by a mindset of respect and care for the environment, society and people.

The purpose and underlying ambition of Geox is to improve the wellbeing of people in their everyday lives and in the belief that the application of ethical principles, equity and respect, solidarity, protection of the person, sustainability and inclusivity are essential for the lasting development of our Company and of the world in which we live.

### ***Geox's purpose:***

improving people's well-being in their daily lives.

### Geox's distinguishing features

#### **STRONG BRAND AWARENESS**

High brand awareness and premium ambition

#### **ITALIAN DNA**

Product development in Italy, high quality

#### **STRONG AND ESTABLISHED DISTRIBUTION PRESENCE**

Over 8,000 multi-brand points of sale and through a network of 570 single-brand shops, of which 235 are directly operated (Directly Operated Stores or DOS), 208 are franchised and 127 are licensed.

#### **SUSTAINABLE MINDSET**

Family brand with responsible approach in all product categories

#### **GEOX PEOPLE'S MANIFESTO**

A person in Geox:

- will be digitally skilled, connected, will have access to information and will be involved regardless of the role
- will be annually involved in a performance & behaviour appraisal process
- will participate with cross-functional teams in transversal activities and projects, with service design and design thinking methods
- will acquire a learning agility and will have a “customized training credit card” and an app always available for upskilling and reskilling
- will have an individual book with a personalized career path, and will be included in a rewarding system
- will have the possibility to work in an agile way in an inclusive environment

## **SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF GEOX'S CORPORATE GOVERNANCE SYSTEM**

During the reporting period, the Company fully abided by the recommendations included in the Corporate Governance Code.

The Company falls within the definition of SME pursuant to art. 1, paragraph 1, letter *w-quater*.1) of the FCA and art. 2-ter of the Consob Issuers' Regulation, since Geox's average capitalization recorded during the reporting period was Euro 124,946,280.49.

Pursuant to art. 120, paragraph 2, of the FCA, the threshold for the purposes of obligations to communicate significant shareholdings is 5%.

The Company intends to provide below complete information on the procedures to implement its corporate governance system and on compliance with the Corporate Governance Code, according to the guidelines contained in the format developed by Borsa Italiana as updated in December 2024, as well as according to art. 123-bis of the FCA.

This Report refers to the Company's Articles of Association, as amended on 30 June 2025 on the basis of the resolution approved by the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting on 17 April 2025 (the “**Articles of Association**”).

Geox's corporate bodies are: the Shareholders' Meeting, the Board of Directors, the Executive Committee, the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, the Appointment and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Statutory Auditors and the Supervisory Body pursuant to Italian Legislative Decree 231/2001. The Committees represent the internal structure of the Board of Directors and have been established with the aim of improving the functioning and strategic policy capability of the Board.

The Company has approved internal regulations that identify the principles which Geox abides by in order to ensure the transparency and substantive and procedural correctness of transactions

with related parties, in application and compliance with Consob's RPT Regulations (the "**Regulation governing Related-Party Transactions**") initially approved on 28 October 2010 and most recently updated on 31 July 2024 on the occasion of the latest triennial review.

On 25 February 2021, the Company adopted some resolutions aimed at transposing and updating its corporate governance to the Corporate Governance Code. In particular, on that date the Company approved:

- a Policy on engagement with shareholders (as most recently updated on 11 November 2021);
- A Regulation on the operation of the Board of Directors (as most recently updated on 27 July 2023);
- a Regulation for the Executive Committee;
- a Regulation for the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee;
- a Regulation for the Appointment and Remuneration Committee;
- a Regulation on the self-assessment process of the Board of Directors;
- a Procedure to define and approve the remuneration policy.

The aim of the corporate governance system is to ensure the correct functioning of the Company and the Group, in general, as well as the development on a global scale of the reliability of its products and, as a consequence, its name.

The Company's Board of Directors takes its guidance role seriously, with the aim of achieving sustainable success, by examining and approving the Group's strategic plans which take account of the analysis of the significant issues for value generation in the long term, in consideration also of what may emerge from dialogue with shareholders (regarding the Policy of engagement with shareholders, reference should be made to paragraph 12 of this report). In addition, the Board of Directors sets the guidelines for the risk management and internal audit system in line with the Company's strategies, in order to contribute to the Group's sustainable success (regarding the role of the Board of Directors in the risk management and internal audit system, reference should be made to paragraph 9 of this report). The remuneration policy is likewise drawn up by the Board of Directors with a view to establishing remuneration mechanisms that are functional to a sustainable success.

The Company has published the consolidated sustainability report for the reporting period (the "**Sustainability Report**"), included in the Report on Operations, pursuant to Italian Legislative



Decree 125/2024 implementing Directive (EU) 2022/2464 “CSRD Directive”, which is available to the public on the Company’s website at [www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz).

The Company falls within the definition of “concentrated ownership company” given by the Corporate Governance Code. In addition, the Company does not fall within the definition of “large company” pursuant to this Code. Reference should be made to section 7 relating to the use of the flexibility options envisaged by the Corporate Governance Code.

## 2. INFORMATION ON THE OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2025

Pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 1, FCA

### a) Share capital structure (pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 1, letter a), FCA)

The Company's share capital amounts to Euro 36,690,453.10 and consists of 366,904,531 ordinary shares with no par value.

As at the date of this Report, a total of 107,697,200 warrants designated as "Warrant Geox 2025-2026" (the "**Warrants**") have been issued.

The Issuer's share capital structure is shown in the table below.

<b>SHARE CAPITAL STRUCTURE</b>				
	No.	% of share capital	Listed (indicate markets) / not listed	Rights and obligations
Ordinary shares	366,904,531	100%	Euronext Milan	Each share is entitled to one vote. The rights and obligations of the shareholders are those provided for by art. 2346 et seq. of the Italian Civil Code.
Shares with multiple voting rights	-	-	-	-
Shares with limited voting rights	-	-	-	-
Shares without voting rights	-	-	-	-
Financial instruments granting the right to subscribe to newly issued shares (Warrants)	107,697,200	-	Euronext Milan	The exercise of 16 Warrants entitles the holder to receive 13 Underlying Shares.
Other	-	-	-	-

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The Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on 17 April 2025 approved a share capital increase of up to Euro 60 million, inclusive of any share premium (the "**2025 Capital Increase**"), as follows:

# GEOX

- a first tranche of a total maximum amount of Euro 30 million, inclusive of any share premium, which may be divided into sub-tranches, through the issue of ordinary shares with no par value, with Warrants freely attached and cum dividend, and with the same characteristics as the ordinary shares outstanding at the issue date (the “**Offer Shares**”), to be offered on a pre-emptive basis to shareholders, pursuant to art. 2441, par. 1, of the Italian Civil Code, and to be subscribed for by 30 June 2025 (the “**Pre-emptive Capital Increase**”); and
- a second tranche of a total maximum amount of Euro 30 million, inclusive of any share premium, which may be divided into sub-tranches on a progressive basis, through one or more issues of ordinary shares, with no par value, cum dividend, and with the same characteristics as the ordinary shares outstanding at the issue date (the “**Underlying Shares**”), to be subscribed for by the final deadline of 31 October 2026 for the exercise of the Warrants (the “**Warrant Capital Increase**”).

Following the completion of the 2025 Capital Increase, 107,697,200 new shares were issued together with 107,697,200 Warrants.

The exercise of 16 Warrants entitles the holder to receive 13 Underlying Shares. Warrant holders may request to subscribe for the Underlying Shares at any time from 15 September 2026 through 30 September 2026 (the “**Exercise Period**”), at a price of Euro 0.342 per Underlying Share subscribed. The terms and conditions concerning Geox 2025-2026 Warrants (the “**Regulation of Warrants**”) are available in the “Governance/2025 Capital Increase” section of the Company's website at [www.geox.biz.it](http://www.geox.biz.it)

On 17 April 2025, the Company's Shareholders' Meeting approved a medium/long-term incentive plan (the “**Equity (Stock Grant) & Cash-Based 2025-2027 Plan**” or the “**2025-2027 LTI Plan**”) regarding the free assignment of a maximum of 10,436,654 Company ordinary shares (“Equity Portion”) in addition to the payment of a monetary element, gross of taxes and social security contributions in the case of overachievement (“Cash Portion”).

The beneficiaries of the 2025-2027 LTI Plan may include the Chief Executive Officer, Strategic Executives, other top-level executives, and key people of the Company.

The assignment of the shares occurs at the end of the vesting period, which starts from the date of assignment of the options and ends with the approval by the Geox Shareholders' Meeting of the consolidated financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2027.

The assignment of the Equity Portion takes place on the basis of the following conditions and limits:

# GEOX

- (i) for a number of shares equal to 50% of the total rights granted, subject to compliance with the service condition, as defined in the information document prepared pursuant to art. 84-bis of the Issuers' Regulations (the “**Service Condition**” and the “**Information Document**”, respectively) and the achievement of a predetermined performance target (the “**Performance Target**”). In particular, a predefined number of shares, between 30% and 50% of the total rights granted, is assigned on condition that at least 80% of the CUMULATIVE ADJUSTED EBITDA TARGET (as defined in the Information Document) is achieved in the period 2025-2027. Therefore, if 80% of this target (minimum threshold) is reached, 30% of the shares will be allocated, while if 100% (target) of this target is reached, 50% of the shares will be allocated. In the event of values between 80% and 100% of the CUMULATIVE ADJUSTED EBITDA Target being reached in the period 2025-2027, the percentage of shares to be allocated will be determined by applying the method of linear interpolation;
- (ii) 50% of all the assigned rights is allocated provided that there is compliance with the Service Condition and the achievement of a predetermined financial target (the “**Financial Target**”). In particular, a predefined number of shares, between 30% and 50% of the total rights granted, is assigned on condition that at least 80% of the 2027 NFP Target (as defined in the Information Document) is achieved at the end of 2027. Therefore, if 80% of this target (minimum threshold) is reached, 30% of the shares will be allocated, while if 100% (target) of this target is reached, 50% of the shares will be allocated. In the event of values between 80% and 100% of the 2027 NFP Target, the percentage of shares to be allocated will be determined by applying the method of linear interpolation;

The supply of the Cash Portion is subordinate, and only where the CUMULATIVE ADJUSTED EBITDA Target is reached with a maximum excess of 120% of the same (“**Overachievement**”). Any exceeding of the Performance Target by between 100% and 120% entitles the recipient to the payment of the Cash Portion, determined by applying the linear interpolation method.

It should be noted that the rights of the beneficiaries will not be settled through the issuance of new shares, but will instead be settled by means of treasury shares potentially purchased and/or held on any other basis by the Company, based on the authorization by the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting for the purchase and disposal of treasury shares pursuant to articles 2357 et seq. of the Italian Civil Code.

Further information on the Equity (Stock Grant) & Cash-Based Plan for 2021-2023 is available to

the public on the Company's website ([www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz)) in the Governance section.

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Without prejudice to the above-mentioned information about Warrants, the Company has issued no financial instruments that grant the right to subscribe for newly issued shares.

**b) Restrictions on the transfer of securities (pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 1, letter b), FCA)**

The Company's ordinary shares are freely transferable and contain no restrictions with regard to their transfer. Moreover, there is no limit on the ownership of securities, nor is there any right of approval by the Company or other holders of securities in relation to the transfer of the aforementioned shares.

**c) Significant equity investments in the share capital (pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 1, letter c), FCA)**

As at the date of approval of the Report, the parties who invest directly or indirectly, to an extent greater than 5% of the share capital, in accordance with the information emerging from the communication made in accordance with art. 120 of the FCA, are:

<b>SIGNIFICANT EQUITY INVESTMENTS IN THE SHARE CAPITAL</b>			
<b>Party</b>	<b>Direct shareholder</b>	<b>% of ordinary capital</b>	<b>% of voting capital</b>
<b>Mario Moretti Polegato</b>	LIR S.r.l.	71.16%	71.16%

**d) Securities with special rights (pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 1, letter d), FCA)**

The Issuer has issued no securities that grant special control rights.

**e) Shareholding participation of employees: mechanism for the exercise of voting rights (pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 1, letter e), FCA)**

There is no mechanism providing for the exercise of voting rights by employees.

**f) Restrictions on the right to vote (pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 1, letter f), FCA)**

There is no restriction on the right of shareholders to vote.

**g) Shareholders' agreements (pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 1, letter g), FCA)**

To the best of the Company's knowledge, there exist no agreements between the Company's shareholders pursuant to art. 122 of the FCA.

**h) Change of control clauses and provisions of the Articles of Association concerning takeovers (pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 1, letter h, FCA and provisions of the Articles of Association concerning takeovers pursuant to articles 104, par. 1-ter and 104-bis, par. 1)**

The Group has entered into certain significant financial agreements with several banking institutions, which were amended under a pool agreement at the end of financial year 2024 and which provide for an obligation of full early repayment in the event that: (a) the controlling shareholder of LIR S.r.l. ceases to exercise, directly and/or indirectly, legal control and/or dominant influence over the Company pursuant to art. 2359 of the Italian Civil Code; and/or (b) LIR S.r.l. ceases to exercise directly legal control and/or dominant influence over the Company pursuant to art. 2359 of the Italian Civil Code, unless the prior consent of the relevant banking institutions has been obtained.

Geox's Articles of Association do not contain any provisions departing from the provisions on the passivity rule laid down by art. 104, paragraphs 1 and 2, of the FCA nor do they envisage the application of the neutralization rules laid down in art. 104-bis, paragraphs 2 and 3 of the FCA.

For the sake of completeness, it should be noted that the Regulation of Warrants provides that, in the event a tender offer relating to the Company's ordinary shares (the "TOB") is launched before the Exercise Period starts, the Warrants may be exercised during the period between the first and the fifteenth calendar day following the publication of the notice pursuant to art. 102 of the FCA. In that case, the Underlying Shares will be made available in accordance with the same procedures set out in the Regulation of Warrants and, in any event, in sufficient time to allow those who have exercised the Warrants to take part in the tender offer with the same Underlying Shares.

**i) Proxies to increase the share capital and authorizations to purchase treasury shares (pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 1, letter m), FCA)**

Powers to increase the share capital

As at the date of approval of the Report, the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting did not grant the Board of Directors authority to increase the share capital pursuant to articles 2420-ter and 2443 of the Italian Civil Code.

#### Authorization to purchase treasury shares

On the date of approval of this Report, the Shareholders' Meeting of the Company on 17 April 2025 authorized to purchase treasury shares in compliance with articles 2357 and 2357-ter of the Italian Civil Code.

Specifically, on 17 April 2025, the Shareholders' Meeting authorized, subject to revocation of the previous authorization of 19 April 2024, pursuant to articles 2357 and 2357-ter of the Civil Code and art. 132 of the FCA, the purchase, in one or more transactions, of a maximum, on a rotation basis (i.e. the maximum number of treasury shares held in the portfolio from time to time), of 21,924,483 ordinary Geox shares with a par value of Euro 0.10 each and, in any case, within the limits of 10% of the Company's share capital, taking into account for this purpose also any shares which might be held by subsidiaries. The shares may be purchased until the end of the eighteenth month and starting from the date of the authorization granted by the Shareholders' Meeting of 17 April 2025; the purchase may be made according to one of the methods provided for in the combined provisions of art. 5 of Regulation (EU) 596/2014, Delegated Regulation 2016/1052, art. 132 of the FCA and art. 144-bis, paragraph 1, letters b) and c) of the Consob Issuers' Regulations. The unit payment for the purchase of the shares may be made at a maximum and minimum unitary price equal to the price of the Geox share at closure of the stock exchange recorded in the working day prior to the purchase date, plus or minus 10% respectively for the maximum and the minimum price. However, the consideration may not exceed any limits provided for by applicable legislation or, if recognized, by accepted market practices; the maximum purchase volumes may not exceed 25% of the average daily volumes of the 20 stock market sessions preceding the purchase transaction date. The purchase can be made on regulated markets or multilateral trading systems pursuant to letter b) of art. 144-bis of the Consob Issuers' Regulations, in compliance with the provisions of art. 132 of the FCA, and in accordance with the means envisaged by art. 2.6.7 of the Market Regulations organized and managed by Borsa Italiana S.p.A. and, therefore, in compliance with equal treatment among shareholders; finally, purchases must be made within the limits of distributable profits and available reserves from the most recently approved financial statements.

In addition, the Shareholders' Meeting of 17 April 2025 authorized, pursuant to and in application of art. 2357-ter of the Italian Civil Code, the disposal, on one or more occasions, of treasury shares bought, in compliance with the applicable legal and regulatory provisions, including in the

authorization envisaged herein also the disposal and/or use of the shares purchased in implementation of the previous shareholders' meeting resolutions and held by the Company at the date of this resolution, to pursue the aims as set out in the report of the Board of Directors and in the following terms and conditions:

- the shares can be sold or otherwise transferred at any time without any time limits;
- the sale transactions can be carried out also before having completed all purchases and can be made on one or more occasions, with the adoption of any method that may be deemed appropriate in relation to the purposes pursued at the time;
- sales may be made in the ways deemed to be most appropriate in the interest of the Company, including, by means of example, sale on the stock market and/or off the stock market and/or through block trades, with an institutional placement, as consideration for stakes in companies and/or goods and/or assets, to conclude agreements with strategic partners, in the cases of any extraordinary finance transactions that involve treasury shares being made available to be assigned, using them as a pledge in order to obtain financing for the Company and/or the Group, to complete projects or pursue company objectives and, in any case, any other form of sale permitted by applicable legislation;
- the unit price for the sale of the shares may not be lower than 10% of the price of a share of Geox at the end of the Stock Market Day recorded on the business day preceding the date of each sale transaction. This consideration limit will not apply in the event of disposals other than a sale (for instance, in cases of exchange, contribution, merger or demerger, issue of convertible bonds, assignment of shares under stock option schemes). In these cases, different criteria can be used, in line with the purposes being pursued and taking account of market practice and the indications of Borsa Italiana S.p.A. and Consob.

On 11 March 2026, the Board of Directors resolved to call the ordinary Shareholders' Meeting on 22 April 2026 in order to approve a new authorization to purchase and dispose of treasury shares pursuant to articles 2357 and 2357-ter of the Italian Civil Code, and to withdraw the previous Shareholders' Meeting resolution of 17 April 2025, to the extent unused.

As at 31 December 2025, the Issuer held 734,041 treasury shares.

## **I) Management and coordination activities (pursuant to art. 2497 et seq. of the Italian Civil Code)**

The Company manages and coordinates the companies belonging to the Geox Group, including in matters of governance.

# GEOX

Despite it being controlled by another company, i.e. LIR S.r.l., Geox does not consider itself to be subject to the management and coordination activities of third parties, since the decision-making bodies and the management headquarters of the entire Group are concentrated within Geox's structure.

The company LIR S.r.l. exercises control over the Geox Group since it holds 71.16% of the share capital and, consequently, includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. Nonetheless, as at 31 December 2025, Geox was not subject to management and coordination (pursuant to art. 2497 et seq. of the Italian Civil Code) by any subject, including LIR S.r.l.

The presumption as set out in art. 2497-sexies of the Italian Civil Code – by which it is presumed, unless proven otherwise, that management and coordination is exercised by the subject required to consolidate the financial statements – can be rejected in the specific case for the following reasons:

- (i) the Company establishes independently its strategy, general and operational guidelines and enjoys autonomous negotiating power in dealings with customers and suppliers;
- (ii) Geox is equipped with an autonomous risk management system and its own financial structure;
- (iii) the Company's Board of Directors consists of directors, the majority of whom are not connected to LIR S.r.l. Furthermore, the Board of Directors of Geox includes a sufficient number of independent directors to ensure that their judgement carries significant weight in the Board's decision-making process;
- (iv) the Executive Committee, on which are conferred the powers of ordinary and extraordinary administration of the Company, holds its meetings in the presence of and under the supervision of the Board of Statutory Auditors.

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With regard to the agreements between the Company and the Directors providing for severance payments in the event of resignation or dismissal without just cause, or in the event that their employment relationship ceases following a tender offer, it should be noted, in particular, that the agreement governing the relationship between the Company and the Chief Executive Officer provides – in the event of early termination of office as member of the Board of Directors and/or as Chief Executive Officer, in the absence of just cause pursuant to art. 2383 of the Italian Civil Code – for the payment of an overall severance indemnity equal to 3 monthly instalments of remuneration, in addition to the payment of any remuneration accrued up to the date of termination. For further information, reference is made to the 2026 Remuneration Report published pursuant to art. 123-ter of the FCA (see section 8 of this Report).

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The information relating to the rules applicable to the appointment and replacement of Directors and amendments to the Articles of Association, if other than the additional legislative and regulatory rules applicable on a supplementary basis, are set forth in section 4.2 of the Report. The information required by art. 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter l), second part of the FCA relating to the laws applicable to the change in the Articles of Association, other than legislative and regulatory information, is set out in section 13 of the Report.

### 3. COMPLIANCE

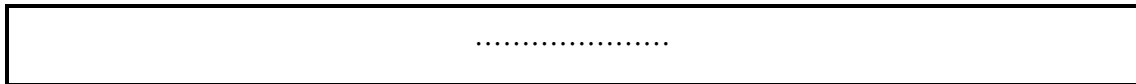
#### Pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 2, letter a), FCA

The Company complies with the Corporate Governance Code for listed companies drawn up by Borsa Italiana S.p.A.'s Corporate Governance Committee and issued on 31 January 2020.

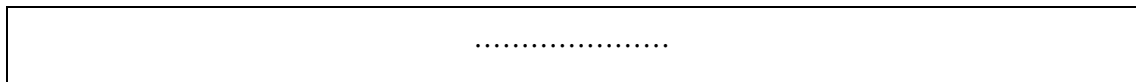
The text of the Corporate Governance Code is available to the public on Borsa Italiana's website (<https://www.borsaitaliana.it/comitato-corporate-governance/codice/2020.pdf>).

Neither the Issuer nor its strategically significant subsidiaries are subject to the provisions of non-Italian laws that influence the Issuer's corporate governance structure.

Following adoption of the Corporate Governance Code, the sections of this report relating to setting out the concrete means by which the Company has applied the principles of the Corporate Governance Code, are represented with a box with an extra thick line:



The sections relating to the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code are indicated with a box with a normal line:



The sections relating to the need to “explain” are indicated with the symbol [●].

## 4. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### 4.1 ROLE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors leads the Company, pursuing sustainable success as part of the development of the industrial plans and taking account of the impact on the environment, shareholders, consumers and all stakeholders who are affected by the conduct adopted by the Company and by the Group. In particular, the Board of Directors considered strategic aspects linked to sustainability in various areas including, among others, products, marketing, the supply chain and human resources, within the framework of the 2025-2029 business plan approved on 19 December 2024 and disclosed to the financial community on 13 March 2025. Furthermore, with a view to pursuing the Company's sustainable success, within the framework of the Remuneration Policy, the Board of Directors has established non-financial objectives to which part of the short-term variable remuneration component of Strategic Executives is linked, relating to sustainability and corporate social responsibility topics, and has also assigned to the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, in support of the Board, a monitoring role in the implementation of the corporate strategy. With regard to the Remuneration Policy and the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, reference is made to sections 6 and 8, respectively.

The Board of Directors monitors the realization of strategies to pursue sustainable success through a periodic update relating to the state of implementation of the industrial plan by the various departments responsible.

To achieve these objectives, the Board of Directors evaluates the corporate governance system best suited to achieving them. Reference should be made to section 14 for assessment of the corporate governance model.

Regarding the dialogue with shareholders and with the other stakeholders, reference should be made to section 12.

In line with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code, the Board of Directors:

- (a) examines and approves, without the support of any committee, the industrial plan of the Company and of the Group;
- (b) periodically monitors the implementation of the industrial plan and assesses the general trend in operations, periodically comparing the results achieved with those planned;
- (c) defines the nature and level of risk compatible with the Company's strategic objectives, including in its assessment all the elements which may be important with a view to the Company's sustainable success;

- (d) defines the Company's corporate governance system and the structure of the Group;
- (e) assesses the adequacy of the organizational, administrative and accounting structure of the Company and of the subsidiaries of strategic importance, with particular reference to the risk management and internal audit system (reference should be made for the detail to section 9);
- (f) passes resolutions on operations which are reserved to it by law or by the Articles of Association as well as regarding those operations which are of significant relevance for the Company itself in strategic, economic, equity or financial terms;
- (g) in keeping with point (e) above, assigns and withdraws delegated powers to and from directors, without prejudice to what is reserved to the exclusive competence of the Board of Directors, defining the limits and means of their exercise and establishes the frequency with which the delegated bodies must report to the Board on the work undertaken in exercising the delegated powers conferred on them;
- (h) defines the Company's policy on the remuneration of directors and executives with strategic responsibilities, in compliance with the law in force and with the Corporate Governance Code;
- (i) determines, on proposal by the Remuneration Committee, the economic and regulatory treatment of directors with delegated powers and of the other directors who hold particular roles (having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors pursuant to art. 2389, paragraph 3 of the Civil Code);
- (j) carries out, at least once a year, an assessment on the operation of the Board itself and its Committees (reference should be made for the detail to section 7); and
- (k) in order to guarantee the correct management of corporate information, adopts, on proposal of the Chairman in agreement with the Chief Executive Officer, a procedure for internal management and external disclosure of documents and information regarding the Company, with particular reference to price-sensitive information (reference should be made for the detail to section 5).

During 2025, the Board of Directors undertook the aforementioned activities as illustrated in detail in the remainder of this report.

During 2025, the Board of Directors did not consider it necessary and opportune to draw up motivated proposals to put to the Shareholders' Meeting to define a new corporate governance system, considering the current governance system as fit for the Company's needs. Regarding

the policy for managing dialogue with shareholders, reference should be made for the details to section 12 of this document.

For information regarding the roles and responsibilities of the Board of Directors in overseeing procedures aimed at managing significant risks, impacts and opportunities, please refer to the section “GOV-1: The role of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies” of the Sustainability Report.

For information on how the Board of Directors is informed about sustainability issues and how these issues were addressed during the reporting period, please refer to the section “GOV-2: Information provided to and sustainability matters addressed by the undertaking’s administrative, management and supervisory bodies” of the Sustainability Report.

#### **4.2 APPOINTMENT AND REPLACEMENT (PURSUANT TO ART. 123-BIS, PAR. I, LETTER L), FIRST PART, FCA)**

The provisions applicable for the appointment and replacement of Directors, illustrated below, are indicated under art. 17 of the Articles of Association, as amended following the Meeting’s resolution of 22 April 2021.

*“The Directors are appointed for the first time in the memorandum of association and subsequently by the ordinary Shareholders’ Meeting. Undertaking of the office of Director is dependent on possession of the requisites established by the law, the Articles of Association and other applicable provisions. Those who hold more than ten offices as director or statutory auditor in other companies listed on regulated markets (also abroad), in financial, banking and insurance companies or companies of a significant size, cannot be appointed as Directors of the Company and, if appointed, their office shall terminate. When the Board of Directors is appointed by the Shareholders’ Meeting, the Directors are appointed by the ordinary Meeting on the basis of lists presented by the Shareholders, in which the candidates will be listed by means of progressive numbers. The lists must be lodged at the registered offices of the company at least twenty-five days before the date established for the Shareholders’ Meeting and must be made available to the public at the registered offices, on the Company’s website and with the other procedures laid down by laws and regulations at least twenty-one days before such a meeting. Each Shareholder may present or contribute towards presenting just one list and each candidate can stand for just one list, on penalty of ineligibility. Each Shareholder, as well as the Shareholders belonging to the same group (i.e. the controlling party, not necessarily a company, in accordance with art. 93 of the FCA, as well as the subsidiary*

and associated companies of the same party), or who comply with a shareholders' agreement pursuant to art. 122 of the FCA, cannot present or contribute towards presenting or vote for – directly, via third parties or trust companies – more than one list. Only the Shareholders who alone or together with other Shareholders represent at least one fortieth of the share capital (or a lower threshold determined in accordance with legislation in force as at the date of the shareholders' meeting) have the right to present lists. Ownership of the aforesaid minimum shareholding necessary to present the lists is calculated taking into account the shares registered in the shareholders' name as at the date when the lists are lodged at the Company's registered office. In order to prove ownership of the number of shares necessary for presentation of the lists, Shareholders who present or contribute to the submission of the lists, must present and/or send to the registered office a copy of the relevant certificate issued by a broker authorized by law, at least twenty-one days before the Shareholders' Meeting called to deliberate on the appointment of the members of the Board of Directors. The declarations by means of which the individual candidates accept their nomination and declare, at their own liability, the non-existence of any reasons for ineligibility and incompatibility envisaged by the law and the Articles of Association, as well as the existence of the requisites which may be laid down by law and the regulations for the respective offices, must be lodged together with each list. Together with the declarations, a curriculum vitae will be lodged for each candidate, including the personal and professional characteristics and, if required, the indication of the suitability for qualifying as independent in accordance with current legislation and in observance of the limit on the accumulation of offices described above. The lists in relation to which these provisions have not been observed will not be considered as presented. At least one of the members of the Board, if the Board of Directors is made up of a number of members ranging up to seven, or two members of the Board if the Board of Directors is made up of more than seven members, must possess the independence requisites described above. Directors with the requisites of independence who, subsequent to appointment, lose the afore-mentioned independence requisites, must inform the Board of Directors immediately and, in any event, fall from office. Periodically, the Board will assess the Directors' independence and integrity requisites. In the event that the independence and integrity requisites do not exist or cease to exist and in the event that the minimum number of independent Directors established in these Articles of Association ceases to exist, the Board declares the forfeiture of the Director lacking said requisite and provides for his/her replacement. Each holder of voting rights can vote for just one list. Each list must include a number of candidates up to the maximum number of members of the Board of Directors indicated in art. 16 and, among these, at least one (if the number of members to be elected is equal to or below seven) or at least two (if the number of members to be elected is over seven) candidates who possess the aforementioned independence requisites and – unless the lists have fewer than three candidates – must guarantee the

presence of both genders, so that the number of candidates of the least represented gender is at least equal to the number envisaged by the legal and regulatory provisions applicable, without prejudice to the fact that when the application of the gender balance criterion does not result in a whole number, this number must be rounded in compliance with the provisions of the law – including regulations – applicable and specified in the call notice for the Shareholders' Meeting which must approve resolutions regarding the appointment of the Board of Directors. To elect the directors, the following procedure will be used: a) from the list which obtains most of the votes given by Shareholders eight tenths of the directors to be elected will be taken in the progressive order in which they are included on the list itself, with rounding, in the case of a partial fraction, to the lower number; b) the remaining directors will be taken from the other lists, it being understood that at least one director must come from a list which is not connected in any way, even indirectly, with the shareholders who presented or voted the list as set out in point a) and was first for the number of votes; to this end, the votes obtained by the lists themselves will be successively divided by one, two, three and so on, according to the progressive number of directors to be elected. The quotients thus obtained will be progressively assigned to the candidates in each of these lists, following the relevant order. The quotients thus attributed to the candidates on the various lists will constitute a single ranking list in a decreasing order. Those who have obtained the highest quotients will be elected. If more than one candidate has obtained the same quotient, the candidate of the list that has not yet elected any Director or that has elected the lower number of Directors shall be elected. In cases where none of these lists have elected a Director yet or all have elected the same number of Directors, the candidate of the list that has obtained the greatest number of votes shall be elected. In the event of a tie in the votes on the list and if they have the same quotient, a new vote will be cast by the entire Shareholders' Meeting and the candidate obtaining the simple majority of the votes will be elected. Should the appointment of candidates according to the above-mentioned proceedings fail to ensure the appointment of a Director meeting the independence requirements referred to above, the last non-independent candidate elected, following the progressive order on the list with the greatest number of votes referred to in previous point a), shall be replaced by the non-elected independent candidate on the same list in accordance with the progressive order. Should the resulting composition of the body fail to respect the gender balance, taking into account the order in which candidates are listed, the last candidates elected in the Majority List of the most represented gender shall fall from office in a number necessary to ensure the fulfilment of the gender balance requirement, and they shall be replaced by the first non-elected candidates of the less represented gender contained in the same list. If the candidates of the less represented gender in the Majority List are not in sufficient number to proceed with the replacement, the Shareholders' Meeting shall appoint other members pursuant to the majorities required by law, thus ensuring that the gender

balance requirement is met. For the purposes of the distribution of the Directors to be elected, account must not be taken of the lists that have not obtained a percentage of votes equivalent to at least half of those required by the Articles of Association for their submission. If only one list is presented or if no list at all is presented, the Shareholders' Meeting shall pass resolutions pursuant to the majorities required by law, without complying with the above-described procedure, without prejudice to the fact that the minimum number of independent directors established in these Articles of Association must be respected and, in any case, in compliance with the gender balance criterion in compliance with the applicable legal and regulatory provisions. The term of office of the Directors shall be determined by the Shareholders' Meeting at the time of appointment and cannot exceed three financial years. The Directors shall fall from office on the date of the Shareholders' Meeting convened for the approval of the financial statements related to the last reporting period in which they are in office. Without prejudice to the provisions of the next paragraph, if one or more Directors should cease to hold office for any reason during the three-year period, the Board of Directors shall proceed with the relevant replacement pursuant to art. 2386 of the Italian Civil Code. If one or more Directors who have ceased to hold office have been drawn from a list that also contains the names of candidates who have not been elected, the Board of Directors will make the replacement by appointing, in accordance with the progressive order, people drawn from the same list to which the Director who is no longer holding his or her office belongs, who are still eligible and agree to accept the office in compliance with the division criterion provided for by the applicable legal and regulatory provisions. Should an independent Director cease to hold office, the replacement will occur wherever possible by appointing the first of the non-elected independent Directors on the list from which the Director no longer holding office has been taken; pursuant to art. 2386 of the Italian Civil Code the election of the Directors is carried out by the Shareholders' Meeting, pursuant to the majorities required by law, by appointing the replacements on the basis of the same criteria mentioned in the previous paragraph in compliance with the division criterion provided for by the applicable legal and regulatory provisions and the terms of office of the Directors appointed in this way will expire together with those of the Directors in office when they were appointed. Should it happen that, in the above-mentioned list, there are no more non-elected candidates, or should it happen that the previously-indicated replacement methods do not respect the minimum number of independent directors or the equal balance of genders, or that only one list has been submitted, or that no lists at all have been submitted, the Board of Directors shall replace the ceased Directors pursuant to art. 2386 of the Italian Civil Code without observing the criteria indicated above, as resolved by the Shareholders' Meeting pursuant to the majorities required by law, without prejudice – both for co-optation and for meeting resolution – to the minimum number of independent directors and to the gender balance criterion in compliance with the applicable legal and

*regulatory provisions; and the directors so appointed shall fall from office along with those in office at the time of their appointment. If during the mandate, the majority of Directors appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting should for any reason cease their offices, the entire Board of Directors will be considered to have ceased the office, and the Shareholders' Meeting must be called urgently by the remaining Directors for the appointment of the new Board of Directors. If during the financial year, one or more Directors cease to hold their office, providing that the majority is still made up of Directors appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting, the Shareholders' Meeting is anyway entitled to reduce the number of the members of the Board of Directors to that of the Directors in office for the remaining term of office, providing that the minimum number of Directors with the requirement of independence mentioned above is respected and provided that there is at least one of the Directors elected from the minority lists (if previously elected) and provided that the gender balance criterion provided for by the applicable legal and regulatory provisions is met. If the number of Directors is lower than the maximum provided for in art. 16 above, the Shareholders' Meeting, even during the term of office of the Board of Directors, will be able to increase this number up to the maximum limit specified in said article. For the appointment of further members of the Board of Directors the procedure is as follows: the additional Directors shall be taken from the list that has obtained the highest number of votes cast by Shareholders on the occasion of the appointment of the members in office at the time, from among the candidates who can still be elected, and the Shareholders' Meeting shall resolve pursuant to the majorities required by law, by respecting this principle and the gender balance criterion provided for by the applicable legal and regulatory provisions. Conversely, should it happen that, in the above-mentioned list, there are no more non-elected candidates, or that only one list has been submitted, or that no lists at all have been submitted, the Shareholders' Meeting shall proceed with appointment without observing the criteria indicated above, pursuant to the majorities required by law and still in accordance with the gender balance criterion provided for by the applicable legal and regulatory provisions. The Directors thus elected shall cease their office together with those in office at the time of their appointment. The Shareholders' Meeting shall determine the overall remuneration due to the Directors, including those with special offices. After consulting the Board of Statutory Auditors, the Board of Directors shall distribute the overall remuneration determined by the Shareholders' Meeting among its members. The Directors are entitled to be reimbursed for expenses incurred while carrying out their functions".*

The Articles of Association do not provide for the possibility for the outgoing board of directors to present a list for the appointment of the administrative body.

The Shareholders' Meeting of 22 April 2021 approved the change to the Articles of Association aimed at adopting a more generic text relating to the inclusion of the regulation on gender quotas

in management and supervisory bodies also for the purposes of updating to the new criteria on gender division introduced pursuant to Law no. 160 of 27 December 2019 ("Budget Law 2020"). With Resolution no. 155 adopted on 27 January 2026, Consob established, without prejudice to any lower share provided for in the Articles of Association, the shareholding required for the submission of lists of candidates for the election of the administration and control bodies for the period ended 31 December 2025. In particular, the shareholding set for Geox is the following:

CRITERIA FOR THE DETERMINATION OF THE SHAREHOLDING			SHAREHOLDING
CATEGORY OF CAPITALISATION	FLOATING STAKE > 25%	MAJORITY STAKE < 50%	
< = Euro 375 million	Yes	No	2.5%

As for the information relating to the role of the Board of Directors and its sub-Committees in the processes of self-assessment, appointment and succession of directors, reference should be made to section 7.

#### 4.3 COMPOSITION (PURSUANT TO ART. 123-BIS, PAR. 2, LETTER D) AND D-BIS), FCA)

The Board of Directors consists of executive and non-executive directors, all with the professional standing and skills suitable for the tasks assigned to them. The number and skills of the non-executive directors are such as to guarantee them a significant weight in taking Board decisions and to guarantee effective monitoring of operations. A significant percentage of the non-executive directors are independent.

Art. 16 of the Articles of Association envisages that the Company is managed by a Board of Directors (hereafter the "**Board of Directors**" or "**Board**") consisting of a minimum of five to a maximum of eleven Directors, who can be re-elected, in compliance with the gender balance requirement provided for by the applicable legal and regulatory provisions.

The Shareholders' Meeting of 17 April 2025 set the number of the members of the Board of Directors at 9, and they will serve until the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the financial statements as at 31 December 2027. The nine members of the Board of Directors were appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting of 17 April 2025 on the basis of the list submitted by the majority shareholder Lir S.r.l. – accounting for 71.1004% of the subscribed and paid-up share

capital – which was approved by a majority vote of the Shareholders' Meeting, with votes in favour representing 99.998151% of the voting capital. No other lists were submitted.

It emerges that the structure of the Board of Directors in office as at 31 December 2025, and of the Committees, is as illustrated in Table 2 attached.

Please note that, on 23 July 2025, the Company reached an agreement with Mr. Enrico Mistrion for the consensual termination of his directorship with effect from 23 July 2025. On the same date, the Board of Directors resolved to co-opt Mr. Francesco Di Giovanni as Director, to vest him with the role and powers of Chief Executive Officer and to appoint him as a member of the Executive Committee, until the next Shareholders' Meeting scheduled for 22 April 2026.

The personal and professional qualities of the individual Directors are included in their *curricula* published on the Company's website [www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz) in the Governance - corporate bodies section.

For information regarding the composition and diversity of the Board of Directors, please refer to the section "*GOV-I: The role of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies*" of the Sustainability Report.

For information regarding the Board of Directors' expertise and skills on sustainability issues or access to such expertise and skills, please refer to the section "*GOV-I: The role of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies*" of the Sustainability Report.

For information on how the Board of Directors determines whether adequate skills and expertise to control sustainability issues are available or will be developed, please refer to the section "*GOV-I: The role of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies*" of the Sustainability Report.

## **Diversity criteria and policies in the composition of the Board and in the corporate organization**

The Company has applied diversity and gender criteria in the composition of the Board of Directors, while respecting the priority goal of guaranteeing adequate know-how and professional standing among its members. The Company has applied these criteria by adopting a Diversity Policy as described in detail hereafter.

On 8 November 2017, the Board of Directors adopted the “**Diversity Policy**” for the composition of the administration, management and audit bodies which seeks to guarantee the sound functioning of the corporate bodies, regulating their composition and envisaging that the members of the same possess the personal and professional requirements which determine its highest level of diversity and competence. The Diversity Policy promotes corporate social responsibility as inclusion, integration and non-discrimination, aimed at enhancing diversity, help to remove the economic and social obstacles which limit the individual’s freedoms in application of the principle of substantial equality and in respect of individual dignity.

Diversity is seen as a strength since it enables the formation of a management body and a supervisory body in which there are different values, viewpoints, skills and ideas, such as to facilitate and enrich debate and mitigate the risk of homogenous collective thinking. The diversity criteria considered by Geox for the purposes of forming the Board of Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors regard, besides the personal requirements:

- gender diversity, understood as balanced gender representation;
- professional diversity, understood as the diversified contribution of different professional profiles, which guarantees financial know-how regarding important sectors for the Company, international experience, leadership, risk management, planning and realization of corporate strategies;
- geographical diversity, understood as the different provenance of the members of the Board of Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors, which enables better understanding of the specific nature of the different markets where the Group operates.

The diversity policy concerning the composition of the administrative, management and control bodies does not, however, include age and disability among the relevant profiles; these are nonetheless duly acknowledged in the Company's Code of Ethics, which establishes that “*Geox rejects all forms of violence and discrimination, especially regarding gender, disability, health, sexual orientation, age, political opinions, religion, race, ethnicity, and social and cultural conditions*”.

Geox guarantees, through the Appointment and Remuneration Committee, respect of said Policy. In particular, this committee has the task of:

- assessing annually the activities undertaken by the Board of Directors to identify the needs to balance responsibilities and to protect and enhance diversity;
- raising the weaknesses that emerged following the assessments as set out in the previous point;

- express an opinion on candidates to be director, specifying if the lists conform to the recommendations as set out in the previous point.

The selection of the candidates took place taking account of the personal requirements, gender, professional and geographical diversity.

Respect of the gender criteria is also included in the Articles of Association at art. 17 regarding the appointment of directors, as set out in the previous paragraph.

The Company on 31 July 2018 completed the update of the Corporate Governance Code, promoting the principles proposed on diversity. Subsequently, the Company implemented the Corporate Governance Code on 25 February 2021.

At the date of this Report, women constitute the least represented gender. The percentage of the least represented gender on the Board of Directors, consisting of nine members, was 44% of the total number of directors.

Budget Law 2020, modifying art. 147-ter, par. 1-ter, of the FCA, increased the percentage reserved for the least represented gender from “one-third” to at least “two-fifths” of the elected directors. This new criterion must be applied for six consecutive mandates starting from the first renewal of the administrative bodies following the coming into force of this law which occurred on 1 January 2020. As at the date of this Report, the Company is in compliance with the new gender criterion introduced by the Budget Law 2020.

The Shareholders’ Meeting of 22 April 2021 approved a change to the Articles of Association aimed at adopting a more generic text in relation to the inclusion of the regulation on gender quotas in management and supervisory bodies also for the purposes of updating to the new criteria on gender balance introduced pursuant to Budget Law 2020.

The current composition of employees within the company organization, as indicated also in the Sustainability Report, complies with gender diversity principles (72% women and 28% men). The above data relates to staff divided by gender and refers to all employees of the Geox Group, net of the employees in North America, for whom data in accordance with these classifications is not available, as envisaged by local practice.

The Company has adapted to the Corporate Governance Code and formalized a number of measures to promote equal treatment and opportunities between the sexes within the whole company organization. On 23 February 2022, the Board of Directors approved the adoption of a policy – most recently updated on 13 May 2025 – to promote equal treatment and opportunities between genders across the Company; it also monitors its correct implementation. In particular, the Company sets the goal of facilitating and encouraging an inclusive culture to

valorise unique characteristics regardless of gender, geographic, cultural or social origin, religion, sexual orientation and skin colour, in order to enable all staff to best express their potential and feel valorised as people and as professionals in an environment which favours equal opportunities in treatment. The definition of the policy involved the company workforce, the Human Resources and Organization Department, Corporate Services, the Chief Executive Officer and the Board of Directors. To this end, the Company has adopted a plan of specific actions which impact on the development and management of staff: Development plans, a policy of meritocracy, Training and Wellbeing and development of the work environment. The Company also uses a system to appraise skills, know-how, performance and behaviour (Performance and Behaviour Appraisal) based on the classification of organizational roles, which makes it possible to assess the company workforce each year, identify key people and verify key roles coverage. The identification of needs will enable equitable access to development opportunities in terms of growth, training and bonus programs. In particular, access to training is guaranteed to the whole company workforce through a digital platform (“My Training Card”) with training programs that are tailored for each employee and linked to the process of Performance and Behaviour Appraisal. In order to monitor the application of the policy, Geox will use market benchmarks as well as being able to use external companies with a focus on diversity.

It should be noted that Geox obtained UNI PdR 125:2022 Gender Equality Certification in 2024 and renewed it in 2025.

For information regarding the diversity of the members of the Board of Directors, please refer to the section “GOV-1: The role of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies” of the Sustainability Report.

With regard to the following information: (a) whether the Company has specific policies aimed at eliminating discrimination, including harassment, and promoting equal opportunities and other solutions to support diversity and inclusion; (b) whether race and ethnic origin, skin colour, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, age, religion, political opinions, national extraction or social background, as well as any other form of discrimination contemplated in EU and national law are specifically contemplated in the policy; (c) whether the Company has made specific policy commitments relating to inclusion and/or affirmative action for persons belonging to groups particularly at risk of vulnerability in its own workforce and, in that case, what these commitments are; and (d) whether and how these policies are implemented through specific

procedures to ensure that discrimination is avoided, mitigated and addressed once detected, as well as to support diversity and inclusion in general, please refer to the section “ESRS S1-I: Policies related to own workforce” of the Sustainability Report.

## **Maximum limit on offices held in other companies**

The list of offices held by Company’s Directors in other companies listed on regulated markets (in Italy and/or abroad), in financial, banking and insurance companies or large corporations is attached to this Report.

By means of resolution dated 22 January 2007, the Board of Directors established to set at ten the maximum number of appointments as director or statutory auditor that can be held by each Geox’s Director in other companies listed on regulated markets (in Italy and/or abroad), in financial, banking or insurance companies or large corporations. This provision has also been included in art. 17 of the Articles of Association.

The current composition of the Board of Directors is in line with this general approach.

## **4.4 OPERATION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (PURSUANT TO ART. 123-BIS, PARAGRAPH 2, LETTER D), FCA)**

On 25 February 2021, the Board of Directors - as part of the updating of corporate governance to the Corporate Governance Code – adopted a Regulation for works which defines its operation also in order to guarantee effective management of information by the Board (the “**Regulation of the Board of Directors**”), subsequently updated on 27 July 2023.

The Regulation of the Board of Directors defines the operating rules for the body itself, including the means of minuting meetings and the procedures for managing information to directors. These procedures identify the deadlines for the pre-sending of information and the means of safeguarding the confidentiality of the data and the information provided so as not to prejudice the timeliness and completeness of information flows.

In addition, the Regulation of the Board of Directors defines the means of appointment, the composition of the Board of Directors, the means of minuting Board meetings, the management

of information flows to directors as well as the role of the people involved in the works of the Board.

In particular, with reference to the means of minuting meetings, the Regulation envisages that the discussions and deliberations of the Board of Directors are included in the minutes which are prepared in Italian and signed by whoever chaired the meeting and by the Secretary (or in the absence of the latter, by another person called on at the start of the meeting by the Chairman to act as secretary). In the cases envisaged by the applicable law, the minutes are prepared and signed by a notary. The minutes of meetings set out the process of reaching decisions and the reasons underpinning them, including the contributions of the individual directors and their votes (indication of votes in favour, against and abstained for each resolution, as well as the reasons for votes against and abstentions where provided).

The minutes are – normally – drafted and signed following the end of the meeting, also starting from the guidelines circulated by the Secretary; the directors and auditors can make any observations they have and ask for their contributions to be minuted at and during the Board meeting. Subject to the agreement of the Chairman of the meeting – who must be mentioned in the minutes - the Secretary can arrange to record audio and video of meetings in order to facilitate minuting. The recording is kept at the registered office by the Secretary and must be destroyed by the latter following the transcribing of the minutes into the corporate books and the Secretary signing them, or, while maintaining in any case the confidentiality of the recording, within 12 months following the date of the meeting of the Board of Directors.

The minutes are collected in the specific book of the meetings and resolutions of the Board of Directors which is kept by the Secretary at the registered office. The supporting documentation distributed to the directors is kept by the Secretary in the records of the Board of Directors at the registered office, as are all the attachments to the resolutions which do not need, for specific reasons (e.g. deposits), to be written down.

In order to guarantee that the information of each of the directors is effective and timely, as well for the organization and documentation of the meetings, the Chairman calls on the services of the Secretary.

For every item included in the agenda, guidelines are prepared summarizing the issues and a proposed resolution together with the preparatory supporting documentation, in order to allow the directors and auditors to take knowledgeable part in the meetings and to be able to take informed decisions in compliance with art. 2381, paragraph 6, of the Italian Civil Code and in line with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code.

The Chairman, with the help of the Secretary, ensures that the preparatory documentation relating to the items on the agenda is made known to the directors and auditors well ahead of the date of the Board meeting. The supporting preparatory documentation is made available well in advance of the board meeting and, in any case - normally - within 3 days ahead of the date envisaged for the meeting, without prejudice to urgently called meetings, for which the documentation is made available as soon as possible and in any case by the date of the meeting. Should it not be possible to provide the necessary information in good time, the Chairman, with the help of the Secretary, makes sure adequate and timely analyses are provided during the Board meeting or in pre-board meetings. In any case there is no prejudice to the deadlines (where longer) for informing directors as envisaged by the regulations that may be adopted by the Company on transactions with related parties.

The supporting documentation is, as a rule, made available by granting directors and standing statutory auditors access to a virtual data room reserved for their exclusive use (i.e. Dilitrust Exec. or another dedicated application selected by the Company with the support of the Secretary), or – where the Chairman, in agreement with the Chief Executive Officer and the Secretary, deems it appropriate on duly justified grounds – by email or in hard copy.

Without prejudice to the foregoing, where the Chairman – also on the proposal of the Chief Executive Officer – considers it appropriate for proven needs to safeguard the confidentiality of the contents of documents and/or the related resolution, the informative documentation made available to the directors and standing auditors may be subject to restrictions regarding the possibility of reproducing the same on paper and be protected by specific access passwords. In the latter case, each director and standing auditor must be guaranteed access to the copy of the informative documentation which must be made available at the registered office or at the place where the meeting will take place, by the Secretary, before the meeting, in the time that is allowed by the circumstances.

Should the documentation made available be voluminous or complex, it may be accompanied as arranged by the Secretary – at the Chairman's request – by a document which summarizes the most significant and relevant points for the purposes of the decisions on the agenda, without prejudice to the fact that this document cannot be considered in any way as a replacement for the complete documentation transmitted to the members of the Board of Directors.

The supporting documentation can also be accompanied, as arranged by the competent divisions, by informational/decision-making sheets which bring together the main elements for assessment

which each member of the Board of Directors needs to acquire the due knowledge for the purposes of the related resolution.

The Company staff supporting the Chairman and the Secretary in preparing the documentation for the meetings of the Board of Directors are bound by the same rules of confidentiality as the members of the Board of Directors, without prejudice to the further obligations of confidentiality to which they are subject under the law and under their existing contractual relationship with the Company.

During 2025, the Company complied with the provisions of the Regulation of the Board of Directors. In the year, the directors were provided with adequate information regarding the Board in good time, in compliance with the aforementioned Regulation. During the reporting period, the participation of the heads of the relevant corporate functions in Board and Committee meetings was also verified, according to the items on the agenda of the respective meetings, in order to provide the appropriate analyses of the topics under discussion. For example, the following persons participated in the work of the Board of Directors on several occasions: for administration and finance issues, the Chief Financial Officer and the Manager in charge of corporate financial reporting as well as the Group Accounting & Credit Manager; for matters concerning remuneration and company organization, the Director of Human Resources, Organization and Corporate Services; for matters of a legal and corporate nature and for compliance, the General Counsel; for in-depth analyses on sustainability and the risk management and internal audit system, the Head of the Internal Audit Department.

During the reporting period, the Board of Directors mainly carried out the following activities, among other things: (i) reviewing and approving the Group's annual and half-yearly financial reports and periodic disclosures and sustainability reports; (ii) reviewing and approving the 2025 and 2026 budgets; (iii) reviewing the reports of the Head of the Internal Audit Department, the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, the Appointment and Remuneration Committee, the SB and the DPO; (iv) reviewing the Internal Audit Plan; (v) updating the ERM framework; (vi) appointing a Steering Committee and monitoring the renewal process for UNI/PdR 125:2022 gender equality certification; (vii) approving the Remuneration Policy and reviewing the allocation of the variable component of remuneration to the CEO and strategic executives, assessing the proposal regarding the new Equity (Stock Grant) & Cash-Based 2025-2027 LTI plan; (viii) self-assessment by the Board of Directors pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code; (ix) approving related-party transactions; (x) managing updates in relation to the financial package

approved by the Board of Directors on 19 December 2024 in support of the new 2025-2029 business plan; (xi) resolving on the proposal and implementation of the 2025 Capital Increase and, in particular, of the Pre-emptive Capital Increase and the Warrant Capital Increase; (xii) resolving on the proposal for further amendments to the Articles of Association with regard to the elimination of the par value of shares and the procedures for holding Shareholders' Meetings; (xiii) resolving on the co-optation of a new director and the related remuneration package; (xiv) resolving on and implementing an organisational restructuring and downsizing plan; (xv) sharing the double materiality analysis process (Italian Legislative Decree no. 125 of 6 September 2024, implementing Directive (EU) 2022/2464 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2022); resolutions on the ISO 37001 certification.

The Directors ensured adequate time to diligently fulfil the tasks assigned to the Board.

The average duration of Board of Directors' meetings held during the reporting period was approximately 2 hours.

The table below indicates the number of meetings held during the year to 31 December 2025 by the Board of Directors, the Executive Committee, the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee and the Appointment and Remuneration Committee. A similar or slightly lower number of meetings is expected to be held this year.

The meetings were held electronically on certain occasions, with the possibility of attending each meeting remotely, where necessary.

As at the date of this Report, 2 meetings have already been held by the Board of Directors in 2026.

	<b>Percentage of participation in all meetings of the Board of Directors</b>
<b>Mario Moretti Polegato</b>	100%
<b>Francesco Di Giovanni</b>	100%
<b>Enrico Moretti Polegato</b>	100%
<b>Ubaldo Livolsi</b>	100%

<b>Gaudiana Giusti</b>	100%
<b>Alessandro Antonio Giusti</b>	100%
<b>Claudia Baggio</b>	100%
<b>Silvia Zamperoni</b>	100%
<b>Clelia Leonello</b>	100%

Directors who have left during the reporting period:

	<b>Percentage of participation in all meetings of the Board of Directors</b>
<b>Enrico Mistrion</b>	100%
<b>Francesca Meneghel</b>	100%
<b>Lara Livolsi</b>	100%
<b>Silvia Rachela</b>	100%

	<b>Number of Meetings</b>
<b>Board of Directors</b>	13
<b>Executive Committee</b>	10
<b>Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee</b>	11
<b>Appointment and Remuneration Committee</b>	8

## 4.5 ROLE OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Chairman liaises between executive and non-executive directors and ensures the effective operation of the works of the Board with the support of the Secretary. In this regard, the Chairman promotes learning opportunities for both executive and non-executive directors, so that they have adequate knowledge of the sector in which the Company operates, the corporate performance and trend, the principles of correct risk management as well as the relevant legal and self-regulatory framework. In addition, with the support of the Secretary, the Chairman ensures that there are opportunities for debate and an exchange of information among the two groups, also during Board meetings.

During 2025, following their appointment, the new members of the management and supervisory bodies were invited to attend a specific induction session introducing them to the business sector in which the Company operates, including a visit to the Company's registered and operational headquarters in Montebelluna.

During the reporting period 6 induction meetings were held for the management and supervisory bodies, some of which were preliminary to specific topics on the agenda of the Board of Directors' meetings, which were also actively attended by some Company managers in order to inform the members of the Board of Directors on the progress of specific strategic activities, such as the Business Plan, the 2025 Capital Increase and sustainability topics. With reference to product updating initiatives and for constant information alignment purposes, all members of the management and supervisory bodies are regularly invited to participate in events for presenting the collections to the press every six months.

During the reporting period the Chairman, in compliance with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code, ensured, with the help of the Secretary, that:

- (a) the pre-Board meeting information and the complementary information provided during meetings can enable directors to fulfil their role knowledgably;
- (b) the work of the Board's sub-Committees which have functions covering preliminary analysis, making proposals and providing consultancy services is coordinated with the work of the Board;
- (c) in agreement with the Chief Executive Officer, the executives of the company and those of Group companies under the control of the Company, managers of the competent departments depending on the issue, or consultants of proven experience and unquestioned professional competence, take part in Board meetings, also on the request

of individual directors, to provide the necessary analyses or clarification on the items on the agenda;

- (d) all the members of the management and audit bodies can take part, following their appointment and during their mandate, in initiatives aimed at providing them with adequate knowledge of the business sectors in which the Company operates, corporate performance and trend, also with a view to the Company's sustainable success, as well as the principles of correct risk management and the relevant legal and self-regulatory framework; and
- (e) with the support of the Appointment and Remuneration Committee, the Board's self-assessment process is adequate and transparent.

In reference to the activity as set out at point (a), the Chairman of the Board of Directors, with the support of the Secretary, prepares guidelines summarizing the issues and a proposed resolution together with preparatory supporting documentation. The supporting preparatory documentation is made available well in advance of the board meeting and, in any case – normally – within 3 days ahead of the date envisaged for the meeting, without prejudice to urgently called meetings, usually through a *virtual data room* reserved for the directors and specially created to support the board's work, or, where the Chairman, in agreement with the Chief Executive Officer and the Secretary, deems it appropriate due to demonstrated needs - by e-mail or by hard copy. With reference to point (b), during each meeting the Chair of each Committee reported to the Board of Directors on the activities undertaken in order to coordinate the works. In relation to point (c), the executives of the Company and those of the Group companies which are under the control of the Company, managers of the competent departments depending on the issue, or consultants of proven experience and unquestioned professional competence are invited, when necessary, to take part in the meetings of the Board of Directors in order to analyse particular points on the agenda. The invitation is sent by the Chairman, in agreement with the Chief Executive Officer, in good time for the meeting so as to enable their effective participation.

As for point (d), the Company has included in the Board of Directors' Regulations board induction sessions to provide information for directors and auditors. These sessions make it possible to offer periodic information on the main legislative and regulatory changes regarding the Company and the corporate bodies, including analysis of particular issues of specific importance, by collecting corporate documents that can help them carry out their mandate. Information sessions are also envisaged regarding issues relating to the business areas of the Company and of the Group. In relation to point (e), the Chairman ensured the adequacy and

transparency of the self-assessment process of the Board of Directors with the support of the Secretary, in accordance with the guidelines envisaged in the Regulation on the self-assessment process and setting out their outcomes to the Board.

For information on the Board of Directors' expertise and skills regarding sustainability issues, or access to such expertise and skills, please refer to the section “GOV-1: The role of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies” of the Sustainability Report.

For information on how the Board of Directors determines whether adequate skills and expertise to control sustainability issues are available or will be developed, please refer to the section “GOV-1: The role of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies” of the Sustainability Report.

## **Secretary of the Board**

In compliance with the provisions of art. 18 of the Articles of Association, on the proposal of the Chairman, the Board of Directors appoints a Secretary – including from outside the members of the Board of Directors – who is entrusted with organizing and secretariat tasks regarding meetings of the Board of Directors as well as with minuting the meetings, with the technical means and support considered most appropriate. In compliance with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code, the Secretary provides essential support to the work of the Chairman, as well as – impartially – constant assistance and consultancy to the Board of Directors on all important aspects for the correct operation of the corporate governance system, also in reference to significant legal changes that may occur.

The Secretary is appointed from among people with a master's degree (or equivalent) and proven experience in the corporate affairs of limited companies. Should the Secretary be absent, the Chairman, or their substitute, appoints the replacement for the Secretary from among the directors who have the aforementioned prerequisites.

On 17 April 2025, the Board of Directors reappointed Pierluigi Ferro as Secretary of the Board of Directors. The Secretary has impartially provided assistance and consultancy to the Board of Directors on all relevant aspects for the correct operation of the corporate governance system. In addition, the Secretary has organized meetings of the Board and carried out secretariat tasks, including minuting the meetings, with the technical means and support that are considered most appropriate. Finally, in compliance with the Corporate Governance Code, the Secretary has

supported the Chairman in coordinating the works of the Board, including the preparation of the pre-Board meeting documentation.

## 4.6 EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

### Chief Executive Officer

Within the limits of the law and the Articles of Association, in compliance with the powers of the Shareholders' Meeting, the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee and the limits specifically indicated in relation to each power, the Board of Directors granted the Chief Executive Officer the powers of ordinary and extraordinary business illustrated below.

In regard to the statutory limitations on the powers of delegation, it is noted that pursuant to art. 18 of the Articles of Association, the Board of Directors has exclusive competence with regard to the decisions concerning disposal, for any purpose and of any nature, of trademarks, patents and other intellectual property rights belonging to the Company.

The Chief Executive Officer's role is defined in the Corporate Governance Code, and is considered as the person in charge of the managing the company pursuant to Recommendation 4.

On 23 July 2025, following the consensual termination of the employment relationship and directorship of Mr. Enrico Mistrion, the Board of Directors resolved to co-opt Mr. Francesco Di Giovanni, vest him with the powers of Chief Executive Officer and appoint him as a member of the Executive Committee.

Subsequently, on 11 March 2026, the Board of Directors resolved to submit to the next Shareholders' Meeting of 22 April 2026 the proposal to confirm, pursuant to art. 2386 of the Italian Civil Code, the appointment of Mr. Francesco Di Giovanni as director until the end of the term of office of the current Board, that is, until the date of approval of the financial statements as at 31 December 2027.

The powers assigned to the Chief Executive Officer, Francesco Di Giovanni, are indicated below.

### **STRATEGIC GUIDELINES:**

The Chief Executive Officer is the person who has the main responsibility for the management of the Company and, in this capacity, he is also responsible for preparing, formalizing, explaining the proposals which refer to the strategy and organization of the Company and the Group that shall be submitted to the competent bodies for approval, as well as for preparing documents relating to matters reserved by law and the Articles of Association to the Chairman and the Board of Directors and those falling within the powers expressly assigned to the Executive

Committee. To this end, it regularly reports to the Executive Committee on the Company's operating performance.

Therefore, **Mr. Francesco Di Giovanni**, in his capacity as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, is hereby vested – within the limits of the law and the Articles of Association and in compliance with the powers of the Shareholders' Meeting, the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee, in relation to the budget and any forecasts approved and within the limits specifically set in relation to each assigned duty – with the following powers of ordinary and extraordinary management:

## **GENERAL SERVICES AND BUSINESS ACTIVITIES:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

1. act with full decision-making powers and under his own responsibility, oversee the production, technological, commercial and technical-plant sectors, coordinate any aspect of the manufacturing activities of the Company, within the limits of the pre-established production and budget plans; authorize the implementation of all safety measures that are required by the law with regard to safety and accident prevention, precautions, fire prevention also in the capacity of 'employer' of the Company as defined by art. 2, paragraph 1, letter b) of Italian Legislative Decree No. 81 of 9 April 2008, to whom to entrust the timely execution of the provisions of the Decree;
2. ensure, also by means of on-going maintenance, repairs and replacements, that the Company's plants are fully compliant with the provisions directed at containing emissions or inflows of fumes, gas, powders, vapours, liquid and solid residues within the limits prescribed by Italian legislation, so that it does not contribute to polluting the atmosphere, the ground, the waterways and does not exceed the limit of normal tolerability for those nearby;

## **PURCHASE OF GOODS AND SERVICES:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

3. undertake commitments on subjects relating to corporate activities, in particular enter into contracts with suppliers of products, raw materials and processing services, signing the relevant deeds and also granting payment extensions and discounts, agreeing on prices and payment terms and conditions provided that, as far as contracts with suppliers are concerned, the total amount does not exceed Euro 500,000 (five hundred thousand) per individual contract; as far as the purchase of finished products is concerned, the aforementioned limit is extended to the seasonal procurement plan submitted to the Executive Committee;
4. enter into contracts for the purchase of machinery, equipment, motor vehicles and other movable assets, even recorded in Public Registers, signing the relevant deeds, agreeing on the relevant prices and payment terms and conditions, granting payment term extensions and discounts, provided that the total amount does not exceed Euro 500,000 (five hundred thousand) per individual contract;

5. purchase services of any type which are required for carrying out corporate operations, with the express power to conclude the relevant contracts and/or the contracts for works or services and/or consulting of any type, agree on prices and payment terms and conditions, provided that the total amount does not exceed Euro 250,000 (two hundred fifty thousand) per individual contract, without prejudice to the fact that consultancy agreements whose duration exceeds 24 (twenty four) months and the overall evaluation of proposals for insurance coverage are under the sole responsibility of the Executive Committee; contracts with public entities are expressly excluded from this point;
6. conclude lease agreements, gratuitous loan agreements (“*comodato*”), rental agreements and financial lease agreements regarding movable properties necessary for the performance of corporate activities, provided that the overall value does not exceed Euro 500,000 (five hundred thousand) per agreement, it being understood that the agreements regarding the lease of business units are expressly excluded from this point;

## **RETAIL AND WHOLESALE:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

7. sell and export the products of the Company and of its group, ensuring the correct management of the receivables due from all the customers of the Company and of the group;
8. sell and export the Company's stock;
9. prepare price lists for the sale of products offered to customers, grant payment extensions, discounts and allowances to customers, accept returns of products and settle claims and disputes with customers;
10. oversee the activities connected to retail sales, also on-line, of the Company and the group, including through the execution, amendment and termination of agreements and contracts including (but not limited to) property leasing and renting contracts, commercial associations and/or collaborations, contracts for works or services, purchase and sale agreements, procurement, consultancy and any other agreement that is useful for or functional to the equipment, restructuring, maintenance, operation and implementation of the production capacities of shops and their warehouses, provided that the total amount does not exceed Euro 500,000 (five hundred thousand) per individual contract; the aforementioned limit shall not apply in cases where such powers are exercised by virtue of a resolution of the Company's Executive Committee, as referred to in the following paragraph;  
  
commercial leases and business unit rental agreements are expressly excluded from this point, as are evaluations regarding the opening or closing of stores and the related investment by the Company, which are the responsibility of the Executive Committee;
11. oversee the activities connected to the wholesale of the Company and the group, including through the execution, amendment and termination of agreements and contracts including (but not limited to) contracts, including exclusive contracts, concerning agency, representation, intermediation and new business agreements and contracts for the sale

of the Company's products including through Corners, Shops-in shop and Concessions, provided that the value and/or total expense involved (even when the contracts cover several years) does not exceed a total amount of Euro 250,0000 per individual contract, when the nature of the contract allows for such a quantification. It being understood that, in compliance with the powers of the Board of Directors, licensing and distribution agreements remain under the sole responsibility of the Executive Committee;

## **HUMAN RESOURCES:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

12. execute, amend and terminate individual employment contracts of middle-managers, white collars, technicians, workers, by complying with any requirement in relation to hiring, promotion, termination, disciplinary measures, determination of duties and remuneration, transfers and secondments to other companies belonging to the group, including by appointment of special attorneys-in-fact to represent the company in disputes and in the case of the interrogation pursuant to art. 420 of the Italian Code of Civil Procedure with the power to conciliate and settle disputes;
13. as regards executives: carry out all actions relating to the determination of the duties and the remuneration, transfers and secondments to other group companies, except for the individuals concerned by a direct hierarchical relation and without prejudice to individuals who directly report to the Board of Directors in accordance with the Corporate Governance Code;
14. perform any act and fulfil any task in the field of social welfare, seeing to relations with all the social security welfare and insurance institutes, seeing to the matters required by current provisions regarding labour matters, especially with regard to insurance, contributions, indemnities and taxes;
15. deal with any authority, body, agency regarding labour issues, with trade unions and employers' associations, as well as with employment bureaus and conciliation and arbitration boards, with the power to settle disputes, carry out any other act and accomplish any other task concerning labour issues, considered as appropriate in the Company's interests.

## **CREATIVE AND STYLISTIC DIRECTION:**

16. oversee and coordinate the stylistic structures of the Company and of its Group, as well as all other activities relating to the study, design and technical and stylistic development of the products of the Company and of the group, including through, and with the right to sub-delegate, the execution, amendment and termination of agreements and contracts including (but not limited to) contracts for works or services, procurement, consultancy contracts (including consultancy contracts with stylists and designers) merchandising, co-branding, contracts for the purchase and concession of rights to use and exploit images and artistic works, provided that the total amount does not exceed Euro 250,000 (two hundred fifty thousand) per individual contract, without prejudice to the fact that

consultancy agreements whose duration exceeds 24 (twenty four) months are under the sole responsibility of the Executive Committee.

## **PROMOTIONAL AND MARKETING ACTIVITIES, EVENTS AND COMMUNICATION:**

17. oversee the general marketing, promotional, advertising and communication activities of the Company and of its group, including through, and with the right to sub-delegate, the execution, amendment and termination of agreements and contracts including (but not limited to), contracts for works or services, procurement, consultancy, sponsoring, purchase and sale, merchandising, co-branding contracts, contracts for the purchase and licensing of rights to use and exploit artistic and photographic images and works, rents, leases and other contracts the purpose of which is the production and organization of events, provided that the total amount does not exceed Euro 250,000 (two hundred fifty thousand) per individual contract, without prejudice to the fact that consultancy agreements whose duration exceeds 24 (twenty four) months are under the sole responsibility of the Executive Committee;
18. oversee the communication and public relations of the Company and the group, including the relations with the media, including press and digital media operators, also with the power to sub-delegate, by executing contracts for work or services, procurement, and consultancy contracts including (but not limited to) contracts for the purchase of pages and advertising space in newspapers and magazines, contracts for the purchase of services and web pages and social media and other on-line services, contracts for collaboration featuring personalities, VIPs and celebrities, provided that the total amount does not exceed Euro 250,000 (two hundred fifty thousand) per individual contract, without prejudice to the fact that consultancy agreements whose duration exceeds 24 (twenty four) months are under the sole responsibility of the Executive Committee.

## **RELATIONS WITH BANKS:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

19. execute all necessary transactions to correctly manage the financial relations with companies belonging to the Geox group, including collection and payment transactions, in any way and form, as well as financing of Geox group companies; all this within the limit of euro 20,000,000.00 (twenty million.00) per individual transaction by individual signature;
20. request the opening and closing of current accounts;
21. finalize the opening of credit facilities, enter into and terminate bank advances and bank contracts in general;
22. enter into, negotiate, amend and terminate short-term loan contracts with duration of less than 18 months up to euro 20,000,000.00 (twenty million.00);
23. demand and collect, for any reason, also through endorsement, any sums, receivables, payment orders, guarantee deposits both from the issuer, Cassa Depositi e Prestiti,

Treasuries, Railway, Postal and Telegraph offices, and from any public and private office and any party in Italy or abroad, by issuing receipts and discharges;

24. make deposits to current accounts, endorse for discount and collection bank cheques, promissory notes, certificates of credit (*fedi di credito*), bills of exchange and postal orders, to be paid at credit agencies, post and telegraph offices, and in general with any individual or corporate entity, endorse payment orders, including mandates concerning Treasury offices of State, Regional, Provincial and Municipal authorities and any State Banking Institution, endorse bankers' drafts, always issuing the relevant receipts;
25. make bank deposits, by managing the relevant payments;
26. make inter-bank transfers within the limit of euro 20,000,000.00 (twenty million);
27. make withdrawals and payments in any technical form, including in a foreign currency, in relation to the Company's commitments, including with bank cheques and banker's drafts, using the cash and cash equivalents and the credit lines that have been granted:
  - a. up to the amount of euro 3,000,000.00 (three million) per individual transaction, by individual signature; it is hereby specified that this limit of euro 3,000,000.00 (three million) does not apply in the case of payment of taxes, duties and social security contributions owed by the Company pursuant to current regulations;
  - b. in excess of the above amount and up to a maximum of euro 20,000,000.00 (twenty million) per individual transaction, signed jointly with the Head of Legal and Corporate Affairs, or with the Group's Treasury Manager;

It is hereby specified that, insofar as withdrawals are concerned, the aforementioned limit is euro 10,000 (ten thousand), unless otherwise specified by the law;

28. open and/or pay letters of credit:
  - a. up to the amount of euro 3,000,000.00 (three million) per individual transaction, by individual signature;
  - b. in excess of the above amount and up to a maximum of euro 20,000,000.00 (twenty million) per individual transaction, signed jointly with the Head of Legal and Corporate Affairs, or with the Group's Treasury Manager;
29. exclusively for the purpose of, and as long as it is necessary to perform transactions hedging against exchange rate and/or interest rate risks, purchase and sell and in general perform any transaction involving foreign currencies, as well as enter into and terminate contracts on interest and exchange rates pursuant to currency provisions currently in force and that may become effective in the future:
  - a) up to the amount of euro 10,000,000.00 (ten million) per individual transaction by individual signature;
  - b) up to a maximum of euro 20,000,000.00 (twenty million) per individual transaction signed jointly with the Head of Legal and Corporate Affairs, or with the Group's Treasury Manager;

## **TAX AND CUSTOMS ISSUES:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

30. draft and sign requests, declarations, certifications and communications pursuant to the laws pertaining to taxation, social security, welfare and labour issues;
31. authorize and pay taxes, duties and contributions, as well as sign the relevant statements, declarations and certifications required by the law;
32. carry out any act or formality that is required or useful for obtaining refunds of VAT and/or taxes in general in favour of the Company (and/or subsidiaries), also indirectly, including the request for any bank sureties or other guarantees in favour of the financial administration, up to a maximum amount of euro 1,500,000 (one million five hundred thousand) per individual transaction;
33. draft and sign requests, declarations, certifications and communications pursuant to the laws pertaining to customs and transactions within the EU, including those which are required for importing and exporting raw materials, finished and semi-finished products;
34. deal with the postal authorities and with railway, maritime, air and land-based transport companies, with the power to draw up any document and application, receive registered and insured letters, envelopes and letters of any other kind, collect reimbursements and sums of any kind, issuing receipt.

## **INSURANCE:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

35. enter into, amend and terminate insurance contracts, either directly with insurance companies and/or through insurance brokers, up to euro 100,000 (one hundred thousand) per individual transaction;
36. collect indemnification and compensation amounts from the insurance companies on behalf of the Company, by issuing the relevant receipts;

## **CREDIT MANAGEMENT:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

37. oversee that the Company's receivables are managed correctly, including by (for example, but not limited to) sending warnings, settling pending and/or potential disputes through compromise settlements, mediation and conciliation procedures up to a maximum amount of euro 1,000,000.00 (one million) per individual transaction;
38. agree on plans for the recovery of receivables and grant payment term extensions;
39. raise protests and serve injunctions, see to preventive and executive measures, if necessary, see to the revocation of the same, intervene in bankruptcy proceedings, agreements with creditors, receivership and further the declaration thereof, make and accept effective offers;

40. lodge claims in bankruptcy proceedings and make claims, represent the company in bankruptcy proceedings (including receiverships and arrangements with creditors);

**GUARANTEES:**

41. issue guarantees up to a maximum overall amount of euro 250,000 (two hundred and fifty thousand);
42. Apply for the issue of bank sureties in favour of third parties, within the limits of the credit lines granted by the banks, in the following ways:
- (a) with single signature for amounts of up to euro 500,000 per individual transaction;
  - (b) for amounts in excess of euro 500,000 and up to euro 1,500,000 per individual transaction, signed jointly with the Head of Legal and Corporate Affairs, or with the Group's Treasury Manager;

**OTHER:**

43. manage relations with any and all public and government body, in Italy or abroad, including, for example but not limited to, Chambers of Commerce, Registers of Commercial Concerns and public registers, by drafting any document, application, or receipt in the name of the Company;
44. represent the Company, as a plaintiff or as a defendant, before any Judicial Authority at any level or type of jurisdiction, for all types of litigation or proceedings of any kind, and also before the Tax Commissions at any level, with the power to appoint lawyers, *ad lites* and *ad negotia*, arbitrators, and experts, removing and/or replacing them, in Italy and abroad, with the power to elect domicile, settle disputes and in any event to manage them, and sign the necessary powers of attorney for such purposes;
45. sign the correspondence and documents in general;
46. Appoint the data processor pursuant to art. 29 of Italian Legislative Decree 196/2003, assigning the relative duties and providing the necessary spending powers up to a maximum amount of Euro 250,000.00 (two hundred and fifty thousand) per reporting period;
47. With the obligation to promptly report to the Executive Committee and with the power to sub-delegate, represent the Company in meetings and, in general, at decision-making levels that involve resolving or decision-making bodies of EU or non-EU subsidiaries or investee companies, with the right to intervene, vote, provide opinions or consent, appeals or claims, and in particular, within the context of these decisions, to appoint, revoke appointments, replace and/or add members of these companies' management and/or audit bodies, with the right to appoint himself as the sole director or a board member of these companies without this being understood as or implying a conflict of interest; to provide or sign, in the name and on behalf of the Company, however in the interest of said subsidiaries or investee companies, declarations, applications, requests and documents which are generally addressed to Public Administrations, Public Registries, Rolls, Archives or private entities providing public services, including in order to obtain

- registrations, permits, authorizations, clearance and other similar measures; provide a specimen signature as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company;
48. in relation to the issues listed in the previous points, and within the relevant limits, represent the Company in dealings with any third public and/or private party, in the name and on behalf of the Company, by signing any deed and/or document;
  49. appoint, within the powers indicated above, *ad acta* or general attorneys-in-fact, providing them with the related powers, and revoke said appointments;
  50. oversee the implementation and correct operation of corporate governance rules defined by the Board of Directors.

Until 23 July 2025, the powers conferred upon Chief Executive Officer Enrico Mistrion were as follows:

#### **STRATEGIC GUIDELINES:**

The Chief Executive Officer is the person who has the main responsibility for the management of the Company and, in this capacity, he is also responsible for preparing, formalizing, explaining the proposals which refer to the strategy and organization of the Company and the Group that shall be submitted to the competent bodies for approval, as well as for preparing documents relating to matters reserved by law and the Articles of Association to the Chairman and the Board of Directors and those falling within the powers expressly assigned to the Executive Committee. To this end, it regularly reports to the Executive Committee on the Company's operating performance.

Therefore, **Mr. Enrico Mistrion**, in his capacity as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, is hereby vested – within the limits of the law and the Articles of Association and in compliance with the powers of the Shareholders' Meeting, the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee, in relation to the budget and any forecasts approved and within the limits specifically set in relation to each assigned duty – with the following powers of ordinary and extraordinary management:

#### **GENERAL SERVICES AND BUSINESS ACTIVITIES:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

1. act with full decision-making powers and under his own responsibility, oversee the production, technological, commercial and technical-plant sectors, coordinate any aspect of the manufacturing activities of the Company, within the limits of the pre-established production and budget plans; authorize the implementation of all safety measures that are required by the law with regard to safety and accident prevention, precautions, fire prevention also in the capacity of 'employer' of the Company as defined by art. 2, paragraph 1, letter b) of Italian Legislative Decree No. 81 of 9 April 2008, to whom to entrust the timely execution of the provisions of the Decree;
2. ensure, also by means of on-going maintenance, repairs and replacements, that the Company's plants are fully compliant with the provisions directed at containing emissions or inflows of fumes, gas, powders, vapours, liquid and solid residues within the limits prescribed by Italian legislation, so that

it does not contribute to polluting the atmosphere, the ground, the waterways and does not exceed the limit of normal tolerability for those nearby;

## **PURCHASE OF GOODS AND SERVICES:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

3. undertake commitments on subjects relating to corporate activities, in particular enter into contracts with suppliers of products, raw materials and processing services, signing the relevant deeds and also granting payment extensions and discounts, agreeing on prices and payment terms and conditions provided that, as far as contracts with suppliers are concerned, the total amount does not exceed Euro 500,000 (five hundred thousand) per individual contract; as far as the purchase of finished products is concerned, the aforementioned limit is extended to the seasonal procurement plan submitted to the Executive Committee;
4. enter into contracts for the purchase of machinery, equipment, motor vehicles and other movable assets, even recorded in Public Registers, signing the relevant deeds, agreeing on the relevant prices and payment terms and conditions, granting payment term extensions and discounts, provided that the total amount does not exceed Euro 500,000 (five hundred thousand) per individual contract;
5. purchase services of any type which are required for carrying out corporate operations, with the express power to conclude the relevant contracts and/or the contracts for works or services and/or consulting of any type, agree on prices and payment terms and conditions, provided that the total amount does not exceed Euro 250,000 (two hundred fifty thousand) per individual contract, without prejudice to the fact that consultancy agreements whose duration exceeds 24 (twenty four) months and the overall evaluation of proposals for insurance coverage are under the sole responsibility of the Executive Committee; contracts with public entities are expressly excluded from this point;
6. conclude lease agreements, gratuitous loan agreements (“comodato”), rental agreements and financial lease agreements regarding movable properties necessary for the performance of corporate activities, provided that the overall value does not exceed Euro 500,000 (five hundred thousand) per agreement, it being understood that the agreements regarding the lease of business units are expressly excluded from this point;

## **RETAIL AND WHOLESALE:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

7. sell and export the products of the Company and of its group, ensuring the correct management of the receivables due from all the customers of the Company and of the group;
8. sell and export the Company’s stock;
9. prepare price lists for the sale of products offered to customers, grant payment extensions, discounts and allowances to customers, accept returns of products and settle claims and disputes with customers;
10. oversee the activities connected to retail sales, also on-line, of the Company and the group, including through the execution, amendment and termination of agreements and contracts including (but not limited to) property leasing and renting contracts, commercial associations and/or collaborations, contracts for works or services, purchase and sale agreements, procurement, consultancy and any other agreement that is useful for or functional to the equipment, restructuring, maintenance, operation and implementation of the production

capacities of shops and their warehouses, provided that the total amount does not exceed Euro 500,000 (five hundred thousand) per individual contract; the aforementioned limit shall not apply in cases where such powers are exercised by virtue of a resolution of the Company's Executive Committee, as referred to in the following paragraph;

commercial leases and business unit rental agreements are expressly excluded from this point, as are evaluations regarding the opening or closing of stores and the related investment by the Company, which are the responsibility of the Executive Committee;

11. oversee the activities connected to the wholesale of the Company and the group, including through the execution, amendment and termination of agreements and contracts including (but not limited to) contracts, including exclusive contracts, concerning agency, representation, intermediation and new business agreements and contracts for the sale of the Company's products including through Corners, Shops-in shop and Concessions, provided that the value and/or total expense involved (even when the contracts cover several years) does not exceed a total amount of Euro 250,0000 per individual contract, when the nature of the contract allows for such a quantification. It being understood that, in compliance with the powers of the Board of Directors, licensing and distribution agreements remain under the sole responsibility of the Executive Committee;

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

12. execute, amend and terminate individual employment contracts of middle-managers, white collars, technicians, workers, by complying with any requirement in relation to hiring, promotion, termination, disciplinary measures, determination of duties and remuneration, transfers and secondments to other companies belonging to the group, including by appointment of special attorneys-in-fact to represent the company in disputes and in the case of the interrogation pursuant to art. 420 of the Italian Code of Civil Procedure with the power to conciliate and settle disputes;
13. as regards executives: carry out all actions relating to the determination of the duties and the remuneration, transfers and secondments to other group companies, except for the individuals concerned by a direct hierarchical relation and without prejudice to individuals who directly report to the Board of Directors in accordance with the Corporate Governance Code;
14. perform any act and fulfil any task in the field of social welfare, seeing to relations with all the social security welfare and insurance institutes, seeing to the matters required by current provisions regarding labour matters, especially with regard to insurance, contributions, indemnities and taxes;
15. deal with any authority, body, agency regarding labour issues, with trade unions and employers' associations, as well as with employment bureaus and conciliation and arbitration boards, with the power to settle disputes, carry out any other act and accomplish any other task concerning labour issues, considered as appropriate in the Company's interests.

#### **CREATIVE AND STYLISTIC DIRECTION:**

16. oversee and coordinate the stylistic structures of the Company and of its Group, as well as all other activities relating to the study, design and technical and stylistic development of the products of the Company and of the group, including through, and with the right to sub-delegate, the execution, amendment and termination of agreements and contracts including (but not limited

to) contracts for works or services, procurement, consultancy contracts (including consultancy contracts with stylists and designers) merchandising, co-branding, contracts for the purchase and concession of rights to use and exploit images and artistic works, provided that the total amount does not exceed Euro 250,000 (two hundred fifty thousand) per individual contract, without prejudice to the fact that consultancy agreements whose duration exceeds 24 (twenty four) months are under the sole responsibility of the Executive Committee.

## **PROMOTIONAL AND MARKETING ACTIVITIES, EVENTS AND COMMUNICATION:**

17. oversee the general marketing, promotional, advertising and communication activities of the Company and of its group, including through, and with the right to sub-delegate, the execution, amendment and termination of agreements and contracts including (but not limited to), contracts for works or services, procurement, consultancy, sponsoring, purchase and sale, merchandising, co-branding contracts, contracts for the purchase and licensing of rights to use and exploit artistic and photographic images and works, rents, leases and other contracts the purpose of which is the production and organization of events, provided that the total amount does not exceed Euro 250,000 (two hundred fifty thousand) per individual contract, without prejudice to the fact that consultancy agreements whose duration exceeds 24 (twenty four) months are under the sole responsibility of the Executive Committee;
18. oversee the communication and public relations of the Company and the group, including the relations with the media, including press and digital media operators, also with the power to sub-delegate, by executing contracts for work or services, procurement, and consultancy contracts including (but not limited to) contracts for the purchase of pages and advertising space in newspapers and magazines, contracts for the purchase of services and web pages and social media and other on-line services, contracts for collaboration featuring personalities, VIPs and celebrities, provided that the total amount does not exceed Euro 250,000 (two hundred fifty thousand) per individual contract, without prejudice to the fact that consultancy agreements whose duration exceeds 24 (twenty four) months are under the sole responsibility of the Executive Committee.

## **RELATIONS WITH BANKS:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

19. execute all necessary transactions to correctly manage the financial relations with companies belonging to the Geox group, including collection and payment transactions, in any way and form, as well as financing of Geox group companies; all this within the limit of euro 20,000,000.00 (twenty million.00) per individual transaction by individual signature;
20. request the opening and closing of current accounts;
21. finalize the opening of credit facilities, enter into and terminate bank advances and bank contracts in general;
22. enter into, negotiate, amend and terminate short-term loan contracts with duration of less than 18 months up to euro 20,000,000.00 (twenty million.00);
23. demand and collect, for any reason, also through endorsement, any sums, receivables, payment orders, guarantee deposits both from the issuer, Cassa Depositi e Prestiti, Treasuries, Railway, Postal and Telegraph offices, and from any public and private office and any party in Italy or abroad, by issuing receipts and discharges;
24. make deposits to current accounts, endorse for discount and collection bank cheques, promissory

notes, certificates of credit (*fedi di credito*), bills of exchange and postal orders, to be paid at credit agencies, post and telegraph offices, and in general with any individual or corporate entity, endorse payment orders, including mandates concerning Treasury offices of State, Regional, Provincial and Municipal authorities and any State Banking Institution, endorse bankers' drafts, always issuing the relevant receipts;

25. make bank deposits, by managing the relevant payments;
26. make inter-bank transfers within the limit of euro 20,000,000.00 (twenty million);
27. make withdrawals and payments in any technical form, including in a foreign currency, in relation to the Company's commitments, including with bank cheques and banker's drafts, using the cash and cash equivalents and the credit lines that have been granted:
  - a. up to the amount of euro 3,000,000.00 (three million) per individual transaction, by individual signature; it is hereby specified that this limit of euro 3,000,000.00 (three million) does not apply in the case of payment of taxes, duties and social security contributions owed by the Company pursuant to current regulations;
  - b. in excess of the above amount and up to a maximum of euro 20,000,000.00 (twenty million) per individual transaction, signed jointly with the Head of Legal and Corporate Affairs, or with the Group's Treasury Manager;

It is hereby specified that, insofar as withdrawals are concerned, the aforementioned limit is euro 10,000 (ten thousand), unless otherwise specified by the law;

28. open and/or pay letters of credit:
  - a. up to the amount of euro 3,000,000.00 (three million) per individual transaction, by individual signature;
  - b. in excess of the above amount and up to a maximum of euro 20,000,000.00 (twenty million) per individual transaction, signed jointly with the Head of Legal and Corporate Affairs, or with the Group's Treasury Manager;
29. exclusively for the purpose of, and as long as it is necessary to perform transactions hedging against exchange rate and/or interest rate risks, purchase and sell and in general perform any transaction involving foreign currencies, as well as enter into and terminate contracts on interest and exchange rates pursuant to currency provisions currently in force and that may become effective in the future:
  - c. up to the amount of euro 10,000,000.00 (ten million) per individual transaction by individual signature;
  - d. up to a maximum of euro 20,000,000.00 (twenty million) per individual transaction signed jointly with the Head of Legal and Corporate Affairs, or with the Group's Treasury Manager;

## **TAX AND CUSTOMS ISSUES:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

30. draft and sign requests, declarations, certifications and communications pursuant to the laws pertaining to taxation, social security, welfare and labour issues;
31. authorize and pay taxes, duties and contributions, as well as sign the relevant statements, declarations and certifications required by the law;
32. carry out any act or formality that is required or useful for obtaining refunds of VAT and/or taxes in general in favour of the Company (and/or subsidiaries), also indirectly, including the request for any bank sureties or other guarantees in favour of the financial administration, up

to a maximum amount of euro 1,500,000 (one million five hundred thousand) per individual transaction;

33. draft and sign requests, declarations, certifications and communications pursuant to the laws pertaining to customs and transactions within the EU, including those which are required for importing and exporting raw materials, finished and semi-finished products;
34. deal with the postal authorities and with railway, maritime, air and land-based transport companies, with the power to draw up any document and application, receive registered and insured letters, envelopes and letters of any other kind, collect reimbursements and sums of any kind, issuing receipt.

## **INSURANCE:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

35. enter into, amend and terminate insurance contracts, either directly with insurance companies and/or through insurance brokers, up to euro 100,000 (one hundred thousand) per individual transaction;
36. collect indemnification and compensation amounts from the insurance companies on behalf of the Company, by issuing the relevant receipts;

## **CREDIT MANAGEMENT:**

Including the power to sub-delegate

37. oversee that the Company's receivables are managed correctly, including by (for example, but not limited to) sending warnings, settling pending and/or potential disputes through compromise settlements, mediation and conciliation procedures up to a maximum amount of euro 1,000,000.00 (one million) per individual transaction;
38. agree on plans for the recovery of receivables and grant payment term extensions;
39. raise protests and serve injunctions, see to preventive and executive measures, if necessary, see to the revocation of the same, intervene in bankruptcy proceedings, agreements with creditors, receivership and further the declaration thereof, make and accept effective offers;
40. lodge claims in bankruptcy proceedings and make claims, represent the company in bankruptcy proceedings (including receiverships and arrangements with creditors);

## **GUARANTEES:**

41. issue guarantees up to a maximum overall amount of euro 250,000 (two hundred and fifty thousand);
42. Apply for the issue of bank sureties in favour of third parties, within the limits of the credit lines granted by the banks, in the following ways:
  - (c) with single signature for amounts of up to euro 500,000 per individual transaction;
  - (d) for amounts in excess of euro 500,000 and up to euro 1,500,000 per individual transaction, signed jointly with the Head of Legal and Corporate Affairs, or with the Group's Treasury Manager;

## **OTHER:**

43. manage relations with any and all public and government body, in Italy or abroad, including, for example but not limited to, Chambers of Commerce, Registers of Commercial Concerns and public registers, by drafting any document, application, or receipt in the name of the Company;

44. represent the Company, as a plaintiff or as a defendant, before any Judicial Authority at any level or type of jurisdiction, for all types of litigation or proceedings of any kind, and also before the Tax Commissions at any level, with the power to appoint lawyers, *ad lites* and *ad negotia*, arbitrators, and experts, removing and/or replacing them, in Italy and abroad, with the power to elect domicile, settle disputes and in any event to manage them, and sign the necessary powers of attorney for such purposes;
45. sign the correspondence and documents in general;
46. Appoint the data processor pursuant to art. 29 of Italian Legislative Decree 196/2003, assigning the relative duties and providing the necessary spending powers up to a maximum amount of Euro 250,000.00 (two hundred and fifty thousand) per reporting period;
47. With the obligation to promptly report to the Executive Committee and with the power to sub-delegate, represent the Company in meetings and, in general, at decision-making levels that involve resolving or decision-making bodies of EU or non-EU subsidiaries or investee companies, with the right to intervene, vote, provide opinions or consent, appeals or claims, and in particular, within the context of these decisions, to appoint, revoke appointments, replace and/or add members of these companies' management and/or audit bodies, with the right to appoint himself as the sole director or a board member of these companies without this being understood as or implying a conflict of interest; to provide or sign, in the name and on behalf of the Company, however in the interest of said subsidiaries or investee companies, declarations, applications, requests and documents which are generally addressed to Public Administrations, Public Registries, Rolls, Archives or private entities providing public services, including in order to obtain registrations, permits, authorizations, clearance and other similar measures; provide a specimen signature as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company;
48. in relation to the issues listed in the previous points, and within the relevant limits, represent the Company in dealings with any third public and/or private party, in the name and on behalf of the Company, by signing any deed and/or document;
49. appoint, within the powers indicated above, *ad acta* or general attorneys-in-fact, providing them with the related powers, and revoke said appointments;
50. oversee the implementation and correct operation of corporate governance rules defined by the Board of Directors.

## **Chairman of the Board of Directors**

The Chairman of the Board of Directors, Mario Moretti Polegato, has a specific role in the development of business strategies of the Group and chairs the Executive Committee. In addition, the Chairman of the Board of Directors is the controlling shareholder of LIR S.r.l., the parent company of Geox, and is the Chairman of the Board of Directors of LIR S.r.l.

The Chairman is not the main person in charge of managing the Issuer (i.e. the Chief Executive Officer).

With the Board of Directors' meeting on 17 April 2025, in addition, on the basis of his proven experience in the area, the Chairman Mario Moretti Polegato was attributed specific powers and responsibilities regarding intellectual property, including the power to sub-delegate, as follows:

1. file petitions and undertake before any public or private office in Italy and abroad any act necessary for, prior to, useful for or otherwise connected to registering, modifying, maintaining, and extinguishing trademarks, designs and domain names; appoint for this purpose consultants, lawyers, professionals and equivalent roles, in Italy and abroad, giving them the related mandates;
2. file petitions and undertake before any public or private office in Italy and abroad any act necessary for, prior to, useful for or otherwise connected to obtaining, registering, changing, extinguishing and preserving patents; appoint for this purpose consultants, lawyers, professionals and equivalent roles, in Italy and abroad, giving them the related mandates;
3. undertake any act and make any declaration, in Italy and abroad, and confer and withdraw engagements for consultants, lawyers, professionals and equivalent roles regarding industrial and intellectual property, in Italy and abroad, giving them the related mandates, in order to arrange the deposit, registration, renewal, extinction and protection of all the Company's industrial and intellectual property rights, including (but not limited to) trademarks, patents, drawings and domain names;
4. confer and withdraw consulting engagements, giving them the related mandates, on consultants, lawyers, professionals and equivalent roles regarding industrial and intellectual property, in Italy and abroad, in order to arrange protection administratively, judicially and extra-judicially, in Italy and abroad, of all the Company's intellectual and industrial title and rights; undertake before public administrations, organizations and offices, both public and private (including customs offices and authorities), in Italy and abroad, all the acts and operations needed to obtain concessions, licenses, and authorizations generally.

- The aforementioned delegated powers were assigned to the Chairman of the Board of Directors by the Board of Directors on approving the conferral of delegated powers, since the Chairman was identified as the person most fit to manage and oversee the area of the Group's intellectual and industrial property rights. This competence is seen in the Chairman's proven, high-quality experience and professional standing in the field of footwear and clothing and in particular in relation to the industrial rights deriving from the inventions attributed to him, since he is the person to whom the Group's success is attributable owing to his contribution to patented inventions in the relevant sector. This deviation is not subject to time limits. Furthermore, the aforementioned delegated powers refer only to a limited area

of management, however important it may be within the Company. This assignment does not prejudice the undertaking by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, in any case, of a liaison role between the executive and non-executive directors and of ensuring the effective operation of the works of the Board in compliance with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code.

## Executive Committee

The Executive Committee is assigned all the powers of the Company's ordinary and extraordinary administration, within the limits of the law, the Articles of Association and the powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer, if appointed. The powers of the Executive Committee also include decisions regarding the stipulation and termination of individual employment contracts for executives, without prejudice to the fact that, as regards executives who report directly to the Chief Executive Officer, the related remuneration policies, MBO and assignment of objectives, on the proposal of the Chief Executive Officer in coordination with the Human Resources Department, are put for assessment and approval to the Executive Committee, or to the Appointment and Remuneration Committee for Executives with strategic responsibilities.

The Committee does not have responsibility for decisions on:

- (a) the matters which cannot be delegated pursuant to art. 2381, paragraph 4 of the Italian Civil Code, or the responsibilities indicated in articles 2420-ter (issue of convertible bonds), 2423 (drafting of financial statements), 2443 (share capital increases), 2446 (reduction in share capital due to losses), 2447 (reduction in share capital below the legal limit), 2501-ter (mergers), 2506-bis (demergers) of the Italian Civil Code;
- (b) the matters reserved for the Board of Directors by the Articles of Association, in particular, the decisions regarding the disposal, for any purpose and of any nature, of trademarks, patents and other intellectual property rights of the Company as well as the growth and policy strategies for corporate management, also on a long-term basis, and the annual business and economic-financial plan (budget) and the long-term forecast plans with the related investment plans;
- (c) the following further matters as identified by and reserved to the Board of Directors, taking account of the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code:
  - (i) the examination and approval of the strategic, industrial and financial plans of the Company and the structure of the group it heads;

- (ii) the assignment and withdrawal of powers to the directors with delegated powers, as well as the establishment of the limits, means of exercise and frequency, with which the delegated bodies must report to the Board regarding the activity undertaken in the exercise of the powers conferred on them;
- (iii) the determination (according to legal procedures) of the remuneration of directors with delegated powers and those who hold particular roles, as well as, where not already arranged by the Shareholders' Meeting, the division of the global pay due to the members of the Executive Committee;
- (iv) the supervision over the general performance of management, with particular attention to conflicts of interest, in consideration, in particular, of the information received from the Executive Committee, Directors with delegated powers and the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee as well as the periodic comparison of the results achieved against those planned;
- (v) transactions for the purchase or sale, also by means of subscription and conferral, of equity investments and/or companies and/or business segments, if the total value of the individual transaction is higher than Euro 10,000,000.00 (ten million/00);
- (vi) the granting of loans, if the value of each individual transaction exceeds Euro 5,000,000.00 (five million/00) to third parties, or Euro 20,000,000.00 (twenty million/00) to Geox Group companies;
- (vii) the issue of unsecured and/or secured guarantees, if the value of each individual transaction is higher than Euro 5,000,000.00 (five million/00);
- (viii) the issue of bonds or financial instruments, if the overall value of the individual transaction is higher than Euro 10,000,000.00 (ten million/00);
- (ix) the raising of loans and/or other financial debt transactions, if the overall value of the individual transaction is higher than Euro 40,000,000.00 (forty million/00);
- (x) donations and other gifts, as well as contributions or sponsorship to NGOs if the maximum value per year is above Euro 1,000,000.00 (one million/00);
- (xi) all transactions with related parties outside the Geox Group which are not typical or usual transactions to be conducted at standard conditions (typical or usual transactions means transactions which, in terms of their purpose or nature, are not outside the normal course of the Company's business and do not have particular problems due to their characteristics or the risks inherent in the nature of the counterparty, or in the time when they are completed);

(xii) checking of the adequacy of the general organizational and administrative set-up of the Company and the Geox Group arranged by the managing directors;

(xiii) the task of reporting to the Shareholders at the Shareholders' Meeting.

Pursuant to art. 19 of the Articles of Association, the Committee reports promptly, and in any case at least on a quarterly basis, to both the Board of Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors on the work undertaken, on the general operational performance, on the outlook, as well as on the most significant transactions in terms of their size and characteristics undertaken by the Company and by its subsidiaries and on atypical and unusual transactions or transactions with related parties.

Pursuant to art. 18 of the Articles of Association, the Committee, within the limits of the powers, including representational powers, assigned to it, may confer on the Company's executives, officers, employees as well as on third parties, appointments and proxies to undertake particular deeds or categories of deeds.

The Committee meets, in Italy or abroad, as often as needed to fulfil its functions, and, in any case, whenever the Chair of the Committee or other member considers it opportune. The meetings and the related decisions taken are recorded in minutes prepared by the Secretary and signed by the chair of the meeting and by the Secretary.

The Chairman, with the help of the Secretary as appointed, coordinates the works of the Executive Committee and calls the Committee by sending a notice or a call communication to all the members of the Committee, the Board of Statutory Auditors and the General Managers, where appointed, by email, registered mail, fax or telegram or by phone, with at least 24 (twenty-four) hours' notice. The Committee can approve an annual calendar of its meetings, it being understood that, also for the meetings which are already scheduled, the Chairman must duly send the call notice in accordance with the means set out in this paragraph.

At 31 December 2025, the Executive Committee consists of Directors Mario Moretti Polegato (Chairman), Francesco Di Giovanni and Enrico Moretti Polegato.

Until 23 July 2025, the Executive Committee included Directors Mario Moretti Polegato (Chairman), Enrico Mistrone and Enrico Moretti Polegato.

During the reporting period, the Executive Committee met 10 times with the regular participation of the Board of Statutory Auditors. The average duration of the meetings was approximately one hour. A similar number of meetings is expected to be held this year. At the date of this Report, the Executive Committee has already met 3 times in 2026.

The meetings and the related decisions taken are recorded in minutes prepared by the Secretary and signed by the chair of the meeting and by the Secretary. The Chairman of the Committee does not provide detailed information to the Board of Directors on each of the meetings undertaken by the committee itself at the first available meeting of the Board of Directors since this information is given to the Board by the Chief Executive Officer as described below.

## **Information for the Board from directors and delegated bodies**

The Chief Executive Officer reports at least once a quarter to the Board of Directors regarding the work undertaken in the year by directors and the delegated bodies, including in relation to the meetings held by the Executive Committee.

## **Other executive directors**

Besides the members of the Executive Committee, there are no other members who are considered executive.

For information regarding the roles and responsibilities of the administration, management and control bodies in overseeing procedures aimed at managing significant risks, impacts and opportunities, please refer to the section “GOV-1: The role of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies” of the Sustainability Report.

For information on how the administration, management and control bodies are informed about sustainability issues and how these issues were addressed during the reporting period, please refer to the section “GOV-2: Information provided to and sustainability matters addressed by the undertaking’s administrative, management and supervisory bodies” of the Sustainability Report.

## **4.7 INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS AND LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR**

### **Independent Directors**

With the Shareholders’ Meeting of 17 April 2025, which renewed the Board of Directors, the number of directors was set at 9; 3 of them are Independent directors.

The number and the skills of the independent directors are adequate for the Company’s needs and for the operation of the Board of Directors as well as for the establishment of the related Committees.

The Chairman of the Board of Directors cannot be considered as an independent director.

The Board of Directors of 25 February 2021 – as part of the alignment of the corporate governance framework with the Corporate Governance Code – approved an update of the criteria for assessing – for the purposes of examining the circumstances which may compromise a director’s independence – relevance as set out in Recommendation 7, letters c) and d) of the Corporate Governance Code, also in place of the criteria adopted with the previous resolution of 20 December 2012, as follows:

1. for commercial, financial or professional dealings with the subjects as set out in Recommendation 7, letter c) of the Corporate Governance Code, should in the three previous years: (i) there have been dealings directly for a gross annual amount equal to or above the fee for the role as director, including the fee envisaged for participation in the committees recommended by the Code or envisaged by the law in force; (ii) there have been relations indirectly for a gross annual amount equal to or over Euro 200,000 in favour of the company or body which the director controls or of which they are an executive director or the professional studio or consulting company of which they are partner;
2. for additional pay compared to the set fee for the position, including that envisaged for participation in the committees recommended by the Code or envisaged by the law in force, an annual fee equal to or above the fee for the role of director, including that envisaged for participation in the committees recommended by the Code or envisaged by the law in force

without prejudice to the occurrence of specific and objective circumstances, which must be considered in concrete terms and which make it possible to consider the director’s independence as not compromised and without prejudice to the fact that should the director also be the shareholder/partner in a professional studio or a consulting company, the Board of Directors is called on to assess the relevance of the professional dealings which may have an impact on their position and their role in the studio or consulting company or which, in any case, relate to significant transactions of the company or the group which the company controls, also regardless of the aforementioned quantitative parameters.

These criteria were reconfirmed by the Board of Directors on 17 April 2025, after the appointment of the current management body.

The Board of Directors assessed the independence of the aforementioned 3 members subsequent to their appointment, on 17 April 2025, specifying the assessment criteria which were concretely applied and noting the outcome of the assessments as per the press release issued on the same date.

The assessment shall be re-made upon the occurrence of relevant circumstances for the purposes of independence, and in any case on an annual basis. The assessment was successfully last carried out by the Board of Directors on 11 March 2026, also on the basis of declarations signed by the independent Directors, and the requirements of independence were confirmed.

The Board of Directors shall carry out the assessment on the basis of the requirements of independence provided for by law, and also by applying all the criteria of the Corporate Governance Code.

The Board of Directors, in assessing the independence of the directors, has considered all the information available, in particular that supplied by the directors being assessed, evaluating all the circumstances which seem to compromise their independence as identified by the FCA and by the Corporate Governance Code and has applied (among others) all the criteria envisaged by the Corporate Governance Code in reference to the independence of the directors. In this regard each non-executive director has provided all the elements needed for the Board's assessments.

The Board of Statutory Auditors also ascertained the correct application of the assessment criteria and procedures adopted by the Board for assessing the independence of its members.

Moreover, the Independent Directors committed themselves to remaining independent during their term of office and resigning in the case of loss of the requirements of independence.

During the reporting period, no meetings of the Independent Directors were held in the absence of the other Directors. As at the date of this Report, the Independent Directors had already met 1 time in 2026. Independent Directors' meetings are to be understood as separate and different meetings from those of the sub-committees, in respect of which information is given in the relevant sections.

It should be noted that the Corporate Governance Code recommends that the independent directors meet in the absence of the other directors at least once a year in "large" companies, and within the meaning of the Code, Geox does not fall within the definition of a "large company".

### ***Lead Independent Director***

The Board of Directors that met on 17 April 2025 appointed the independent director Gaudiana Giusti as Lead Independent Director. This role had been assigned to Ms. Francesca Meneghel from the beginning of the period until 17 April 2025.

The Lead Independent Director is assigned the task of coordinating the requests and contributions of the non-executive directors and in particular the independent non-executive directors. In particular, the Lead Independent Director:

- (a) calls, autonomously or at the request of other directors, specific meetings of the independent directors alone to discuss the issues which are judged of interest in regard to the operation of the Board or the Company's operations;
- (b) contributes to the Board's self-assessment process; and
- (c) notifies the Chairman of any issues to be put for examination and assessment by the Board.

Ms. Francesca Meneghel and Ms. Gaudiana Giusti served as Lead Independent Director, each for their respective period during 2025, acting as a point of reference and coordination in relation to the needs and contributions of independent directors, collaborating with the Chairman of the Board of Directors in order to ensure that the Directors were informed in an exhaustive and timely manner with regard to all matters of relevance to the Company.

The Lead Independent Director, as provided for by the Regulation on the self-assessment process of the Board of Directors, took part in the board evaluation process in 2025.

As mentioned above, a meeting of Independent Directors was convened in 2026 by the Lead Independent Director, acting in her capacity.

## 5. MANAGEMENT OF CORPORATE INFORMATION

In 2006, in line with the Recommendation I, letter f) of the Corporate Governance Code, the Company adopted the “Regulation concerning inside information and the institution of a registry of persons having access thereto”, last updated on 19 December 2024 to take into account the regulatory changes introduced by the MAR, (the “**Regulation**”) and Consob guidelines concerning the management of inside information published in October 2017, and established the specific register of persons with access to inside information (the “**Registry**”). The other Group companies are also required to comply with the above regulation, ensuring observance thereof, in order to allow coordinated management of the circulation of inside information.

In particular, the Regulation envisages, among other things, the definition of “inside information” and “relevant information”;

- rules of conduct (which essentially refer to confidentiality obligations, the treatment of inside information with due care and the prohibition to disclose inside information unless necessary in the context of one's work, profession or duties carried out and to carry out transactions, directly or indirectly, for one's own account or that of third parties, in the name and/or on behalf of the Company, which involve financial instruments which the inside information refers to and to recommend or lead others to carry out such transactions);
- the roles and responsibilities of the corporate bodies and/or corporate departments and/or managers in regard to the assessment on the relevance of the information and the speed with which price-sensitive information concerning the Company and its subsidiaries is disclosed to the public;
- disclosure of inside information to the public and specific rules to follow in the event of a delay in disclosure to the public pursuant to art. 17 of the MAR;
- rules for press relations and rumours management and for meetings with financial analysts or other market operators;
- limitations on the carrying out of transactions in the Company's financial instruments;
- a specific flow of information from the subsidiaries to the Company;
- keeping of the Registry.

For further details, the Regulation can be viewed on the Company's website [www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz), in the Governance section.

The procedure for managing inside information and the Registry has always been respected during 2025.

## 6. COMMITTEES WITHIN THE BOARD

Pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 2, letter d), FCA

The Board of Directors has arranged to set up internally committees with functions to do preliminary analysis, make proposals and provide consultancy services and which consist of Directors in accordance with the indications of the Corporate Governance Code. In particular, the Board of Directors set up the Executive Committee, the Appointment and Remuneration Committee and the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, whose functions, activities and composition are described in detail in the following paragraphs.

Regarding the Executive Committee and the Related Party Transactions Committee, reference should be made respectively to sections 4 and 10.

The functions of the Appointment Committee and the functions of the Remuneration Committee have been grouped in a single Committee (“**Single Committee**”). The Appointment and Remuneration Committee groups the duties and responsibilities assigned by the Corporate Governance Code separately to the Appointment Committee and to the Remuneration Committee for reasons of operating efficiency, on the basis of a decision taken by the Board of Directors on 19 April 2016, and subsequently reconfirmed, most recently by the Board of Directors on 17 April 2025. Since the Single Committee consists entirely of non-executive directors, most of whom are independent, and since at least one member has adequate experience in finance or pay policies, the Company believes that the conditions envisaged by the Corporate Governance Code have in any case been respected, also by concentrating the functions of two committees into just one committee.

The Board of Directors has determined the composition of the committees, favouring the knowledge and experience of the related members. The composition has been determined while avoiding excessive concentrations of appointments.

In accordance with Recommendation 17, the chairs of the Committees have arranged to provide prompt information at the first possible meeting of the Board of Directors on the works of the Committees themselves.

The composition of the Committees is indicated below:

**a) Appointment and Remuneration Committee**

The Appointment and Remuneration Committee, as from 17 April 2025, is composed of 3 non-executive Directors, the majority of whom are independent, as follows:

- Silvia Zamperoni (Chairwoman);
- Ubaldo Livolsi;

- Clelia Leonello.

In the period between 14 April 2022 and until 17 April 2025, the Appointment and Remuneration Committee included 3 non-executive Directors, the majority of whom were independent, as follows:

- Silvia Zamperoni (Chairwoman);
- Lara Livolsi;
- Silvia Rachela.

## **b) Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee**

The Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, as from 17 April 2025, is composed exclusively of non-executive Directors, the majority of whom are independent, as follows:

- Gaudiana Giusti (Chairwoman);
- Alessandro Antonio Giusti;
- Clelia Leonello.

In the period between 14 April 2022 and until 17 April 2025, the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee included 3 non-executive Directors, the majority of whom were independent, as follows:

- Francesca Meneghel (Chairwoman);
- Alessandro Antonio Giusti;
- Silvia Rachela.

\*\*\*\*\*

The Board of Directors has not envisaged a different distribution of committee functions or the reservation of some or all of these functions exclusively to the *plenum* of the Board of Directors.

## **Other committees (other than those envisaged by the law or recommended by the Code)**

The Ethics and Sustainable Development Committee, initially established in 2005, was not renewed with effect from 17 April 2025, and its functions were partially transferred to the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee.

## **7. SELF-ASSESSMENT AND SUCCESSION OF DIRECTORS – APPOINTMENT COMMITTEE**

### **7.1 SELF-ASSESSMENT AND SUCCESSION OF DIRECTORS**

The Board of Directors carries out a self-assessment and the assessment of Board Committees at least every three years.

The self-assessment is regulated by a specific procedure approved by the Board of Directors on 25 February 2021, in compliance with legal and regulatory provisions and those of the Articles of Association, as well as in line with the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code.

The Board of Directors carries out a self-assessment and the assessment of Committees at least every three years, before its renewal.

By virtue of its nature as a non-large company with concentrated ownership, the Company is not required to carry out an annual self-assessment. However, the Company reserves the right to carry out the self-assessment more frequently than every three years, should it deem it appropriate.

The self-assessment is regulated by a specific procedure approved by the Board of Directors on 25 February 2021, in compliance with legal and regulatory provisions and those of the Articles of Association, as well as in line with the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code. Pursuant to the procedure on the self-assessment process of the Board of Directors, having taken account of the outcomes of this assessment, also on the basis of the recommendations or opinions formulated by the Appointment and Remuneration Committee, in its function as Appointment Committee, the Board of Directors may draw up, before appointing the new management body, a guideline opinion for shareholders on the size and composition of the Board of Directors for the subsequent three years.

The most recent self-assessment was carried out in 2025, in view of the Board renewal, thanks to the support of Heidrick & Struggles, an independent company which specialises in drawing up corporate governance models. Further details on the board evaluation process carried out in 2025 are included in the report of corporate governance relating to the previous reporting period.

By virtue of being a concentrated ownership company which is not deemed large, the Board of Directors is not required to envisage mechanisms to express an orientation on its composition or succession plans for its directors. However, the Company carried out the self-assessment process in 2025 in view of the Board renewal, the results of which were presented in the Report on corporate governance relating to the previous reporting period, also in order to potentially support shareholders in evaluating the optimal size, the balance between executive and non-executive members, the degree of diversity and the professional skills of the members of the Board of Directors, as part of the process to appoint directors.

In light of being a concentrated ownership company, the Company is not required to follow the suggestion of Recommendation 23 regarding the formulation of an orientation on the qualitative and quantitative composition of the Board of Directors. Moreover, the recommendation regarding those presenting a list having to provide information on the conformity of the list to the orientation formulated by the Board of Directors is not applied.

In regard to the appointment of Directors, it should be mentioned that the Board of Directors of the Company has not adopted any plan for the succession of executive Directors. The Board of Directors considers it essential to retain the competence and assess, on a case-by-case basis, the need to replace any of the Directors or otherwise regulate the relationship between the Company and the Directors on an individual basis and taking into account the peculiarities that regard each of them.

The Corporate Governance Code recommends in particular the adoption of succession plans by “large” companies and Geox does not fall under the definition of “large company” pursuant to this Code.

## **7.2 APPOINTMENT COMMITTEE**

As mentioned above, the Board of Directors of 17 April 2025 set up an Appointment and Remuneration Committee covering preliminary analysis, providing consultancy services and making proposals for the Board of Directors, as recommended by the Corporate Governance Code.

## **Composition and operation of the Appointment Committee (pursuant to art. 123-bis, paragraph 2, letter d), FCA)**

In regard to the composition and operation of the Appointment Committee, reference should be made to section 8.2 of this report which sets out the composition and operation of the Appointment and Remuneration Committee.

## **Functions of the Appointment and Remuneration Committee on appointments**

In reference to the duties and functions on the appointment of directors and the self-assessment of the Board of Directors, the Appointment and Remuneration Committee assists the Board of Directors in carrying out the following activities:

- (a) self-assessment of the Board of Directors and its Committees, pursuant to the Regulation on the self-assessment process of the Board of Directors adopted by the Company. In particular, the Committee draws up criteria to assess the prerequisites of professional standing and independence of the Company's Board directors. With regard to the assessment of the Company's directors independence, pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code, such Committee proposes to the Board of Directors the quantitative and qualitative criteria to be considered in order to assess the relevance (i) of significant commercial, financial or professional dealings pursuant to recommendation 7, letter c) of the Corporate Governance Code, which directors may have, and (ii) any additional significant remuneration pursuant to recommendation 7, letter d) of the Corporate Governance Code earned by the directors from the Company, one of its subsidiaries or the parent company compared to the fixed fee for their position and that earned for participation in the Board committees as recommended by the Corporate Governance Code or envisaged by the law in force. In addition, the Committee continuously verifies the overall suitability of the Regulation on the self-assessment process of the Board of Directors to ensure achievement of the objectives set by the rules on the self-assessment process which may be in force and, where considered necessary, formulates for the Board of Directors proposals to change and/or supplement the aforementioned Regulation;
- (b) definition of the optimal composition of the Board of Directors and its sub-committees. In particular, it formulates for the Board of Directors, ahead of each renewal of the Board of Directors and taking account of the outcomes of the self-assessment as set out in letter a) above, its opinion regarding the optimal quantitative and qualitative composition of the Board

of Directors and of its sub-committees and makes recommendations regarding professional and managerial profiles whose presence on the Board is considered opportune;

- (c) identification of candidates for the position of director in the case of co-opting. In particular, the Committee proposes to the Board of Directors candidates for the position of director to be co-opted, should, during the year, one or more directors cease to fill their office (art. 2386, first paragraph, Italian Civil Code), ensuring compliance with the rules on the minimum number of independent directors and on the quotas reserved to the less represented gender;
- (d) possible presentation of a list by the outgoing Board of Directors to be implemented in a manner that ensures its transparent formation and presentation;
- (e) preparation, updating and implementation of any plan for the succession of the Chief Executive Officer and of any other executive directors.

In the reporting period, as part of the main activities undertaken by the Committee, in its role as the Appointment Committee, it:

- assessed and submitted to the Board the outcomes of the self-assessment process of the Board of Directors (“Board Evaluation”) pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code;
- assessed the compliance of the lists submitted for the appointment of directors in view of the Shareholders' Meeting of 17 April 2025 with the recommendations set out in the “Diversity Policy for the composition of the administration, management and control bodies” of Geox S.p.A.;
- assessed and submitted to the Board the proposal to reassess the qualification and identification of the individuals to be appointed as executives with strategic responsibilities;
- supported the Board in identifying the candidate to be co-opted as director, based on the proposals put forward by the Company following consultation with the majority shareholder. Consequently, Mr. Francesco Di Giovanni was selected as the appropriate candidate and was subsequently appointed Chief Executive Officer.

## 8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION - APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

### 8.1 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

#### Remuneration Policy

The Board of Directors of 25 February 2021 approved the procedure formalizing the process the Company is following in order to adopt the Remuneration Policy to put to the Shareholders' Meeting (the "**Procedure for the Remuneration Policy**"). The subjects involved in the Procedure for the Remuneration Policy are the Human Resources & Organization, Corporate Services Department ("**Human Resources Department**"), Legal and Corporate Affairs Department, the Appointment and Remuneration Committee, the Chief Executive Officer, the Board of Directors and the Shareholders' Meeting of the Company. The corporate governance of the remuneration policies provides that:

- **The Shareholders' Meeting**
  - shall determine the overall remuneration due to the Directors, including those with special offices, pursuant to the Articles of Association;
  - pursuant to the Articles of Association and art. 2402 of the Italian Civil Code, determines the remuneration of the auditors for the whole duration of their appointment;
  - passes a resolution on section I of the Report, describing the Remuneration Policy for members of the management and supervisory bodies, general managers, executives with strategic responsibilities and members of the supervisory bodies (without prejudice to the provisions of art. 2402 of the Italian Civil Code), with a binding vote and on section II of the Report, i.e. on the reporting of fees, with a non-binding vote;
  - passes a resolution on any remuneration plans based on shares or other financial instruments for Directors, employees and collaborators, including executives with strategic responsibilities, pursuant to art. 114-bis of the FCA.
- **The Board of Directors**
  - sets up internally an Appointment and Remuneration Committee;
  - examines and approves the Remuneration Policy and Report (pursuant to art. 123-ter of the FCA) to be submitted every year to the Shareholders' Meeting by providing the latter with adequate feedback;

- on proposal or subject to the opinion of the Appointment and Remuneration Committee, on the basis of the guidelines established by the Remuneration Policy and, in any case, subject to the opinion of the Board of Statutory Auditors, divides among its members the total amount determined by the Shareholders' Meeting;
- implements any remuneration plans based on shares or other financial instruments under delegated power from the Shareholders' Meeting.
- **The Appointment and Remuneration Committee**
  - assists the Board of Directors in drawing up the Remuneration Policy and formulates for the latter a proposal regarding the Company's Remuneration Policy and in particular for members of the management bodies, general managers, executive with strategic responsibilities and members of the supervisory body;
  - monitors the actual implementation of the Remuneration Policy and verifies, in particular, the effective achievement of performance objectives;
  - assesses on a regular basis the adequacy and overall consistency of the Remuneration Policy;
  - makes proposals regarding any stock option plans in favour of Directors, employees and associates;
  - sets out proposals to the Board of Directors on performance objectives as concerns the CEO's annual monetary incentive ("MBO");
  - gives opinions on the issues submitted by the Board of Directors from time to time in relation to remuneration or any other connected or pertinent issue.
- **The Related-Party Transactions Committee** (More Relevant or Less Relevant RPTs) provides its opinion in the event of an exception to the remuneration policy in accordance with the procedural conditions set out in the RPT Regulation adopted by the Company.
- **The CEO** validates the contents of the Company's Remuneration Policy, with particular reference to Strategic Executives, and submits it, delegating the activity to the Human Resources Department if appropriate, to the Appointment and Remuneration Committee.

As regards the relevant company departments:

- **The Human Resources Department:**

- draws up a Remuneration Policy plan in reference to Strategic Executives and the General Manager on the basis of the principles of meritocracy, in compliance with market benchmarks, and puts it to the Chief Executive Officer and, at the latter's request, to the Appointment and Remuneration Committee;
- draws up a Remuneration Policy plan in reference to the Chief Executive Officer on the basis of the principles of meritocracy, in compliance with market benchmarks, and puts it to the Appointment and Remuneration Committee;
- implements the Remuneration Policy for every single department/employee with reference to the Strategic Executives and the General Manager on the basis of principles of meritocracy.
- **The Legal and Corporate Department Affairs**
  - makes a prior assessment of the Remuneration Policy compliance, in order to assess consistency with the objectives of compliance with the rules, the Articles of Association and the Code of Ethics;
  - supports the Appointment and Remuneration Committee in formulating a proposal in regard to the Company's Remuneration Policy in particular reference to members of the management and supervisory bodies (other than the Chief Executive Officer), to be put to the Board of Directors.

The Procedure for approving the Remuneration Policy for the Chief Executive Officer and the Strategic Executives is broken down into 5 stages. In the first stage the Human Resources Department (drawing on pay benchmarks and ad hoc analyses) draws up a Remuneration Policy plan and the Legal and Corporate Affairs Department verifies the conformity and coherence of the Remuneration Policy to the law, to the Articles of Association and to the Code of Ethics. In the second stage the Human Resources Department puts the Remuneration Policy plan to the Chief Executive Officer. The latter validates the contents of the Remuneration Policy, except for proposals relating to the remuneration policy for the Chief Executive Officer which are put directly to the Appointment and Remuneration Committee. Subsequently, the Chief Executive Officer, or the Head of Human Resources, presents the contents of the Remuneration Policy plan to the Appointment and Remuneration Committee. In the third stage, following the presentation of the contents of the Remuneration Policy plan, the Appointment and Remuneration Committee formulates the proposal to put to the Board of Directors. In the fourth stage, the Board of Directors examines and approves the Remuneration Policy plan to

put to the Shareholders' Meeting. In the fifth and final stage, the Shareholders' Meeting passes a resolution on the Remuneration Policy plan with a binding vote.

The Procedure for approving the Remuneration Policy for members of the Board of Directors is broken down into 4 stages. In the first stage the Appointment and Remuneration Committee (drawing on pay benchmarks and ad hoc analyses) draws up a Remuneration Policy plan. Subsequently, the Legal and Corporate Affairs Department verifies the conformity and coherence of the Remuneration Policy to the laws, to the Articles of Association and to the Code of Ethics. In the second stage the Appointment and Remuneration Committee formulates the proposal to put to the Board of Directors. In the third stage the Board of Directors examines and approves the Remuneration Policy plan to put to the Shareholders' Meeting. In the final stage the Shareholders' Meeting passes a resolution on the Remuneration Policy plan with a binding vote.

The Procedure for approving the Remuneration Policy for the members of the Board of Statutory Auditors is broken down into 5 stages. In the first stage the Appointment and Remuneration Committee (drawing on pay benchmarks and ad hoc analyses) draws up a Remuneration Policy plan. Subsequently, the Legal and Corporate Affairs Department verifies the conformity and coherence of the Remuneration Policy to the laws, to the Articles of Association and to the Code of Ethics. In the second stage the Appointment and Remuneration Committee formulates the proposal to put to the Board of Directors. In the third stage, the Board of Directors examines and approves the Remuneration Policy plan to put to the Shareholders' Meeting. In the fourth stage, the Shareholders' Meeting passes a resolution on the Remuneration Policy plan with a binding vote. In the fifth and final stage, the Shareholders' Meeting determines the fee for the members of the Board of Statutory Auditors on their appointment and for the whole duration of the engagement.

Regarding the ways in which the Remuneration Policy for directors, auditors and top management helps pursue the Company's sustainable success, reference should be made to the 2026 Remuneration Report, section I, paragraph 2 made available to the public at the Company's registered office as well as on the Company's website ([www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz)).

- At the date of this Report, the Chief Executive Officer's remuneration is not linked to the achievement of sustainability objectives, as it currently does not include short-term variable components, which typically reward the attainment of such objectives. However, according

to the 2026 Remuneration Report, the Chief Executive Officer will be assigned a medium- to long-term variable component in 2026, and the Company will assess the possibility of linking this component to non-financial objectives relating to sustainability issues, as well. In any event, the remuneration of Strategic Executives includes a variable component linked to short-term performance objectives, which are also connected to sustainability and corporate social responsibility topics. The remuneration system is therefore deemed to achieve the objective underlying the principles of the Corporate Governance Code and contributes to sound corporate governance, as the variable remuneration of certain top managers is linked to performance objectives also aimed at promoting the Company's sustainable success.

The remuneration of both executive and non-executive directors and auditors is defined in the Company's Remuneration Policy, which takes into account the remuneration practices which are widespread in the relevant sectors and for similar size companies, also considering comparable situations abroad. The Policy is described in the 2026 Remuneration Report to which reference should be made for more details. The Report is made available to the public at the Company's registered office and on the Company's website ([www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz)).

## **Remuneration of executive directors and top management**

Regarding the remuneration policy envisaged for Executive Directors, and for the Strategic Executives, reference should be made to the description in section I, paragraph 3 of the 2026 Remuneration Report made available to the public at the Company's registered office and on the Company's website ([www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz)).

- In consideration of the current economic context in which it operates, the Company has decided not to adopt for the moment the ex-post correction mechanisms for variable pay. This decision was assessed as part of the resolutions of the Board of Directors approving the short and medium/long-term incentives. This decision, however, achieves the objective underpinning the principles of the Corporate Governance Code and contributes to good corporate governance since the introduction of ex-post correction mechanisms in the current economic context would be disadvantageous, prejudicing the retention principle which the Company wishes to pursue with the Remuneration Policy and which is a feature of good corporate governance. The Company will assess the possible inclusion of ex-post correction mechanisms in consideration of the trend in the economic situation in the future.

## Share-based remuneration plans

The information on share-based remuneration plans was published in the 2026 Remuneration Report, section I, paragraph 3.2, made available to the public at the Company's registered office and on the Company's website ([www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz)).

The Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on 17 April 2025 approved a medium/long-term incentive plan, the 2025-2027 LTI Plan, concerning the free allocation of an Equity Portion, for a maximum of 10,436,654 shares of the Company, and of the Cash Portion, consisting of a monetary component, gross of taxes and welfare and social security contributions (the so-called Cash Portion) in the event of overachievement.

- The 2025-2027 LTI Plan includes a vesting period of three years rather than five years, as it considers this more appropriate for the purpose of pursuing the loyalty and retention of top management in the particularly complex economic scenario in which the Company operates, also considering that the shares of the 2025-2027 LTI Plan are assigned in a single instalment at the end of the plan. Furthermore, the three-year vesting period is aligned with the three-year term of the new Board of Directors, appointed by the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of 17 April 2025. This choice fulfils the objective underlying the principles of the Corporate Governance Code and contributes to good corporate governance, as the Company believes that the overall vesting period of the 2025-2027 LTI Plan and the related lock-up period generally allow the interests of shareholders to be aligned over a medium to long-term horizon.

## Remuneration of non-executive directors

The information on the remuneration of non-executive directors was published in the 2026 Remuneration Report, section I, paragraph 5.2, and section II paragraph 1.2. The report is made available to the public at the Company's registered office and on the Company's website ([www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz)).

## Vesting and payment of remuneration

The Board of Directors monitors that the remuneration paid and vested is coherent with the principles defined in the policy with the support of the Appointment and Remuneration Committee which assesses the concrete application of the Remuneration Policy and, in particular, the effective achievement of the performance objectives.

For more details reference should be made to the 2026 Remuneration Report made available to the public at the Company's registered office and on the Company's website ([www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz)).

For information regarding the integration of sustainability performance into the incentive systems, please refer to the section "GOV-3: *Integration of sustainability-related performance in incentive schemes*" of the Sustainability Report.

## Indemnity due to directors in the event of resignation, dismissal or termination of employment following a takeover bid (pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 1, letter i), FCA)

The Policy relating to the indemnity envisaged in the case of end of term of office or termination of the employment relationship is described in section I, paragraph 4, and in section II, paragraph 3 of the 2026 Remuneration Report made available to the public at the Company's registered office and on the Company's website ([www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz)).

With regard to the agreements between the Company and the Directors providing for severance payments in the event of resignation or dismissal without just cause, or in the event that their employment relationship ceases following a tender offer, it should be noted, in particular, that the agreement governing the relationship between the Company and the Chief Executive Officer provides – in the event of early termination of office as member of the Board of Directors and/or as Chief Executive Officer, in the absence of just cause pursuant to art. 2383 of the Italian Civil Code – for the payment of an overall severance indemnity equal to 3 monthly instalments of

remuneration, in addition to the payment of any remuneration accrued up to the date of termination.

As disclosed by the Company in a specific press release published on 23 July 2025, the Company paid the former Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Enrico Mistrion, a gross amount of Euro 1,025,000 in connection with the consensual termination of both his directorship and employment relationship, as well as his waiver of any and all rights and claims against the Company and any other company within the Geox Group arising from, or in any way related to the aforementioned relationships and their termination, in accordance with the provisions set out in the termination agreement executed on the same date. It was also provided that, until 31 December 2025, Mr. Enrico Mistrion would continue to benefit from FASl coverage and the Company's supplementary health insurance policy with AON, as well as from the use of the company car.

## **8.2 APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Board of Directors of 17 April 2025 set up an Appointment and Remuneration Committee covering preliminary analysis, providing consultancy services and making proposals for the Board of Directors, as recommended by the Corporate Governance Code.

### **Composition and operation of the Appointment and Remuneration Committee pursuant to art. 123-bis, paragraph 2, letter d), FCA**

The Committee consists of at least three non-executive directors, the majority of whom are independent and are appointed by the Board of Directors, one of whom acts as Chair and is chosen from among the independent directors. The Chairman of the Board of Directors cannot chair the Committee. At least one member of the Committee possesses adequate knowledge and experience on finance or pay policies, which should be assessed by the Board of Directors on appointment.

The Appointment and Remuneration Committee meets with the frequency needed to fulfil its functions, at the call of the Chair of the Committee itself. The Chair of the Committee plans and coordinates the activities of the Committee, represents it, calls it and chairs and manages its meetings, informing the Board of Directors of the resolutions taken by the Committee at the first available meeting. Should they be absent or prevented from attending, the Chair is replaced by the oldest member of the Committee present.

The Chair of the Committee can invite to individual meetings the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the other directors and, by informing the Chief Executive Officer of the same, members of the corporate departments by subject matter and people from outside the Company, in order to provide relevant information and assessments in reference to individual points on the agenda. The meetings of the Committee see the participation of the Chair of the Board of Statutory Auditors or another standing auditor nominated by the latter. Meetings of the Committee can be attended by the other members of the Board of Statutory Auditors. The call notice is sent by the Chair of the Committee by email usually at least three days before the date set for the meeting, or, in an emergency, at least one day before this date, to all the members of the Committee, to the Board of Statutory Auditors, and to any other manager who may be entitled to intervene on the issues under examination and to identify the actions needed to address potentially critical situations. The notice contains an indication of the date and place of the meeting, as well as the items to be addressed. In any case the meeting of the Committee is understood as validly called, albeit without a formal call within the deadlines and with the means specified above, should all the members of the Committee be present or the majority of them are present and those absent have notified in writing that they are aware of the meeting and have no objection to the fact that the meeting will be held in their absence. The Committee may meet using audio/video conferencing provided that all the participants can be identified and it is possible for them to follow the discussion and to intervene in real time in the handling of the issues addressed. The meeting is considered held in the place where the Chair of the Committee is located. The Committee shall be validly established with the majority of members in office present and shall resolve with an absolute majority of those voting.

Any member of the Committee must abstain from voting if he or she should find himself or herself in conflict of interest concerning a specific item on the agenda. Should this obligation not be respected, the resolution should be considered as not validly adopted if the vote of the member who should have abstained was decisive in obtaining the necessary majority. It is understood that no director takes part in the meetings of the Committee in which proposals are made regarding their remuneration.

Information concerning the Committee's operation and activities is also detailed in the Remuneration Report.

The meetings and the related resolutions passed are recorded in specific minutes drawn up by the Secretary, if appointed, or should a secretary not have been appointed, by the members of

the Committee, and signed by all the members who took part and by the secretary, if appointed.

The Chair provides information on this at the first available Board of Directors.

In the reporting period, the Appointment and Remuneration Committee consisted of non-executive directors, the majority of whom were independent, with the Chair chosen from among the independent directors. In addition, at least one member of the Committee has knowledge and experience on finance or pay policies.

During the reporting period, the Appointment and Remuneration Committee met 8 times. The average duration of the meetings was approximately one hour.

At the date of this Report, the Appointment and Remuneration Committee has already met 2 times in 2026.

During the reporting period, the Director of Human Resources, Organization and Corporate Services and the General Counsel attended the Committee regularly.

In all the meetings in which people who are not members of the Committee took part, participation occurred on the invitation of the Chair of the Committee itself and, when people from the competent company departments took part, the Chief Executive Officer was informed. Members of the Board of Statutory Auditors were able to attend the meetings.

## **Functions of the Appointment and Remuneration Committee on remuneration**

In reference to the duties and functions of the Committee on the remuneration of directors, General Managers, auditors and Executives with strategic responsibilities, the Committee undertakes the following activities:

- assisting the Board of Directors in defining the remuneration policy and the remuneration paid (in compliance with the provisions of art. 123-ter of the FCA);
- making proposals or expressing opinions on the remuneration of executive directors and other directors who hold particular offices, as well as setting performance objectives linked to the variable component of such remuneration;
- monitoring the actual implementation of the remuneration policy and verifying, in particular, the effective achievement of performance objectives;
- assessing on a regular basis the adequacy and overall consistency of the policy for the remuneration of directors and top management.

In particular, for the reporting period, the Appointment and Remuneration Committee mainly undertook, in the role of Remuneration Committee, the following activities:

- It reviewed the data and objectives relating to the assessment of the short-term variable remuneration (“MBO”) for the Chief Executive Officer and the Strategic Executives for 2024.
- It reviewed and approved the proposal submitted by the Company for granting the MBO scheme to the Chief Executive Officer and Strategic Executives for the year 2025, to be submitted to the Board of Directors.
- It reviewed and approved the new medium-/long-term 2025-2027 Equity (Stock Grant) & Cash-Based incentive plan, which provides for the free allocation of a maximum of 10,436,654 ordinary shares of the Company (so-called "Equity Portion") as well as the payment of a cash component for a maximum gross amount of Euro 855,806 in the event of overachieving certain targets (so-called "Cash Portion"), in favour of the Chief Executive Officer, Strategic Executives, as well as of Executives and Key People of Geox or of other Group companies.
- It examined the letter dated 17 December 2024 from the Chair of the Corporate Governance Committee, in relation to the issues falling within its area of responsibility.
- It approved the Report on Remuneration Policy and Remuneration Paid, prepared pursuant to art. 123-ter of the FCA and pursuant to art. 84-quater and Annex 3A, model 7-bis of Consob Issuers' Regulation, to be submitted to the Board of Directors.
- Following the Shareholders' Meeting of 17 April 2025, after allocation by the Shareholders' Meeting, in its capacity as Remuneration Committee, it examined and approved the proposed allocation of the remuneration of Directors, including those holding special offices, for the period from 17 April 2025 until the date of approval of the financial statements as at 31 December 2027 – to be submitted to the Board of Directors.
- It reviewed the terms concerning the termination of the employment relationship and directorship of the Chief Executive Officer and Strategic Executive Enrico Mistrion, also by virtue of the resolutions already adopted by the Board of Directors on 1 March 2024, and submitted them to the Board of Directors for approval;
- It reviewed the remuneration package and the clauses governing ex ante the severance indemnity of the new Chief Executive Officer Francesco Di Giovanni, and submitted them to the Board of Directors for approval; furthermore, within the same context, with regard to the remuneration package of the Chief Executive Officer, it proposed to derogate from the Policy for 2025, submitting the proposal to the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee in its capacity as the Committee for Less Significant Related Parties.

- It approved the periodic half-yearly Remuneration Report for the 1st half of 2025 and submitted it to the Board of Directors for its approval on 30 July 2025.
- It assessed and approved the proposed severance indemnity in favour of a Strategic Executive, to be submitted to the Board of Directors.

For further information relating to the functions of the Appointment and Remuneration Committee, reference should be made to the description in the Report on Remuneration, prepared pursuant to art. 123-ter of the Finance Consolidation Act and available on the Company's website in the Governance section.

Whilst carrying out its functions, the Committee was able to access the information and corporate functions necessary for the performance of its tasks, as well as avail itself of outside consultants. In meeting any expenses, the Committee made use of financial resources within the limits established by the Board of Directors.

## 9. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL AUDIT SYSTEM AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE

The Board of Directors defined, in accordance with Company strategies, the guidelines of the Risk Management and Internal Audit System (hereinafter also “**RM-IAS**”) through the coordination of the dedicated internal bodies and the assessment of their periodical reports, so that the main risks regarding the Company and its subsidiaries are correctly identified, and adequately measured, handled and monitored, in order to contribute to the Company’s sustainable success.

The Board of Directors formulates its strategies and adopts the related decisions on the basis of a corporate risk management process which is inspired by leading international practices, but also taking into due consideration the national guidelines issued by organizations active in the sectors in which Geox operates. This risk management process is put in place in order to identify potential events which may influence the corporate activity, to manage risk within the limits of acceptable risk and to provide reasonable certainty on the achievement of the corporate objectives in strategic, operational, reporting and compliance terms.

Annually the Board of Directors, subject to the opinion of the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, reviews and, if necessary, redefines the guidelines on the RM-IAS, including the Enterprise Risk Management (“**ERM**”) process, so that the main risks regarding the issuer and its subsidiaries are correctly identified, as well as adequately measured, managed and monitored.

In addition, the Board of Directors defines, on the basis of the strategic objectives and the corporate business plan, the level of compatibility of the risks in relation to management of the Company which is coherent with the strategic objectives identified.

### MAIN FEATURES OF THE RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL AUDIT SYSTEM

#### *Background*

The Risk Management and Internal Audit System is implemented by the Board of Directors, top managers and other company functions.

The Company’s Risk Management and Internal Audit System:

- consists of the set of rules, procedures and organisational structures aimed at enabling the identification, measurement, management and monitoring of the main risks and at supporting informed decision-making;

- contributes to conducting business in line with the corporate objectives, with a view to the sustainability of the Company's activities in the medium and long term, and to safeguarding corporate assets, as well as ensuring the efficiency and effectiveness of business processes;
- is used to define strategies across the entire organisation and is designed to identify potential events that may affect business activities, to manage risk within risk tolerance levels and to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of corporate objectives, including the reliability, accuracy, dependability and timeliness of information provided to the corporate bodies and to the market, compliance with laws and regulations as well as with the Articles of Association and internal procedures.

The organization of the Risk Management and Internal Audit System involves each for their own areas of responsibility:

- the Board of Directors, which is responsible for steering and assessing the adequacy of the system;
- the Chief Executive Officer, who is responsible for setting up and maintaining the Risk Management and Internal Audit System;
- the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, which is a Board Committee with the task of supporting its assessments and decisions relating to the Risk Management and Internal Audit System and to the approval of periodic financial and sustainability reports;
- the head of the Internal Audit Department who is responsible for verifying that the Risk Management and Internal Audit System is operational, suitable and coherent with the guidelines defined by the Board of Directors;
- the other corporate functions involved in the controls (such as the departments for risk management and overseeing legal risk and non-compliance), which are broken down in relation to the size, sector, complexity and risk profile of the company;
- the Board of Statutory Auditors, which oversees the efficiency of the Risk Management and Internal Audit System.

For information regarding the roles and responsibilities of the administration, management and control bodies in overseeing procedures aimed at managing significant risks, impacts and opportunities, please refer to the section “GOV-I: The role of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies” of the Sustainability Report.

For information on how the administration, management and control bodies are informed about sustainability issues and how these issues were addressed during the reporting period, please refer to

the section “GOV-2: Information provided to and sustainability matters addressed by the undertaking’s administrative, management and supervisory bodies” of the Sustainability Report.

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Furthermore, since the entry into force of Law 262/2005, Geox has implemented procedures aimed at increasing the transparency of corporate reporting and making the internal control system more effective, especially controls relating to financial reporting, of which they are part.

In particular, Geox’s Risk Management and Internal Audit System was created on the basis of the CoSO Report - Enterprise Risk Management Integrated Framework, issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organization of the Treadway Commission, whilst taking into due account the national guidelines issued by the organizations operating in the same sectors as Geox’s.

With regard to the Internal Control over Sustainability Reporting, as part of the process of alignment with the requirements set out in Italian Legislative Decree 125/2024, in 2024 Geox initiated a process of definition and progressive implementation of a risk management and internal audit model concerning Sustainability Reporting, aimed at ensuring the reliability of such reporting and its compliance with EU ESRS.

In exercising its activity of managing and coordinating subsidiary companies, Geox establishes the general principles concerning the operations of the Risk Management and Internal Audit System for the whole Group. It is understood that each subsidiary implements these principles in line with local regulations and through organizational structures and operating procedures that are appropriate to the specific context.

#### *Enterprise Risk Management*

The Company has adopted a structured Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") model based on best governance practices and in line with the **CoSO ERM** framework, integrated in the broader Risk Management and Internal Audit System.

The approach is based on a continuous and cyclical process of identification, assessment, management and monitoring of the main business risks, including strategic, operational, financial, compliance and ESG-related risks.

A central role is given to the corporate governance bodies:

- the Board of Directors defines the risk appetite guidelines, ensures the overall adequacy of the system and oversees its correct application;

- the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee supports the Board in its assessments and decisions relating to the risk management and internal audit system, receiving periodic updates on the overall level of risk exposure and on the evolution of the ERM framework;
- the Director in charge of the risk management and internal audit system oversees the implementation of the guidelines defined by the Board and supervises the functioning of the system;
- the function responsible for managing the ERM process coordinates the methodological activities, ensures a uniform approach to risk assessment, updates the risk map and facilitates dialogue with Risk Owners;
- the Internal Audit function carries out independent assurance activities on the effectiveness of the Internal Audit System, integrating the results of its assessments with the outcomes of the ERM process.

The ERM process consists of several phases:

- **definition of the scope** in line with the medium to long-term objectives and with developments in the internal and external environment;
- **ongoing analysis of risk scenarios** and emerging issues relevant to the sector and the Company;
- **risk assessment** using consistent qualitative and quantitative criteria, based on the analysis of probability, impacts and comparison with defined risk thresholds. This analysis includes, among others, ESG risks and opportunities relevant for the purposes of defining Financial Materiality;
- **formalisation and updating of the Risk Register**, which collects essential information on each risk, identifies the relevant Risk Owners and serves as the instrument for sharing and validation at company level;
- **periodic monitoring** of risk trends and related mitigation plans, with regular reporting to the competent corporate bodies.

The integration of ERM within the Internal Audit System contributes to:

- fostering responsible and informed risk management;
- clearly defining roles and responsibilities;
- ensuring consistency between the definition of corporate objectives and the assessment of associated risks;
- guiding management decisions and mitigation priorities;
- strengthening corporate resilience in an increasingly competitive and evolving regulatory environment.

**Description of the main features of the existing risk management and internal audit system in relation to the financial and sustainability reporting process:**

- Phases of the existing Risk Management and Internal Audit System in relation to the financial reporting process

*Identification of Risks in relation to financial reporting*

The Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and the Manager in charge of corporate financial reporting pursuant to art. 154-bis of the FCA (the "**Manager in Charge**") – within the framework of the Risk Management and Internal Audit System relating to the financial reporting process – annually identify the main risks pertaining to the process (the so-called scoping activity). It should be noted that, until 17 April 2025, the roles of Chief Financial Officer and Manager in Charge were held by different individuals, whereas from 17 April 2025 onwards they have been combined in the same person. The risk identification process involves identification of the Group companies and the operating flows liable to material errors or fraud, in relation to the economic values presented in the items of Geox's financial statements and/or the consolidated financial statements.

The result of the scoping activity is the definition of a set of Company processes/legal entities, in consideration of the typical risks incurred in the preparation of financial information intended for the public.

The companies and processes considered to be significant with reference to the financial reporting process shall be identified through quantitative and qualitative analyses.

By referring to national and international market best practices, the quantitative selection of companies shall be made on the basis of consolidated data, taking into account the contribution of the single companies to the formation of such data.

The companies not relevant from a quantitative viewpoint shall be subject to qualitative analysis to verify whether or not their characteristics are such as to make it necessary to include them in the analysis of the Internal Audit System.

Some of the factors, among others, considered in the analysis are indicated below:

- presence of specific risks in connection with certain sections of the financial statements, likely to result in relevant mistakes in the Group's financial reporting;
- extraordinary transactions (mergers / demergers / acquisitions) that could result in a relevant mistake in the financial statements;
- non-recurrent transactions with related parties of a considerable amount;

- presence of local factors that impact on the performance of activities (for example, country with a high level of corruption / fraud risk);
- company subject to special tax rules or residing in countries included in blacklists.

For each relevant company, the main classes of transactions (or significant processes) that lead to the formation of the related financial statements shall be identified.

The identification of significant processes includes, first of all, the identification of significant accounts, i.e. of those accounts that exceed, in relation to the amounts appearing in the last statement of assets and liability and profit and loss account, a threshold of materiality identified on an annual basis.

In the context of each process so identified, events that may compromise the objectives of the financial reporting process shall be pinpointed.

#### *Assessment of the Risks on financial reporting*

For each risk, the management shall define the limits of tolerance in the likelihood of occurrence and in the impact that such risks may produce.

Risks shall be identified by classifying them on the basis of the main sources of risk identified on a regular basis.

The assessment consequent to the identification of the events of risk must be made in relation to the two aspects of risk analysis, namely, the likelihood of occurrence and the potential impact on objectives.

The importance of the risk shall be assessed both for the purpose of determining the relevant risk and for the assessment of the residual risk, in order to enable the correct interpretation of the degree of exposure to risk and the redefinition, if any, of the risk management strategy.

As a matter of fact, the risk management strategy must be re-considered on the basis of the actual reduction of the likelihood of occurrence, of the impact or of both these elements on the part of the defined reactions.

- Phases of the existing risk management and internal audit system in relation to the Sustainability Reporting process

#### *Definition of scope of Sustainability Reporting*

On an annual basis, Geox carries out a scope update activity aimed at ensuring that the process for Sustainability Reporting is in line with the most relevant reporting standards and enables verification of compliance with ESRS.

The scope is initially defined by assessing and prioritizing Disclosure Requirements, based on a risk/materiality analysis carried out by means of quantitative and qualitative drivers, combining external and internal factors (e.g. double materiality analysis, etc.). Subsequently, the outcomes of such analysis are supplemented by further qualitative assessments, aimed at considering strategic and managerial drivers that may generate significant impacts on Sustainability Reporting.

### *Process-level analysis*

Geox's approach includes an analysis of the business processes on which Sustainability Reporting is based, with the objective of assessing the controls in place to oversee them. Specifically, this analysis includes the following operational stages:

- analysis of the main process activities;
- identification of risks, with reference to the inaccuracy, incompleteness, non-traceability and non-comparability of data and information and/or non-compliance with reporting standards, arising from possible errors in the process of collecting and processing the relevant information;
- identification and assessment of control activities, such as approval controls and management review activities, data reconciliation, consistency of Sustainability Reporting with the applicable ESRS, and comparison of data with available historical series.

The outcome of such activity consists in the preparation of activity/risk/control matrices (the so-called Risk and Control Matrix), which describe the procedures and control activities in place to oversee the risk of material errors in the processes of collecting, processing and reporting sustainability information.

### **Monitoring**

The findings of the risk assessment and internal controls are integrated into the business processes through a process of continuous monitoring and periodic verification of key controls, with a view to implementing, where necessary, appropriate remedial actions, such as the introduction of compensating controls or amendments to operational processes, in order to ensure adequate oversight of critical areas. Such process includes cooperation with corporate bodies, such as the Board of Directors, the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee and the Head of Internal Audit.

### **Assessment regarding regulatory compliance**

Since 2018 the Company has adopted the Global Compliance Program, a document prepared in order to oversee issues relating to the Group's compliance in the countries where it operates. The "Global

Compliance Guidelines” were subsequently updated by the Board of Directors on 8 November 2022, in order to:

- introduce references to the UNI ISO 37001 Certification and make a connection with Geox’s Prevention of Corruption System.
- expanding the categories of offences covered, in line with the best practices developed in recent years in terms of integrated group-level compliance and with a view to considering new categories of offences (including predicate offences as per Italian Legislative Decree 231/2001). Specifically:
  - references and principles of conduct relating to tax offences and organized crime offences were introduced;
  - two new sections were introduced, related to (i) unlawful competition offences and (ii) smuggling offences.

In addition, in line with the control systems described previously, Geox positively completed the process to obtain ISO 37001 certification on policies to combat active and passive corruption. In 2025 the certification was confirmed through a maintenance audit.

The Anti-Corruption Policy was updated also with a view to complying with the Whistleblowing regulations and the most recent version is available on the Company’s website at [www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz).

### ***Identification of controls in view of identified risks***

Control activities include the policies and procedures that ensure to the management the correct implementation of risk management measures. Control activities shall be implemented throughout the company organization, at all functional and management levels.

Such activities are represented by a set of diversified transactions such as, by way of example, without limitation, approvals, authorizations, comparisons, reconciliations, protection measures, separation of tasks, etc.

Control activities may operate with ex-ante effects (so-called preventive activities) or ex-post effects (so-called detective activities) and they may be performed manually by the person in charge of controls or be integrated in the Company’s automated computer systems.

### ***Assessment of controls in view of identified risks***

Controls are generally assessable in relation to many characteristics, but within the financial reporting process, they must ensure the correct implementation of at least two characteristics:

- traceability: a control must leave traces of its execution;

- effectiveness: a control must effectively mitigate, alone or jointly with other controls, the associated risk by acting alternatively or jointly on the likelihood of occurrence and impact of the risk.

Controls shall be assessed by analysing the correct aims of control activities and their actual and effective application over time.

In relation to the financial reporting process, control activities shall be assessed in two half-yearly sessions, possibly followed by equally regular follow-up phases, should some problematic aspects emerge.

### **Whistleblowing**

During 2023, the Company completed the process of adapting its Whistleblowing system (originally implemented in 2018) to the new regulatory provisions set out in Italian Legislative Decree No. 24<sup>1</sup> of 10 March 2023, which introduced new rules on whistleblowing, also impacting Italian Legislative Decree No. 231/2001.

In this regard, the Company initially approved the Whistleblowing Procedure, adopted pursuant to Italian Legislative Decree 24/2023, and subsequently amended it in order to incorporate the ANAC Guidelines on whistleblowing, published on 14 July 2023. Specifically, the possibility to make reports via the computerized reporting platform not only in written form, but also in oral form (via a voice messaging system) has been added.

### **Roles and functions involved**

Without prejudice to the responsibility of every company manager as described in point a), the main parties within the Risk Management and Internal Audit System in relation to the financial reporting process are:

- the Board of Directors, which is responsible for steering and assessing the adequacy of the Risk Management and Internal Audit System;
- the Chief Executive Officer (CEO), who is responsible for setting up and maintaining the Risk Management and Internal Audit System.
- the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, which, in order to support the Board of Directors, analyses the results of audit activities on the Risk Management and Internal Audit System to identify the actions to be taken, if any;
- the Internal Audit Department, which, remaining objective and independent, provides methodological advice in the assessment of the adequacy and effective application of the control procedures defined

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<sup>1</sup> Implementation of Directive (EU) 2019/1937 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2019 on the protection of persons who report breaches of Union law and on provisions for the protection of persons who report breaches of national laws.

by the Manager in Charge. In this regard, the Internal Audit Department shall also report any relevant circumstance of which it becomes aware to the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee and to the Manager in Charge;

- the Board of Statutory Auditors which, in order to support the Board of Directors, oversees compliance with the law and the Articles of Association, compliance with the principles of correct administration, the adequacy of the organizational structure (for aspects under its responsibility), the Risk Management and Internal Audit System as well as the administrative-accounting system and the reliability of the latter to correctly represent operations. The Board of Statutory Auditors also oversees the Internal Control over Sustainability Reporting and its adequacy in ensuring compliance with the applicable reporting standards and the specific requirements laid down by Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (the so-called EU Taxonomy);
- the Supervisory Body pursuant to Leg. Decree 231/01, which acts within the scope of its supervisory activities for corporate crimes envisaged by Leg. Decree 231/01, identifying risk scenarios and verifying at first hand compliance with the control systems. Furthermore, the Supervisory Authority monitors compliance with and application of the group's Code of Ethics.

For information regarding the main characteristics of its internal risk management and control systems, please refer to the section “GOV-5: Risk management and internal controls on sustainability reporting” of the Sustainability Report.

On 11 March 2026, the Board of Directors, having taken account of the indications provided by the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, as well as of the work made by the head of the Internal Audit Department, expressed a positive assessment on the adequacy, effectiveness and the effective functioning of the risk management and internal audit system for the reporting period.

## 9.1 CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

In 2025 and in particular following the renewal of the Board of Directors on 17 April 2025, and subsequently on 23 July 2025 upon the co-optation of the new Director and Chief Executive Officer Francesco Di Giovanni, pursuant to Recommendation 32 of the Corporate Governance Code, the Chief Executive Officer was entrusted with the establishment and maintenance of the risk management and internal audit system.

Accordingly, with effect from 17 April 2025, the Chief Executive Officer has fulfilled the duties set out in Recommendation 34 as the director responsible for establishing and maintaining the risk management and internal audit system and, in particular, he:

- (i) oversaw the identification of the main business risks, taking into account the characteristics of the activities carried out by the Company and its subsidiaries, and periodically submitted them to the Board for review;
- (ii) implemented the strategic guidelines defined by the Board, overseeing the design, establishment and management of the risk management and internal audit system and continuously verifying its adequacy and effectiveness, as well as overseeing its update to changes in operating conditions and in the legislative and regulatory framework;
- (iii) in addition to the plan reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer entrusted the Internal Audit Department with carrying out assessments on specific operational areas and on compliance with internal rules and procedures in the execution of business transactions, simultaneously notifying the Chairman of the Board, the Chair of the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee and the Chair of the Board of Statutory Auditors;
- (iv) no circumstances were identified regarding issues or critical matters arising while performing his activities or otherwise brought to his attention that would require prompt reporting to the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee in order for the Committee to take appropriate action.

## 9.2 AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE

The Board of Directors has set up an Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee.

During 2025, the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee met 11 times. A similar or slightly lower number of meetings is expected to be held this year. As at the date of this Report, the Committee has already met 2 times in 2026.

The meetings, which lasted approximately two years on average, were coordinated by a chair and were duly recorded in minutes. Some meetings were attended by individuals who are not members of the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee and their participation took place upon the invitation of the Chair of the Committee and with regard to specific items on the agenda informing the Chief Executive Officer of the same should people from the company departments responsible for a specific issue take part.

The Committee consists of at least three non-executive directors, the majority of whom are independent and are appointed by the Board of Directors, one of whom acts as Chair and is chosen from among the

independent directors. The Chairman of the Board of Directors cannot chair the Committee. The Committee overall has adequate knowledge of the business sector in which the Company operates in order to assess the related risks. The Committee members have recognized experience in accounting and finance, and such experience was deemed adequate by the Board of Directors at the time they were appointed.

The Chair of the Committee may invite to individual meetings the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the other directors and, by informing the Chief Executive Officer thereof, members of the corporate departments in the relevant area, such as, for example, the Chief Financial Officer, the General Counsel, the Director of Human Resources, Organization and Corporate Services and the Manager in Charge (until 17 April 2025, the role of Manager in Charge was held by a person other than the Chief Financial Officer).

The meetings of the Committee see the participation of the Chair of the Board of Statutory Auditors (or another standing auditor nominated by the latter) and the head of the Company's Internal Audit Department. Other members of the Board of Statutory Auditors can also attend the meetings of the Committee.

This Committee has been assigned the tasks as set out in Recommendation 33 and in particular the Committee supports the Board of Directors in carrying out the duties relating to the Risk Management and Internal Audit System, specifically:

- in the definition of the guidelines of the Risk Management and Internal Audit System in coherence with the Company's strategies;
- in the assessment, on at least an annual basis, regarding the adequacy of the risk management and internal audit system in regard to the characteristics of the business and the risk profile taken on, as well as in regard to its effectiveness;
- in the appointment and termination of the head of the Internal Audit Department and in all the related activities in accordance with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code. Should the Board of Directors decide to entrust the Internal Audit Department, overall or for parts of its operations, to a subject from outside the Company, the Committee supports the Board in guaranteeing that the person has suitable prerequisites of professional standing, independence and organization, without prejudice to the fact that the Board of Directors must provide adequate motivation for this choice in the Report on corporate governance;
- in the approval, at least on an annual basis, of the work plan prepared by the head of the Internal Audit Department, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors and the Chief Executive Officer;

- in the assessment of the opportunity to adopt measures to guarantee the effectiveness and impartiality of the other company departments indicated in Recommendation 32, letter e), of the Corporate Governance Code, verifying that they have adequate professional standing and resources;
- in the assignment to the audit body, or to a specifically created body, of supervisory functions under art. 6, paragraph 1, of Italian Legislative Decree 231/2001;
- in the assessment, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, of the results set out by the independent auditor in its letter of suggestion, if any, and in the supplementary report sent to the audit body;
- in the description of the main characteristics of the Risk Management and Internal Audit System in the Report on corporate governance and the means of coordination among the subjects involved in it, indicating the key national and international models and best practice and the overall assessment of the adequacy of the system itself.

In addition, the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, in conformity with Recommendation 35 of the Corporate Governance Code, in support of the Board of Directors:

- assesses, having consulted the manager in charge of corporate financial reporting and the independent auditor and the Board of Statutory Auditors, the correct use of the accounting standards and their homogeneity for the purposes of drafting the consolidated financial statements;
- assesses that periodic, financial and sustainability reporting is suitable to correctly represent the Company's business model, strategies, the impact of its business and the performance achieved, by coordinating its activities with the Appointment and Remuneration Committee;
- examines the contents of the Sustainability Report which is relevant for the purposes of the Risk Management and Internal Audit System;
- expresses opinions on specific aspects regarding the identification of the main corporate risks and supports the assessments and decisions of the Board of Directors relating to the management of risks arising from prejudicial facts of which the latter has become aware;
- examines the periodic reports and those of particular importance prepared by the Internal Audit Department;
- monitors the autonomy, adequacy, effectiveness and efficiency of the Internal Audit Department;
- may entrusts the Internal Audit Department – wherever it deems it necessary – with checks on specific operating areas, simultaneously informing the Chair of the Board of Statutory Auditors;
- reports to the Board of Directors, at least on approval of the annual, half-year financial reports and sustainability reports, on the work undertaken and on the adequacy of the risk management and internal audit system.

In addition, the Committee, in its role as the Committee for sustainability, undertakes preliminary analyses, makes proposals and provides consultancy to the Board of Directors on the sustainability of corporate policies, in particular:

- oversees the sustainability policies connected to carrying out its business and its work on stakeholder engagement;
- examines the guidelines of the strategic sustainability plan proposed by the Chief Executive Officer and monitors progress in the activities and projects contained in the plan;
- examines the consolidated sustainability reporting statement in compliance with the Consob Regulation adopted with resolution 20267/2018;
- expresses, at the request of the Board of Directors or of the Chief Executive Officer, opinions on sustainability issues.

In addition, the Company's Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee can undertake, provided that it has the prerequisites in terms of composition envisaged by the applicable legal and regulatory provisions, the functions attributed to the committees responsible for related party transactions (RPT) (Committee for Less Significant RPTs) envisaged by the Regulation to govern related-party transactions approved by the Board of Directors with its resolution of 28 October 2010 in conformity with the Consob RPT Regulation and subsequently updated and modified by the Board of Directors, lastly on 31 July 2024.

During the reporting period, as part of the main activities undertaken by the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, the latter:

Until 17 April 2025, in its former composition, the Committee:

- issued a favourable opinion in relation to the update of the two-year Audit Plan prepared by the Head of the Internal Audit for years 2024-2025, with reference to the 2025 activities, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors;
- took note of the 2024 activities of the Internal Audit Department. The Committee also monitored the work carried out by the Internal Audit Department, including the implementation of action plans regarding the corrective measures necessary to ensure continuous improvement of the RM-IAS;
- supported the Company in the ERM update activity, with the assistance of PricewaterhouseCoopers Business Services S.r.l., coordinated by the Head of Internal Audit, in particular with regard to the update of Risk Assessment and the monitoring indicators for the Top Risks, the final considerations of which were submitted to the Board of Directors on 5 March 2025;

- evaluated, together with the Chief Financial Officer and the Manager in charge of corporate financial reporting pursuant to Italian Law no. 262/05 and the party in charge of the legal audit KPMG S.p.A., the adoption of administrative and accounting procedures;
- together with the Chief Financial Officer and the Manager in charge of corporate financial reporting, and having consulted the Independent Auditor and the Board of Statutory Auditors, assessed the correct use of accounting standards and their consistency for the purposes of preparing the consolidated financial statements, in compliance with art. 6, Recommendation 35, letter a) of the Corporate Governance Code;
- took note of and endorsed the methodology adopted for assessing the annual impairment test process;
- expressed a favourable opinion on chapter 9 of the 2024 Report on Corporate Governance, relating to the Risk Management and Internal Audit System;
- examined the Sustainability Report included in the Report on the consolidated financial statements for the period ended 31.12.2024 pursuant to Italian Legislative Decree no. 125 of 6 September 2024, implementing Directive (EU) 2022/2464 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2022, so-called “CSRD”, prepared by the Manager in Charge and the Internal Audit Department, subject to the prior opinion of the Chief Financial Officer, expressing to the Board its positive assessment of the analyses and contents of the document with reference to the sustainability issues that proved to be material for the Group, taking into account the characteristics, and, overall, of the process of collecting data and information aimed at preparing the Group's Sustainability Report, and the Double Materiality analysis;
- declared the outcome of the preliminary investigation to be positive with regard to the approval of the financial report for the period ended 31 December 2024;
- monitored the independence, adequacy, effectiveness and efficiency of the Internal Audit Department, in compliance with art. 6 Recommendation 35 lett. f) of the Corporate Governance Code;
- took note of the half-yearly reports of the Data Protection Officer pursuant to the General Data Protection Regulation no. 2016/679 on the processing of personal data;

- with regard to the Head of the Internal Audit Department, it assessed and deemed adequate the objectives set for 2025 and positively assessed the 2024 objectives;
- took note of the periodic reports of the Company's Supervisory Body on the outcome of the assessments carried out and the initiatives undertaken pursuant to Italian Legislative Decree 231/01;
- acted as a Committee for Less Significant Related Parties Transactions on several occasions;
- continuously monitored, with the support of the Head of Internal Audit, the activities carried out by the Company with a view to integrating ESG criteria, evaluating them positively;
- took note of the rolling 12-month cash flow forecasts prior to capital increase;
- reported to the Board of Directors on the activities carried out and on the adequacy of the Risk Management and Internal Audit system.

Starting from 17 April 2025, in its current composition, the Committee:

- issued a favourable opinion with regard to the reappointment of the Head of the Internal Audit, Mr. Gabriele Lizzio, and his remuneration which is consistent with the Company's policies;
- took note of the Internal Audit Plan for 2025, already approved by the Committee in its former composition;
- examined, with the support of the Internal Audit Department and PricewaterhouseCoopers, the update of the documentation relating to the Enterprise Risk Management;
- took note of the rolling 12-month cash flow forecasts;
- took note of the review of the communication flows with the banks linked to the Net Financial Position following the financial package;
- acknowledged, having previously agreed to the proposal, the appointment of the Steering Committee for the purposes of certification for Gender Equality (ref. UNI PdR 125:2022);
- upon the appointment of the new Chief Executive Officer, in its capacity as the Committee for Less Significant Related Party Transactions, it issued its favourable opinion on the approval of the related temporary derogation from the remuneration policy;

- took note of the Internal Audit Department's activities carried out in the first half of 2025;
- evaluated, together with the Manager in charge of corporate financial reporting pursuant to Italian Law no. 262/05 and the party in charge of the legal audit KPMG S.p.A., the adoption of administrative and accounting procedures in relation to the half-year financial report;
- took note of and endorsed the methodology adopted for assessing the impairment test process in relation to the half-year financial report;
- positively assessed the preliminary investigation with regard to the approval of the half-year financial report as at 30 June 2025;
- in connection with the preparation of the 2025 Half-Year Financial Report, it requested and obtained information from KPMG S.p.A. regarding its limited audit review;
- took note favourably of the draft Regulations of the Manager in Charge to be submitted to the Board of Directors for approval;
- took note of the half-yearly report of the Data Protection Officer pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 (General Data Protection Regulation) and of the half-yearly report of the Company's Supervisory Body pursuant to Italian Legislative Decree 231/01.
- monitored the independence, adequacy, effectiveness and efficiency of the Internal Audit Department, in compliance with art. 6 Recommendation 35 lett. f) of the Corporate Governance Code;
- continuously examined and monitored – based on specific information flows also pertaining to the process of preparing the Consolidated Sustainability Report – matters relating to the Double Materiality Analysis and Stakeholder Engagement, as well as the ESG impacts, risks and opportunities (the so-called IROs) also connected to the Value Chain.

In this context, it promoted the direct involvement of the Board of Directors and of the Committee members in the process of assessing and defining the materiality of ESG topics by means of a specific survey, which contributed to a more comprehensive and integrated analysis aimed at confirming the findings of the Double Materiality Analysis process.

During 2025, the Committee also promoted a training session addressed to the new Board of Directors and other corporate bodies, with the support of Deloitte & Touche S.p.A., covering the alignment process undertaken by the Group since 2023 with regard to the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD), the main regulatory developments and the strategic and operational implications connected to ESG criteria.

Furthermore, the Committee carried out in-depth analysis of the above-mentioned topics, submitting any relevant recommendations to the Board of Directors, to which it regularly reports;

- analysed the organisational restructuring and downsizing plan and, in particular, it carried out a preliminary analysis of the risks connected to operational efficiency improvements, and monitored the related developments;
- requested and obtained updates on Enterprise Risk Management, including with reference to the restructuring plan;
- requested and obtained updates on case law concerning the risk of unlawful employment practices;
- conducted an in-depth analysis of quarterly data disclosure.

Furthermore, subsequent to 31 December 2025 and up to the date of this Report, it:

- took note of the 2025 activities of the Internal Audit Department. The Committee also monitored the work carried out by the Internal Audit Department, including the implementation of action plans regarding the corrective measures necessary to ensure continuous improvement of the RM-IAS;
- took note of the ERM update coordinated by the Head of Internal Audit with the support of PricewaterhouseCoopers Business Services S.r.l., in particular with regard to the update of Risk Assessment, including the update of the risks connected to operational efficiency improvements, in view of its submission to the Board of Directors on 11 March 2026;
- took note of the rolling 12-month cash flow forecasts;
- evaluated, together with the Manager in charge of corporate financial reporting pursuant to Italian Law no. 262/05 and the party in charge of the legal audit KPMG S.p.A., the adoption of administrative and accounting procedures in relation to the annual financial report;

- took note of and endorsed the methodology adopted for assessing the impairment test process in relation to the annual financial report;
- together with the Manager in charge of corporate financial reporting, and having consulted the Independent Auditor and the Board of Statutory Auditors, assessed the correct use of accounting standards and their consistency for the purposes of preparing the consolidated financial statements, in compliance with art. 6, Recommendation 35, letter a) of the Corporate Governance Code;
- assessed that the periodic, financial and non-financial disclosure is suitable to correctly represent the Company's business model, strategies, the impact of its business and the performance achieved, in relation to the approval of the Annual Financial Report;
- in connection with the preparation of the Annual Financial Report for the period ended 31 December 2025, it requested and obtained information from KPMG S.p.A. regarding its audit review;
- took note of related-party transaction disclosure;
- expressed a favourable opinion on chapter 9 of the 2025 Report on Corporate Governance, relating to the Risk Management and Internal Audit System;
- examined the Consolidated Sustainability Report included in the Report on the consolidated financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2025, prepared pursuant to Italian Legislative Decree no. 125 of 6 September 2024, implementing Directive (EU) 2022/2464 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2022, so-called Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive, CSRD).

The Committee also took into account the characteristics of, and, overall, the process of collecting the data and non-financial information aimed at preparing the Consolidated Sustainability Report, certified – in line with the provisions of art. 154-bis, paragraph 5-ter of the FCA, as amended by Legislative Decree 125/2024 – by the Manager in charge of corporate financial reporting.

Therefore, the Committee favourably assessed the Consolidated Sustainability Report prepared in accordance with the new ESRS issued by EFRAG (European Financial Reporting Advisory Group).

Furthermore, the Committee monitored the development of the Internal Control over Sustainability Reporting ("ICSR"), defined as the set of internal procedures

and tools aimed at ensuring the reliability, accuracy, dependability and timeliness of non-financial disclosure, as well as the correct application of ESRS, in accordance with the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations Framework (hereinafter also the "CoSO Framework");

- monitored the independence, adequacy, effectiveness and efficiency of the Internal Audit Department, in compliance with art. 6 Recommendation 35 lett. f) of the Corporate Governance Code;
- took note of the half-yearly report of the Data Protection Officer pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 (General Data Protection Regulation) and of the half-yearly report of the Company's Supervisory Body pursuant to Italian Legislative Decree 231/01;
- with regard to the Head of Internal Audit, it assessed and deemed adequate the objectives set for 2026 and positively assessed the 2025 objectives;
- reported to the Board of Directors on the activities carried out and on the adequacy of the Risk Management and Internal Audit system.

Pursuant to Directive (EU) 2464/2022 (the so-called "CSRD") as regards sustainability reporting, implemented in Italy with Legislative Decree 125/2024, the Company, as other parties concerned, is required to disclose information relating to the risks, opportunities, objectives and impacts related to environmental, social and governance topics. This information concerns, *inter alia*, the role of the administration and control bodies in the group companies and the necessary skills, and the existence of incentives linked to the Group's sustainability issues.

When carrying out its functions, the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee is entitled to access the information and corporate departments necessary for the performance of its tasks, as well as avail itself of outside consultants. When covering any expenses, the Committee may make use of monies allocated for contingent requirements.

The Board of Directors of 25 February 2021 - as part of the updating of corporate governance to the Corporate Governance Code – approved the Regulation of the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee.

## 9.3 HEAD OF INTERNAL AUDIT

On 17 April 2025, the Board of Directors reappointed Mr. Gabriele Lizzio (appointed for the first time on 28 October 2021) as Head of Internal Audit.

In the reporting period, the Board of Directors engaged the Head of the Internal Audit Department to verify that the Risk Management and Internal Audit System was functioning, adequate and coherent with the guidelines defined by the Board of Directors itself.

The Board of Directors also guaranteed that the Head of Internal Audit adequately complies with professional standing, independence and organization requirements.

The Board also set the remuneration of the Head of Internal Audit in line with company policies and guaranteed that they have adequate resources to carry out their responsibilities.

The Head of Internal Audit is not responsible for any operational area of the Company and reports directly to the Board. In addition, during the reporting period, the Head of Internal Audit has performed his duties in line with and within the limits of an official mandate which provides him with free and direct access to all the information considered useful for the performance of his tasks.

On 1 February 2024, the Board of Directors, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, the Chief Executive Officer and the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, approved the 2024-2025 work plan prepared by the Head of Internal Audit. Subsequent updates were approved during the Board of Directors' Meeting of 5 March 2025.

During the year, the Head of the Internal Audit Department:

- verified, on an on-going basis and in relation to specific needs and in compliance with international standards, the operations and adequacy of the Risk Management and Internal Audit System, through an audit plan approved by the Board of Directors and based on a structured process of analysis and prioritization of the main risks (Recommendation 36, letter a);
- prepared periodic reports containing adequate information on its activity, on the means in which risk management is handled as well as on compliance with the plans defined to contain such risks. The periodic reports contain an assessment on the suitability of the Risk Management and Internal Audit System (Recommendation 36, letter b);
- promptly prepared, also at the request of the Board of Statutory Auditors, reports on events of particular importance (Recommendation 36, letter c);
- verified, as part of the audit plan, the reliability of the information systems, including the accounting systems (Recommendation 36, letter e).

In addition, the Head of Internal Audit provided the reports as set out in Recommendation 36, letters b) and c) above to the Chairs of the Board of Statutory Auditors, of the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee and of the Board of Directors as well as the Chief Executive Officer, only if the report did not involve any of them.

#### **9.4 ORGANISATION MODEL PURSUANT TO ITALIAN LEGISLATIVE DECREE 231/2001**

For some time now, the Group has adopted its Model for Organization, Management and Control in compliance with Italian Legislative Decree 231/2001 ("**Model 231**"), available in the Governance section of the website [www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz).

In 2015, an initial complete review was undertaken of the Model 231 following a risk assessment process which led to the identification of the processes which are sensitive in terms of the decree and to the inclusion of the final types of crime introduced by the law. In addition, among the main elements subject to review were: a) the review of the system of sanctions and b) the formalization of the periodic information flows to the Supervisory Body.

Following the aforementioned amendments, the new Model 231 was approved by the Board of Directors on 12 November 2015.

The Model 231 was subsequently updated during 2018 and then in 2023 following the introduction as a result of new whistleblowing rules. These amendments were approved by the Board of Directors on 17 April 2018 and subsequently on 27 July 2023.

Finally, the Model 231 was last updated and approved by the Board of Directors on 9 November 2023, specifically with respect to:

(i) introduction of a new Special Section of the Model dedicated to smuggling offences; (ii) introduction of a new Special Section dedicated to offences against cultural heritage and cultural/landscape assets; (iii) integration of the Special Section of the Model dedicated to offences committed while dealing with the Public Administration (and, in particular, the section dedicated to the Sensitive Activity of "Participation in tender procedures or direct negotiation proceedings initiated by Italian or foreign public bodies for the award of contracts or other similar transactions"), providing for additional behavioural principles in the event of participation in public tenders; (iv) integration of the Special Section dedicated to offences of purchasing or receiving stolen goods or money, money laundering and use of money, assets or other benefits of illicit origin, and offences perpetrated for terrorist purposes and subversion of democracy, with a section dedicated to offences relating to non-cash payment instruments and fraudulent transfer of

assets; (v) integration of the Special Section dedicated to offences against industry and commerce and counterfeiting offences. The part concerning the formalization of regular reporting channels to the Supervisory Board was also partly revised.

During this revision, a careful study and thorough risk assessment were carried out through document analysis and multiple interviews with key officers and the importance of this overall risk assessment was noted, with the goal of guaranteeing the Company greater and timely protection, since these are important controls and exemptions in the case of a crime.

In order to oversee the correct functioning of Model 231, on 17 April 2025, the Board of Directors reappointed two members of the Supervisory Body, Mr. Marco Dell'Antonia (Chairman) and Mr. Renato Alberini, and appointed Mr. Gabriele Lizzio as new member. Every year, the Supervisory Body, which can rely on a specific budget, implements its own audit plan aimed at detecting compliance with audit protocols in relation to offence risks, also with the support of the Internal Audit Department.

For information regarding the application of the ESRS G1 principle, please refer to the section “ESRS-G1: Business Conduct” in the Sustainability Report.

## 9.5 INDEPENDENT AUDITING FIRM

The Shareholders' Meeting held on 22 April 2021 granted the appointment for the auditing of the accounts to the firm KPMG S.p.A. for the reporting periods as from 31 December 2022 until 31 December 2030. The Board of Directors' meeting of 13 May 2025, taking into account the information provided by the Board of Statutory Auditors, took note of the additional report addressed to the Board of Statutory Auditors by the Independent Auditor.

## 9.6 MANAGER IN CHARGE OF CORPORATE FINANCIAL REPORTING AND OTHER CORPORATE ROLES AND FUNCTIONS

On 17 April 2025, Mr. Andrea Maldi, Geox Group's Chief Financial Officer, was appointed as Manager in charge of corporate financial reporting by the Board of Directors, following the proposal of the Chief Executive Officer and in agreement with the Chairman, subject to the opinion of the Board of Statutory Auditors. During the reporting period up to 17 April 2025, this role was held by Mr. Massimo Nai, Group's Financial Accounting Manager, appointed on 14 April 2022.

Art. 18 *bis* of the Articles of Association envisages that the manager in question is chosen from among the executives who have carried out, for a suitable period of time, administration, management or auditing activities and who are in possession of the honourability requisites envisaged by current legislation.

For the performance of his duties, the manager is provided with an annual budget and, subject to prior agreement, it may be supported by the Internal Audit Department.

Furthermore, responsibility for certifying the Consolidated Sustainability Report has also been attributed to the Manager in charge of corporate financial reporting, in line with the provisions of art. 154-bis, paragraph 5-ter of the FCA, as amended by Italian Legislative Decree 125/2024.

In addition, on 9 November 2022, the Board of Directors assigned the Anti-Corruption Compliance Function to a collegiate body consisting of the General Counsel Pierluigi Ferro, and Geox's Head of Internal Audit Gabriele Lizzio, with the task of overseeing, among other things, the application of and compliance with the criteria for maintaining ISO:37001 certification. In particular, the Board of Directors evaluated the adoption of this body as a collegial body in order to ensure impartial judgement, and which is equipped with adequate professional resources. Finally, it should be noted that the Board of Directors also approved a budget for this body in order to perform this function. It should be noted that Mr. Ferro had already been in the position of Anti-Corruption Officer since 29 July 2021.

## **9.7 COORDINATION BETWEEN THOSE INVOLVED IN THE RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL AUDIT SYSTEM**

The Board of Directors defined the coordination and information flows among the aforementioned subjects who are involved in the Risk Management and Internal Audit System, in order to maximize the efficiency of the system itself, reduce the duplication of work and guarantee effective undertaking of the Board of Statutory Auditors' own duties.

In order to maximize the efficiency of the Risk Management and Internal Audit System and to reduce the duplication of work, the meetings of the Committee are attended by both the Chair of the Board of Statutory Auditors (or another standing auditor appointed by the latter) and the Head of the Company's Internal Audit Department. Other members of the Board of Statutory Auditors can also attend the meetings of the Committee.

The Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee and the Board of Statutory Auditors promptly exchange relevant information for the carrying out of their respective duties. Therefore, also the members of the Board of Statutory Auditors must always be invited to these meetings.

The person responsible for the Risk Management and Internal Audit System and the Head of Internal Audit shall meet on a monthly basis in such a way as to inform each other of their activities and define less relevant measures, if any, of which the Board of Directors does not need to be informed.

The Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee shall meet the Chief Financial Officer (also in his capacity as Manager in Charge) and the Head of Internal Audit on a six-monthly basis, to analyse the outcomes of the audit regarding the financial disclosure process.

## 10. INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Pursuant to art. 2391-*bis* of the Italian Civil Code, and the Consob RPT Regulations, the Board of Directors of 28 October 2010 approved the regulation governing related-party transactions (“**Related-Party Transactions Regulation**”), effective 1 January 2011, and most recently amended – subject to the favourable opinion of a committee exclusively composed of independent Directors – by the Board of Directors on 31 July 2024 on the occasion of the triennial review, and published on the Company’s website [www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz) in the Governance section.

The Related Parties Procedures Regulation identifies the principles that Geox adheres to in order to ensure transparency and substantial and procedural fairness in transactions with related parties, in implementation of and in compliance with the Consob RPT Regulation.

The Regulation governing Related-Party Transactions defines, among other things, the “material” transactions that require approval by the Board of Directors in advance, upon the documented and binding opinion (without prejudice to the provisions of the Articles of Association concerning Shareholders’ meeting authorization) of a committee composed exclusively of independent, unrelated Directors (“**Committee for More Significant RPTs**”); an information report related to such transactions must be disclosed to the public.

Other transactions, unless they fall within the categories of exclusion or exemption pursuant to art. 6 of the Regulation governing Related-Party Transactions, are defined as “Less significant RPTs” and may be approved by the Board of Directors or by any other delegated body, subject to the motivated and non-binding opinion of a committee composed of three non-executive, unrelated and mostly independent directors (“**Committee for Less Significant RPTs**”).

Pursuant to the Regulation governing Related-Party Transactions, the functions assigned to the Committee for Less Significant RPTs or to the Committee for More Significant RPTs may be performed by the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, provided that the latter meets the composition requirements set out in the applicable laws and regulations. Based on the composition of the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee as at the date of this Report, only the functions of the Committee for Less Significant RPTs may be attributed to it.

The Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, in its capacity as the Committee for Less Significant Related Party Transactions, met twice, to examine and issue its opinion (i) in relation to the renewal of a licence agreement concerning patented technologies and trademarks for clothing, and (ii) with regard to a temporary derogation from the Remuneration Policy in relation to the

remuneration of the new Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to art. 5 of the Related Party Transactions Regulations (see section II, paragraph V of the Remuneration Report).

The Committee for More Significant Related Party Transactions has not met in 2026 to date.

The Regulation governing Related-Party Transactions identifies the cases in which the procedures can be excluded or which are exempted from them, including, among other things, transactions involving a low amount (i.e. transactions with a value lower than Euro 100,000 for natural persons and with a value lower than Euro 200,000 for legal persons), ordinary transactions concluded under standard or market conditions, transactions with or between subsidiaries and those with associated companies, provided that parties related to the Company do not have significant interests in them, certain transactions, approved by the companies and addressed to all shareholders on equal terms (capital increase under option and free capital increase pursuant to art. 2442 of the Italian Civil Code; total or partial demerger in the strict sense, with proportional share allocation criteria; share capital reduction through reimbursement to shareholders pursuant to art. 2445 of the Italian Civil Code), some transactions relating to the remuneration of Directors and executives with strategic responsibilities, as well as urgent transactions carried out under specific conditions.

Pursuant to Consob Resolution no. 21624 of 10 December 2020, the Regulation governing Related-Party Transactions, which came into force on 1 July 2021, also envisaged the obligation for directors to abstain who have an interest on their own account or for third parties in the transaction, which is in conflict with the interest of the Company (the “**Directors Involved**”). In particular, the directors involved in the related-party transaction must abstain from voting at the Board of Directors in relation to the transaction both for minor transactions and for major transactions.

The provisions of the Articles of Association governing transactions with related parties were adapted to the Consob RPT Regulations. In particular, with a resolution of the Extraordinary Shareholders’ Meeting of 28 October 2010, a new section was included in the Articles of Association, titled “Related-party transactions” (with the consequent re-numbering of the articles of the Articles of Association in force), containing the three articles indicated below:

- Art. 24 of the Articles of Association, which is an introductory article and provides that the Company must approve the transactions with related parties in compliance with current legal and regulatory provisions, as well as with its own Articles of Association requirements and relevant procedures adopted by the Company.

- Art. 25 of the Articles of Association, which allows the Regulation governing Related-Party Transactions to envisage approval by the Board of Directors of the more relevant RPTs despite the adverse opinion of the independent directors, as long as implementation of such transactions is authorized by the Shareholders' Meeting, pursuant to art. 2364, paragraph 1, number 5) of the Civil Code. In this case and also if a proposed resolution to be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting concerning a material RPT is approved despite the independent directors' adverse opinion, the Shareholders' Meeting resolves with legally established majorities, as long as – if the unrelated shareholders present at the Shareholders' Meeting account for at least 10% of voting share capital – the aforesaid legal majorities are achieved with the favourable vote of the majority of the unrelated shareholders voting at the Shareholders' Meeting.
- Art. 26 of the Articles of Association, which allows the Regulation governing Related-Party Transactions to exclude urgent transactions from their area of application, even if pertaining to the Shareholders' Meeting, within the limits that are allowed by applicable laws and regulations.

In regard to the procedure for the approval of the proposed resolution to the Shareholders' Meeting concerning the aforementioned amendments to the Articles of Association on RPTs (or which are connected to the introduction of the provisions on this issue), it is noted that on 22 September 2010 the Board of Directors met to discuss the adoption of procedures for RPTs provided for by the Consob Regulation and, within this examination and discussion, resolved to propose to the Shareholders' Meeting the above-mentioned amendments to the Articles of Association, subject to the prior favourable opinion of the specifically established committee, composed by independent Directors.

In addition to governing, in the Related-Party Transactions Regulation, possible RPTs which can include situations in which a director has a personal interest or an interest exercised on behalf of others, the Board of Directors assessed and adopted with the Code of Ethics operating solutions designed to make it easier to identify and manage adequately situations in which a director has a personal interest or an interest exercised on behalf of others.

In particular, the Board of Directors in its meeting of 13 May 2005 approved a Code of Ethics, which was fully replaced by the Board of Directors on 31 July 2012 and last amended on 23 February 2018. The Code of Ethics, like the previous ones, is addressed to corporate bodies and their members, staff, temporary employees, consultants and associates of any type, agents, attorneys and any other entity acting for or on behalf of Geox and, in general, all those with

whom Geox and other Group companies come into contact while carrying out their activities. This Code of Ethics, which, moreover, is a fundamental element of the organisational model provided for by Italian Legislative Decree 231/2001 and of the Group's Risk Management and Internal Audit System, pays particular attention to the prevention and management of conflicts of interest. In particular, art. 2 of the Code establishes that "3. Any situation of conflict between personal interests and Geox's interest must be necessarily avoided or, if this is not possible, must be communicated in advance according to the channels provided". Pursuant to art. 19 of the Code of Ethics, specific penalties are provided for in the event of failure to comply with the principles contained in the Code of Ethics (including those involving the prevention and disclosure of conflicts of interest): "With regard to Directors and Statutory Auditors, breach of the Code's provisions may involve the adoption, by the Board of Directors or the Board of Statutory Auditors respectively, of measures proportionate to the seriousness or repetition or degree of guilt, up to removal from office for just cause, to be proposed to the Shareholders' Meeting".

## II. BOARD OF STATUTORY AUDITORS

### II.1 APPOINTMENT AND REPLACEMENT

The provisions applicable to the appointment and replacement of Statutory Auditors are envisaged by the current art. 22 of the Articles of Association and presented below.

*“The Board of Statutory Auditors consists of three standing auditors and two alternate auditors, in compliance with gender balance pursuant to the applicable legal and regulatory provisions. The members of the Board of Statutory Auditors may be reappointed. The Board of Statutory Auditors oversees compliance with the law and the Articles of Association, compliance with the principles of correct administration, the adequacy of the organizational structure of the Company for aspects under responsibility of the Internal Audit System as well as the administrative-accounting system and the reliability of the latter to correctly represent operations. The Board of Statutory Auditors also oversees the adequacy of the instructions issued by the Company to its subsidiaries. For the entire duration of their office, the Auditors must meet, under the penalty of forfeiture, the requirements set forth by the law. For the purpose of the provisions of art. 1 paragraph II letters b) and c) of the Decree by the Ministry of Justice no. 162 of 30 March 2000, it must be noted that the topics and the activity sectors strictly related to those of the Company are: clothing, footwear, technologies applied to the above sectors, technologies in general and research. When the Auditors are appointed and before they accept the office, the administration and control tasks carried out by them in other companies are made known to the Shareholders’ Meeting. Persons holding office as standing Statutory Auditors in more than seven companies issuing securities listed in regulated markets cannot be appointed as the Company’s Statutory Auditors (without prejudice to the application of more restrictive limits that may be introduced pursuant to art. 148-bis of the FCA). Statutory Auditors are appointed for the first time in the memorandum of association and thereafter by the ordinary Shareholders’ Meeting, which also appoints from among them the Chair of the Board of Statutory Auditors, according to the procedures indicated hereunder. Before appointing the Auditors, the Meeting shall determine the remuneration for the Auditors for the entire duration of their office. Statutory Auditors are appointed on the basis of lists presented by Shareholders, in which candidates must be listed in progressive order. The lists must be divided into two sections, one relating to the Standing Auditors and one relating to the Alternate Auditors, should – considering both sections – they contain a number of candidates equal to or over three, they must guarantee the presence of both genders, so that the number of the less represented gender is at least equal to the number envisaged by the applicable legal and regulatory provisions, without prejudice to the fact that should there not be a whole number from the application of the gender-split criterion, this number must be rounded in compliance with the provisions of the law – including regulations – applicable and specified in the call*

notice for the Shareholders' Meeting called on to pass resolutions regarding the appointment of the members of the Board of Statutory Auditors. Each Shareholder can present or take part in the presentation of just one list. Only those Shareholders who, alone or together with other Shareholders presenting the same list, account for at least a fortieth of the share capital (or any other lower limit provided by the law in force at the date of the Shareholders' Meeting) can present or take part in presentation of the lists. The minimum shareholding necessary to submit the lists is calculated taking into account the shares registered in the Shareholder's name at the date when the lists are deposited at the Company's registered office. In order to prove ownership of the number of shares necessary to submit the lists, the Shareholders who submit, or contribute to the submission of the lists must file with and/or deliver to the Company's registered office, a copy of the specific certification issued by a legally qualified intermediary by the deadline established for publication of the lists. Each Shareholder, as well as the Shareholders belonging to the same group (i.e. the controlling party, not necessarily a company, in accordance with art. 93 of the FCA, as well as the subsidiary and associated companies of the same party), or who comply with a shareholders' agreement pursuant to art. 122 of the FCA, cannot present or contribute towards presenting or vote for – directly, via third parties or trust companies – more than one list. Each list shows a number of candidates not exceeding the maximum number of members of the Board of Statutory Auditors. The lists presented by Shareholders must be lodged at the Company's registered office at least twenty-five days before the date fixed for the Shareholders' Meeting convened to appoint the Statutory Auditors and are made available to the public at the Company's registered office, on its website and in the other ways envisaged by applicable legal and regulatory requirements, at least 21 days before the meeting. The lists must be accompanied (i) by the information relating to the identity of the shareholders who have presented the lists, with indication of the equity investment held in total, and certification which bears witness to the ownership of said equity investment and (ii) a declaration of the shareholders other than those who hold, also jointly, a related controlling or majority investment, bearing witness to the absence of the relationships envisaged by art. 144-quinquies of the Consob Issuers' Regulations. Each candidate can appear on one list only, under penalty of ineligibility. The declarations by means of which the individual candidates accept their candidature and declare, at their own liability, the inexistence of the causes of ineligibility and incompatibility, as well as the existence of the requisites prescribed by applicable legislation and the Articles of Association, including therein the limit on the accumulation of offices described previously, must be deposited at the same time as the list at the registered offices. Together with these declarations a curriculum vitae is lodged for each candidate concerning the latter's personal and professional characteristics as well as the indication of the suitability to qualify as independent. When just one single list is presented within the above mentioned twenty-five

days' term, or if only lists from shareholders subject to the relations provided by art. 144-quinquies of the Consob Issuers' Regulations are presented, other lists can be presented up to the fifth day after that date. In this case, the minimum investment threshold in the share capital by the shareholders who present the lists is reduced by half. Lists for which the previous requirements are not observed are not considered to have been presented. Each holder of voting rights can vote for just one list. From the list that has obtained the majority of Shareholders' votes, two Standing Auditors and one Alternate Auditor shall be taken in the progressive order with which they are listed. The remaining Standing Auditors and Alternate Auditors shall be taken from the lists having obtained the second highest number of votes. In the case of a tie vote between two or more lists obtaining the majority of votes, the youngest candidates (in terms of age) will be elected as standing and alternate auditors up to the number of offices to be assigned, in any case ensuring that standing auditors are taken from at least two different lists; all this, however, in compliance with the rules related to the balance of genders in the bodies of listed companies provided for by the applicable legal and regulatory provisions. Should the resulting composition of the collective body or of the category of alternate Statutory Auditors fail to respect the balance of genders, taking into account the order in which they are listed in the respective section, the last elected candidates of the Majority List of the most represented gender shall fall from office in the number necessary to ensure the compliance with the required quota, and they shall be replaced by the first non-elected candidates of the same list and of the same section of the less represented gender. If there are no candidates of the less represented gender in the relevant section of the Majority List in a sufficient number to proceed with replacement, the Shareholders' Meeting shall appoint the missing standing or alternate Statutory Auditors pursuant to the majorities required by law, thus ensuring that the required quota is met. For the purpose of implementing the provisions of this article, the lists presented by minority shareholders that are directly or indirectly connected with shareholders that have presented or voted for the list that has obtained the highest number of votes shall not be included. The Board of Statutory Auditor is chaired by the standing Auditor indicated as the first candidate on the list which during the shareholders' meeting received the greatest number of votes after the first. The above-mentioned provisions for the appointment of the Board of Statutory Auditors are not applicable to Shareholders' Meetings appointing the Board of Statutory Auditors following replacement or cease of office of members of the Board, in compliance with legal requirements, or to Shareholders' Meetings appointing Statutory Auditors whom, for any reason whatsoever, including non-presentation of several lists, it was not possible to elect using the list vote approach. In such cases, the Shareholders' Meeting shall resolve in compliance with the majorities required by law, in any case pursuant to the division criterion capable of ensuring the gender balance provided for by the applicable legal and regulatory provisions. Statutory Auditors hold office for three

*financial years and cease their office on the date of the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the financial statements for the last financial year of their term of office. Statutory Auditors' ceasing of office takes effect when the Board of Statutory Auditors has been re-elected. If a standing Statutory Auditor ceases his/her office for any reason, the alternate auditor belonging to the same list as the auditor leaving office takes his/her place. The new Statutory Auditors shall remain in office until the following Shareholders' Meeting, which shall replace the missing members of the Board of Statutory Auditors according to the legal provisions and in compliance with the division criterion capable of ensuring the gender balance by provided for by the applicable legal and regulatory provisions. The Board of Statutory Auditors must meet at least every ninety days. The Board of Statutory Auditors is regularly constituted with the presence of the majority of the Auditors and passes resolutions with an absolute majority of those present. Intervention during Meetings by means of telecommunications facilities is permitted, via methods which allow the identification of all the participants and permit the latter to follow the discussion and intervene in real time in the discussion on the business dealt with".*

Besides the provisions of the FCA, the Issuer is not subject to further laws (in particular sector-specific laws) on the composition of the Board of Statutory Auditors.

The Shareholders' Meeting of 22 April 2021 approved a change to the Articles of Association aimed at adopting a more generic text in relation to the inclusion of the regulation on gender quotas in management and supervisory bodies also for the purposes of updating to the new criteria on gender division introduced pursuant to Law no. 160 of 27 December 2019 ("Budget Law 2020").

With Resolution no. 155 adopted on 27 January 2026, Consob established, without prejudice to any lower share provided for in the Articles of Association, the shareholding required for the submission of lists of candidates for the election of the administration and control bodies for the period ended 31 December 2025. In particular, the shareholding set for Geox is the following:

CRITERIA FOR THE DETERMINATION OF THE SHAREHOLDING			SHAREHOLDING
CATEGORY OF CAPITALISATION	FLOATING STAKE > 25%	MAJORITY STAKE <50%	
< = Euro 375 million	YES	NO	2.5%

## **I 1.2 COMPOSITION AND OPERATION (PURSUANT TO ART. 123-BIS, PAR. 2, LETTER D) AND D-BIS), FCA)**

Pursuant to art. 22 of the Articles of Association, the Board of Statutory Auditors shall be composed by three standing and two alternate members, respecting the gender balance pursuant to the applicable legal and regulatory provisions of the article.

The Auditors currently in office were appointed by Shareholders during the Shareholders' Meeting held on 17 April 2025, and will remain in office until the meeting convened for the approval of the financial statements for the period ending 31 December 2027, on the basis of the lists submitted by the majority shareholder LIR S.r.l., holding 184,297,500 shares accounting for 71.1004% of Geox S.p.A.'s subscribed and paid-up share capital.

During 2025, the Board of Statutory Auditors held 14 meetings, which lasted an average of 2 hours and a half. For the current reporting period, a precise number of meetings has not been established. At the date of this Report, 3 meetings of the Board of Statutory Auditors had already been held in 2026.

Finally, it should be noted that the Chair of the Board of Statutory Auditors regularly attends the meetings of each Company committee, to which also the other members are regularly invited.

The structure of the Board of Statutory Auditors as at 31 December 2025 is set out in Table 4 attached hereto.

The list of management and audit offices held by the Company's Auditors in the companies listed in Book V, Title V, Chapters V, VI and VII of the Civil Code, is attached to this Report. The complete list of offices is published by Consob on its website in accordance with art. 144-quinquiesdecies of the Consob Issuers' Regulations. The personal and professional characteristics of each Statutory Auditor are reported in their respective curriculum vitae published on the website [www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz) in the Governance section.

Pursuant to Recommendation 12, letter b) of the Corporate Governance Code, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall make sure that the Statutory Auditors adequately know the sector of activity in which the Company operates, the company dynamics and their development, also with a view to the Company's sustainable success, as well as the applicable legal framework, and they shall take specific initiatives intended for this purpose, encouraging Statutory Auditors to join such initiatives.

As reported in section 4.5 of this report, during 2025, the newly appointed members of the management and supervisory bodies were invited to attend a specific induction session relating to the business sector in which the Company operates, including a visit to the Company's registered and operational headquarters in Montebelluna.

During the reporting period, 6 induction meetings were held for the management and supervisory bodies, some of which were preliminary to specific topics on the agenda of the Board of Directors' meetings, which were also actively attended by some Company managers in order to inform participants on the progress of specific strategic activities, such as the Business Plan, the 2025 Capital Increase and sustainability topics. With reference to product updating initiatives and for constant information alignment purposes, all members of the management and supervisory bodies are regularly invited to participate in events for presenting the collections to the press every six months.

Responsibility for promptly and thoroughly informing the other Auditors and the Chairman of the Board of Directors of any interests in a specific Company transaction, specifying the nature, terms, origin and purport, is left to the initiative of each Statutory Auditor.

When performing its activities, the Board of Statutory Auditors coordinated with the Internal Audit Department and with the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee, by means of the periodic participation in meetings providing updates on internal audit matters.

The auditors are appointed, ensuring gender equality within the Board and the independence of each member, on the basis of lists presented by the Members.

As at 31 December 2025, the Board of Statutory Auditors is composed as shown in the table below:

Members	Statutory Members	Alternate Members	Men	Women
Valeria Conti (Chair)	x			X
Giovanni Naccarato	x		x	X
Fabio Tempestini	x		x	
Francesca Salvi		x		X
Matteo Toffolatti		x	x	
<b>Gender Diversity</b>			60%	40%

During the reporting period up to 17 April 2025, the Board of Statutory Auditors consisted of the following members:

Members	Statutory Members	Alternate Members	Men	Women
Sonia Ferrero (Chair)	X			X
Gabriella Covino	X			X
Fabrizio Colombo	X		X	
Francesca Salvi		X		X
Filippo Antonio Vittore Caravati		X	X	

<b>Gender Diversity</b>	40%	60%
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The Board of Statutory Auditors, as part of its supervisory and control functions, has also developed skills and expertise relating to sustainability issues, with particular reference to verifying the adequacy of company policies relating to environmental, social and governance sustainability, as well as monitoring the correct implementation of strategies in this area. The Board of Statutory Auditors may use internal expertise or external experts to ensure that company policies are in line with best sustainability practices and to guarantee that information relating to sustainability is accurate and reliable.

The Board of Statutory Auditors determines whether adequate skills and expertise are available or will be developed to monitor sustainability issues through a process of continuous assessment of internal resources and business needs. This process includes analysing existing skills within the organization and verifying the availability of training or external consultancy to ensure adequate support in sustainability-related areas. In addition, the Board monitors the evolution of sustainability regulations and best practices, assessing the need for updates and development of specific skills to effectively address sustainability issues.

The Board of Statutory Auditors, in order to verify the correct and effective functioning of the body and its adequate composition, undertakes an annual self-assessment (as envisaged by the new Conduct Provision Q.I.I of the Conduct Standards of the Board of Statutory Auditors of listed companies, approved by the Italian Board of Accountants and Accounting Experts). The self-assessment process also includes the check of the prerequisites of independence for the Auditors.

Pursuant to Recommendation 12, letter (b) of the Corporate Governance Code during 2025, the new members of the supervisory bodies were invited to attend a specific introductory

induction session after their appointment. For a description of the activities carried out, please refer to section 4.5 of this Report.

## Diversity policy and criteria

The Company applies to the Board of Statutory Auditors the Policy on Diversity approved on 8 November 2017 by the Board of Directors. The policy seeks to guarantee the sound functioning of the corporate bodies, regulating their composition and envisaging that the members of the same possess the personal and professional requirements which determine its highest level of diversity and competence. Reference should be made to the description in section 4.3 for detailed information regarding the aforementioned Policy. Women constitute the least represented gender within the Board of Statutory Auditors. The Board of Statutory Auditors consists for a third of the less represented gender.

The diversity policy concerning the composition of the administrative, management and control bodies does not, however, include age and disability among the relevant profiles; these are nonetheless duly acknowledged in the Company's Code of Ethics, which establishes that “Geox rejects all forms of violence and discrimination, especially regarding gender, disability, health, sexual orientation, age, political opinions, religion, race, ethnicity, and social and cultural conditions”.

For information regarding the diversity of the Board of Statutory Auditors, please refer to paragraph 11.2 “Composition and operation (pursuant to 123-bis, paragraph 2, letters d and d-bis, TUF)” above.

## Independence

Observance of the criteria of independence was verified at the time of appointment, both in compliance with art. 148, par. 3 of the FCA and pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code, as disclosed on 17 April 2025.

In addition, the Board of Statutory Auditors assesses the continuation of the prerequisites of independence of its members on the occurrence of relevant circumstances for the purposes of independence and in any case on an annual basis. The Board of Statutory Auditors positively assessed its members' compliance with independence requirements on 17 April 2025, also on the basis of the relevant statements signed by the members of the Board of Statutory Auditors,

assessing all the circumstances which seem to compromise independence as identified by the FCA and by the Code, and applying all the criteria envisaged by the Code in reference to the independence of the directors.

The Board of Statutory Auditors, in compliance with the provisions of the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code, determined on 11 May 2022 the quantitative and qualitative criteria in order to assess the importance of the relevant circumstances pursuant to the Code for the purposes of assessing the independence of the auditors. The criteria determined are as follows:

- for commercial, financial or professional dealings with the subjects as set out in Recommendation 9, which refers on this point to Recommendation 7 letter c) of the Corporate Governance Code, if in the previous three financial years: (i) there were (or had been) relations directly for a gross annual fee equal to or greater than the fee for the office of auditor; (ii) there were (or had been) relations indirectly for a gross annual fee equal to or greater than Euro 200,000 paid to the company or entity which the auditor has control of or is an executive director of, or to the professional firm or consulting firm where the auditor is a partner;
- for remuneration in addition to the fixed remuneration for the office of auditor, an annual fee equal to or exceeding the above-mentioned remuneration,

without prejudice to specific and objective circumstances which must be assessed in concrete terms on the basis of which the auditor's independence can be considered not to have been compromised, and without prejudice to the fact that if an auditor who is also a partner of a professional firm or consulting firm, the Board of Statutory Auditors is required to assess the significance of professional relationships that may have an effect on their position and role within the professional firm or consulting firm or that otherwise relate to important transactions of the company and the group it belongs to, also independently of the above quantitative parameters.

## **Remuneration**

Pursuant to art. 22 of the Articles of Association, the remuneration of the members of the Board of Statutory Auditors is determined by the Shareholders' Meeting. Among the determination criteria, the Company takes account of the parameters contained in Ministerial Decree No. 140 of 20 July 2012 regarding court-ordered liquidation of professional fees or packages established by professional orders, taking into consideration, if relevant for the adequacy of the fee, the commitment required to carry out the role. The Shareholders' Meeting of 17 April 2025 resolved

that the remuneration due to the Board of Statutory Auditors, for its term of office, shall amount to Euro 110,000.00 per year, of which Euro 50,000.00 for the Chair and Euro 30,000.00 for each Standing Auditor, including any possible function as supervisory body under Italian Legislative Decree 231/2001.

## **Management of interests**

Responsibility for promptly and thoroughly informing the other Auditors and the Chair of the Board of Directors of any interests in a specific Company transaction, specifying the nature, terms, origin and purport, is left to the initiative of each Statutory Auditor.

## **11.3 ROLE**

The Board of Statutory Auditors supervises compliance with the law and the Articles of Association, respect for the principles of correct administration, the adequacy of the Company's organizational structure for the aspects within its competence, the internal control system and the administrative and accounting system, as well as the reliability of the latter in correctly representing operational facts. The Board of Statutory Auditors also monitors the adequacy of the instructions given by the Company to its subsidiaries.

The Board of Statutory Auditors also has the duty to oversee compliance with the provisions of Italian Legislative Decree 125/2024, reporting to the Shareholders' Meeting. In particular, the Board of Statutory Auditors is called upon to supervise the adequacy of all procedures, processes and structures involved in the preparation of the Sustainability Report.

The Board of Statutory Auditors participates in the meetings of the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee and is regularly informed on sustainability issues through a process of communication and continuous updates from the aforementioned Committee and the competent company departments. Information regarding sustainability policies, current initiatives and social, environmental and economic impacts are periodically presented at the Board meetings, together with financial statements and specific reports on the degree of achievement of sustainability objectives.]

## 12. RELATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER RELEVANT STAKEHOLDERS

### Access to information

The Company provides relevant information for shareholders, with particular reference to the procedures for participation and exercise of voting rights in the shareholders' meeting, as well as the documentation relating to the items on the agenda in the Governance section of the website [www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz).

Until July 2025 the investor relations function was held by Mr. Luca Amandini, subsequently replaced by Mr. Massimo Nai.

### Dialogue with significant stakeholders

The Board of Directors of 25 February 2021, at the proposal of the Chairman of the Board of Directors formulated in agreement with the Chief Executive Officer, adopted a policy for managing dialogue with shareholders (the “**Policy of Engagement**”). The Policy of Engagement was most recently updated on 11 November 2021 to make some changes mainly regarding the corporate bodies involved and responsibilities. The Policy of Engagement can be consulted on [www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz) in the “Governance” section.

The aforementioned policy contains the principles and general rules relating to the Company effectively and reciprocally engaging with current shareholders, in particular with institutional investors and asset managers, through procedures regarding the definition of the means of organizing and conducting dialogue or other interactions with such subjects.

The main objective of the Policy of Engagement is therefore to facilitate the creation of open, direct and effective communication channels with shareholders, and in particular with institutional investors and asset managers, and to assist better understanding of the reciprocal perspectives, to the benefit of both parties. All this is on the basis that these practices bring numerous benefits to issuers, including for example:

- (a) the possibility of setting out and explaining its internal processes, the approach followed and the reasons for its choices, with particular regard to specific governance issues and decisions of interest to shareholders;
- (b) the possibility of creating, also proactively, direct and open channels for significant and productive communication in order to be able to have a constructive discussion on important issues for the Company and its shareholders, so as to provide information on the business context in which the Company operates as well as to illustrate significant

decisions adopted by the corporate bodies or, especially during a corporate crisis, to seek the support of qualified investors;

- (c) the opportunity of gaining awareness of and understanding the perspective of shareholders on business and governance issues, how the work of the Board and the related strategic decisions are perceived by the market, as well as acquiring information on the wishes of qualified investors with regard to, for example, the requirements and competence of management body members.

The Policy of Engagement formalizes the Company's approach to managing Shareholder-Director Engagement ("**S-D Engagement**"), in particular for the aspects which entail the involvement of members of the Company's senior bodies, supplementing the Company's corporate governance system in accordance with the provisions of Recommendation 3 of the Corporate Governance Code.

The targets of the policy are the Company's current shareholders who hold on an individual basis a stake of at least 0.25% of the voting rights that can be exercised at the Shareholders' Meeting, in particular institutional investors and asset managers, who have an interest in obtaining information and/or dialoguing with the Company and in regard to whom this interaction is also of interest to the Company itself. The forms of dialogue considered are so-called one-way forms, i.e. those in which it is only the qualified investors who set out their vision on specific issues to the directors, and so-called two-way forms, where there is an effective reciprocal exchange of information between the targets and the Company.

The Company has a general interest in proposing or accepting S-D Engagement requests in reference to the following issues, without this in any case entailing any obligation to accept any engagement on these matters:

- (a) transparency and corporate communication towards the market;
- (b) the Company's corporate governance system in general;
- (c) the composition of the management body, also in terms of size, prerequisites of professional standing, integrity and/or independence, and diversity;
- (d) the establishment and/or composition of sub-Committees;
- (e) the Remuneration Policy for directors and executives with strategic responsibilities;
- (f) the succession plan for the Chief Executive Officer and the other executive directors;
- (g) the Risk Management and Internal Audit System in particular in relation to the financial reporting process;
- (h) environmental, sustainability and governance (ESG) issues;

- (i) extraordinary and/or very important events which may have a significant impact on the Company's prospects and/or on its reputation;
- (j) proposals for changes to the Articles of Association.

The S-D Engagement work involves, in accordance with the responsibilities envisaged in the policy, the Board of Directors, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, and the Secretary of the Board. In addition, the Board of Directors can entrust to a sub-committee, including one that is specifically created provided that it consists mainly of independent directors, the undertaking of relevant initial analyses and consultancy work.

In assessing whether to formulate a proposal or accept an S-D Engagement request, the Company's competent bodies should take account of the following criteria to be considered in regard to the targets:

- (a) the importance, in quantitative terms but not only, in the context of the Company's shareholding structure, of the shareholder or shareholders who are the counterparty in the S-D Engagement initiative, as well as the nature and strategy of their investment, also in order to balance the costs and opportunities of each initiative;
- (b) compliance with any legal, regulatory and/or self-disciplinary limits, in particular as regards the law on handling price-sensitive information and on market soundings, as well as the law on shareholding structure and on collaboration in regulating public offers;
- (c) the pertinence of the issues which are in concrete terms covered by an S-D Engagement request in regard to the Subjects of Engagement, the level of gravity and importance of the issues;
- (d) the potential interest of the issue to be addressed for a large number of qualified investors or for qualified investors of a certain importance and/or with particular characteristics and/or for the market, if necessary, defining the related identification criteria, taking account also of the number of requests received, including in the past, on the same issue;
- (e) the real relevance of the S-D Engagement and its foreseeable usefulness, also with a view to long-term value creation, taking account of previous engagement experiences;
- (f) the conduct of the Target in previous voting at Shareholders' Meetings and, more generally, the qualified investor's approach to investments and corporate governance, also outside the context of the specific relationship with the Company (i.e. its track record on the market);

- (g) the foreseeable approach of the Targets as regards the subjects covered by S-D Engagement, also having taken account of the engagement policies adopted by institutional investors and asset managers.

The Company defines and indicates on its website [www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz), in the Governance/Regulations and Procedures section, the initial contact to receive S-D Engagement requests. The monitoring and the sorting of the requests received, the publication of responses and the organization of meetings with shareholders, as well as the management of all other practical aspects relating to facilitating each initiative, falls to the Secretary of the Board (the “**Engagement Manager**”), with S-D Engagement support by the Investor Relator, if necessary.

The S-D Engagement process starts and is carried out in accordance with the following means:

- (i) the targets who intend to undertake S-D Engagement activity through meetings with the Company’s directors send their requests to the Engagement Manager by email at the address [societario@geox.com](mailto:societario@geox.com), specifying at least the following: (a) the reasons why they intend to start a dialogue with the directors; (b) what the subject of the dialogue is and what specific issues they intend to address; (c) the means with which they intend to establish this dialogue; and (d) the indicative time frames, without prejudice to the fact that the Company may leave a meeting when the subject of the meeting is not in line with what was originally indicated by the shareholders, as well as when continuation of the meeting raises compliance risks, in the judgment of the directors present, in regard to the applicable law;
- (ii) the Engagement Manager, if necessary in coordination with the Investor Relator, undertakes preliminary monitoring of the engagement requests received, also in relation to the possible importance of Sensitive Information with reference to the subject and the themes of the dialogue (if necessary making use of the consulting services of the Legal and Corporate Affairs Department, where deemed appropriate), ensures timely flows of information to the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer regarding the S-D Engagement requests made by shareholders;
- (iii) the Chairman assesses, with the involvement of the Chief Executive Officer, if it is the case for the Board of Directors sitting together to verify the S-D Engagement request, in particular so that this body may:
  - (a) assess the coherence of the S-D Engagement with the Company’s interests;
  - (b) establish whether the S-D Engagement must be done in one-way or two-way mode;

- (c) identify the participants in the meetings with the qualified investors on behalf of the Company (also assessing the possibility that in any case the Chairman or the Secretary take part);
- (d) assess the best means to hold the meetings with the qualified investors (in person, by phone or video conference, and in which locations), also taking account of the requests made in this regard by the qualified investors;
- (e) assess the possible adoption of measures to guarantee the non-transmission or the confidentiality of Sensitive, Key or Inside information (for example, the request to shareholders to take on confidentiality commitments), it remaining understood that the Chairman's assessment regarding the referral or otherwise of the decision to the Board of Directors must take account, among other things, of the need to guarantee quick and efficient proceedings in the evaluation of the S-D Engagement requests, on the one hand, and, on the other, of the need to ensure that the Company's interest in relation to these initiatives is adequately weighted (especially in consideration of the relevance of the issues covered by the dialogue);
- (f) where instead, in the Chairman's assessment, the S-D Engagement request is considered positively and further assessment by the Board of Directors is not considered necessary, the above aspects are defined by the Chairman, if necessary making use of the support of the competent departments (for example, the Head of Legal and Corporate Affairs as regards the assessment of the nature of the information covered by the dialogue);
- (iv) the Chairman, in agreement with the Chief Executive Officer, promptly provides feedback – through the Engagement Manager, in coordination with the Investor Relator for the technical execution of the communications – to shareholders regarding their S-D Engagement request. In addition, the Chairman, giving prior notice to the Chief Executive Officer, coordinates – helped by the Secretary in coordination with the Investor Relator – the information flows and the collection from the competent corporate structures of the information needed to adequately prepare the meetings with shareholders should they take place in two-way mode;
- (v) the directors engaged to take part in the meetings with the targets draw up written summaries of these meetings and, generally, transmit to the Chairman and the Secretary adequate and prompt reports so that the latter can provide subsequent and complete information to the Board of Directors (including information regarding: issues raised by the Targets, the responses provided by the Company's representatives, and any proposals and/or initiatives put forward by shareholders);

(vi) the Board of Directors, on the basis of the information received on the engagement activity, evaluates whether to make public all or some of the contents of the discussions and/or the initiatives undertaken in relation to each S-D Engagement initiative, or whether to mention its own SD-Engagement activities in its annual reports.

Should the Company wish to proactively put forward to one or more targets an S-D Engagement request, the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer or the Board of Directors, depending on the situation, will decide in advance on the case for this initiative with the means and in accordance with the criteria as set out above. The request will then be presented by the Secretary, in coordination with the Investor Relator, to the target's competent structures, on the basis of the various forms of organizations and, if necessary, taking account of past engagement experience with the target.

Following the approval of the Engagement Policy by the Board of Directors on 25 February 2021, and subsequently amended on 11 November 2021, there were no opportunities for dialogue at the initiative of the shareholders with particular reference to this Policy and therefore the Chairman of the Board of Directors did not inform the Board given the absence of such events.

During 2025, dialogue with shareholders mainly took place at the Shareholders' Meeting on 17 April 2025, through the option of in-person attendance for shareholders. On that occasion, the topics discussed were those on the agenda.

The Company maintains a constant and constructive dialogue with its other stakeholders through a series of engagement activities, including dedicated listening and communication channels, periodic meetings and collaboration on specific projects, also in order to consider the views of such stakeholders on the most relevant sustainability matters.

The management bodies are informed of the opinions and interests of other stakeholders involved in the field of sustainability, through the presentation and approval of the results of the double materiality analysis, which also includes the outcomes of the stakeholder engagement activity. Specifically, in 2025, the Company's Board of Directors was involved in assessing and defining the materiality of ESRS topics through a specific survey, thus contributing to a more comprehensive and integrated analysis that confirmed the outcomes of the double materiality analysis process.

As regards the ways in which the interests and views of stakeholders are taken into account in the strategy and business model, please refer to the section “*SBM-2: Interests and views of Stakeholders*” in the Sustainability Report.

## 13. GENERAL MEETINGS

Art. 12 of the Articles of Association provides that parties qualifying as owners of shares on the seventh open market day prior to the Shareholders' Meeting date shall be entitled to intervene and to vote, provided they have announced their wish to intervene in the Shareholders' Meeting through a duly authorized intermediary, pursuant to the provisions of the law and applicable regulations.

Those who are entitled to vote may exercise this right electronically via certified email (PEC) pursuant to the laws, regulatory provisions on this issue and the provisions within the shareholders' meeting regulations. This provision of the Articles of Association shall enter into effect as from the shareholders' meeting resolution that approves the amendments to the shareholders' meeting regulations which govern the ways in which a vote can be placed electronically.

Individuals who are entitled to participate and vote in the Shareholders' Meeting may be represented by another natural or legal person, including non-shareholders, via a written authorization in the cases and within the limits set by the applicable law and regulatory provisions. The proxy may be sent electronically via certified email and through any other methods provided for in the notice of meeting, according to the procedures allowed by the applicable provisions of law and regulations.

Pursuant to art. 127-ter of the FCA, shareholders can ask questions about the items on the agenda even prior to the Shareholders' Meeting, by registered mail with return receipt to be addressed to Geox, Direzione Affari Legali e Societari, via Feltrina Centro 16, 31044 Biadene di Montebelluna (TV), Italy or by certified email to: [societario@pec.geox.com](mailto:societario@pec.geox.com). These questions will be answered at the latest during the Meeting, while the Company is entitled to provide a joint response to questions having the same content.

Pursuant to art. 10 of the Articles of Association, the shareholders who, even jointly, represent at least one fortieth of the share capital may request, within 10 days of the publication of the notice to convene the Shareholders' Meeting (unless the law provides for other time limits), additions to the lists of the items on the agenda, indicating in their request the additional items they propose, or submit proposals for resolution on items already on the Agenda, within the limits and subject to the methods provided for by the applicable legal provisions and regulations, through a signed original letter to be sent to the Legal and Corporate Affairs Department of Geox, along with a report on the items proposed for discussion. Addition is not allowed for issues on which shareholders' meeting resolves, pursuant to the law, upon the proposal of

Directors or based on a project or report prepared by them. Any list of additional issues to be discussed at the shareholders' meeting will be published following the same terms and conditions as for this notice, at least fifteen days prior to the Shareholders' Meeting.

The course of the Meeting is disciplined by specific regulations for general Shareholders' Meeting business, available in the Governance section, Shareholders' Meeting, of the website [www.geox.biz](http://www.geox.biz).

Art. 6 of the Shareholders' Meeting Regulations envisages the possibility for each shareholder to request the floor on any of the matters being discussed, requesting information and making any proposals.

During the Shareholders' Meeting of 17 April 2025, in which all the Directors of the Company took part, the Board reported on the activities carried out and planned and endeavoured to ensure that shareholders were adequately informed about the necessary elements so that they could make informed decisions on matters within the competence of the Shareholders' Meeting.

During the reporting period, the Board of Directors did not develop any proposals to be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting nor submitted one or more proposals to the Shareholders' Meeting with regard to: (i) the corporate governance model; (ii) the rights attached to shares; (iii) the thresholds for the exercise of minority shareholder rights; (iv) enhanced voting rights; whereas, on 17 April 2025, it resolved on the size, composition and appointment of the Board of Directors and the relevant term of office, until the date of approval of the financial statements for the period ending 31 December 2027.

The Shareholders' Meeting of 17 April 2025 also approved certain amendments to art. 12 of the Articles of Association, aimed at introducing: (i) the possibility of holding Shareholders' Meetings exclusively by means of telecommunication, and (ii) the possibility of holding Shareholders' Meetings exclusively through the designated representative.

#### **14. OTHER CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES (pursuant to art. 123-bis, par. 2, letter a), second part, FCA)**

As mentioned in section 6, the Ethics and Sustainable Development Committee, initially established in 2005, was not renewed with effect from 17 April 2025, and its functions were partially transferred to the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee.

## 15. CHANGES AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Since the end of the year, there have been no other changes in the corporate governance structure other than those reported in the specific sections.

## 16. CONSIDERATIONS ON THE LETTER FROM THE CHAIR OF THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

On 11 March 2026, the Board of Directors took note of the recommendations received from the Chair of the Corporate Governance Committee Massimo Taroni, with his letter of 18 December 2025 and previously notified to the directors and to the Board of Statutory Auditors (the “**Recommendations**”).

The aforementioned letter, as recommended by Borsa Italiana, was previously forwarded to the Chairman of the Board of Directors, as well as, for information, to the Chief Executive Officer and the Chair of the Supervisory Board, on 23 February 2026.

The Recommendations focus on certain areas of improvement in the way the Corporate Governance Code recommendations are applied, particularly with regard to: (i) the measurability of certain remuneration policy components; and (ii) further engagement with other relevant stakeholders.

With reference to the Recommendations, the Company notes the following:

- with regard to the measurability of certain remuneration policy components, it should be noted that the 2026 Remuneration Policy includes provisions concerning any extraordinary payments to Strategic Executives and/or severance indemnity for the Chief Executive Officer, also identifying the relevant objectives and limits in such a way as to ensure their measurability. The Company therefore considers such provisions to be consistent with the measurability principle recommended by the Code. No explicit requests on these issues have been received from institutional investors at the time of the shareholder vote on the policies and/or on occasion other than the shareholders’ meeting that would need to be taken into account for the aforementioned analysis;
- with regard to further engagement with other relevant stakeholders, it should be noted that the Company does not qualify as a "large company" within the meaning of the definition included in the Corporate Governance Code and is therefore not subject to the specific Recommendation on the matter. Although the Company has not adopted

an ad hoc policy for engagement with other relevant stakeholders, the Company maintains a constant and constructive dialogue with other stakeholders (other than shareholders) through a series of engagement activities, including dedicated listening and communication channels, periodic meetings and collaboration on specific projects, also in order to consider the views of such stakeholders on the most relevant sustainability matters. . For further information reference should be made to section “ESRS 2 – SBM-2: *Interests and views of Stakeholders*” in the Sustainability Report.

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Montebelluna (Province of Treviso), 17 March 2026

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For the Board of Directors

The Chairman

*Mario Moretti Polegato*

**List of offices held by Geox’s Directors in other companies listed on regulated markets (in Italy and/or abroad), in financial, banking and insurance companies or large corporations; List of offices held by the Statutory Auditors in other companies.**

**Board of Directors as at 31.12.2025**

Name	Office	Other offices
Mario Moretti Polegato	Chairman	Chairman of the Board of Directors of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LIR SRL, parent company of Geox SPA</li> </ul> Regent of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bank of Italy at the Office in Venice.</li> </ul> Member of the General Council and Governing Board of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CONFINDUSTRIA</li> </ul> [Member of the Community of Chairpersons of the World Economic Forum]
Enrico Moretti Polegato	Deputy Chairman	Director of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LIR S.r.l., parent company of Geox S.p.A.</li> </ul> Chairman of the Board of Directors: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DIADORA S.p.A</li> </ul> Member of the Governing Board of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CONFINDUSTRIA VENETO EST</li> </ul>
Francesco Di Giovanni	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Executive Officer of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• COMPAGNIA AEREA ITALIANA SPA</li> </ul> Chairman of:

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RADICI PRODUCTS SPA</li> </ul> <p>Director of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• VERTEQ CAPITAL</li> </ul> <p>Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ZEPHIR CAPITAL PARTNERS SPA</li> </ul>
Claudia Baggio	Director	<p>Director of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DIADORA SPA</li> </ul>
Ubaldo Livolsi	Director	<p>Chairman of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Livolsi &amp; Partners Spa</li> </ul> <p>Director of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fondazione Link Campus University</li> <li>• Università Link Campus University</li> <li>• SKILLJOB B.V.</li> </ul>
Alessandro Antonio Giusti	Director	<p>Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NEXT HOLDING SPA</li> <li>• INTERPORTO DELLA TOSCANA CENTRALE SPA</li> <li>• QTI SRL</li> </ul> <p>Standing Auditor of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ENEGAN SPA</li> <li>• ALISPED SPA</li> </ul>
Clelia Leonello	Independent Director	<p>Independent Director of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ILLIMITY BANK S.P.A.</li> <li>• ZEPHIR CAPITAL PARTNERS SPA (quota detenuta: 1%)</li> </ul> <p>Chief Executive Officer of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CERVA INVESTIMENTI SRL (Share held: 95%)</li> </ul>

Silvia Zamperoni	Independent Director	NO
Gaudiana Giusti	Independent Director <i>Lead Independent Director</i>	Non-executive director of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Compagnia Valdostana delle Acque CVA</li></ul>

## Board of Statutory Auditors as at 31.12.2025

Name	Office	Other offices
Valeria Conti	Chair	<p>Chairwoman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AC MONZA</li> <li>• BANCA DEL FUCINO S.P.A.</li> <li>• APKAPPA S.R.L.</li> </ul> <p>Member of the Statutory Auditors of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MAGGIOLI S.P.A.</li> <li>• M.T. S.P.A.</li> <li>• ACEA SIRACUSA SPA</li> </ul> <p>Non-executive director of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SALCEF GROUP S.P.A.</li> <li>• MARE GROUP S.P.A.</li> <li>• COM.TEL S.P.A.</li> </ul>
Giovanni Naccarato	Standing Auditor	<p>Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LEXTEL AI S.P.A.</li> </ul> <p>Standing Auditor or Auditor of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FONDAZIONE EUROROMA 2024</li> <li>• FEDERAZIONE ITALIANA NUOTO</li> <li>• CONSORZIO BANCARIO SIR S.P.A. IN LIQ.NE</li> <li>• SFC SISTEMI FORMATIVI CONFINDUSTRIA S.P.A.</li> </ul> <p>Chief Executive Officer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NEXT RE SIIQ S.P.A.</li> </ul> <p>Chairman of the Board of Directors of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AURUM S.R.L.</li> </ul>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SARRA MEDICAL GRUOP S.R.L.</li> </ul> Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• VAL DI CHIANTI S.C.P.A.</li> </ul> Member of the Board of Directors of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• E2E COMPANY ENERGY S.P.A.</li> </ul>
Fabio Tempestini	Standing Auditor	Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ISTITUTO DIAGNOSTICO SANTO STEFANO SRL</li> <li>• CONSORZI ENERGETICI INDUSTRIALI RIUNITI SCARL</li> <li>• GIACHETTI ALBERTO &amp; C SPA</li> <li>• LANIFICIO COMATEX SPA</li> </ul> Standing Auditor of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LANIFICIO CANGIOLI 1859 SPA</li> <li>• POINTEX SPA</li> <li>• NEXT TECHNOLOGY TECNOTESSILE - SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI RICERCA a r.l. SRL</li> <li>• MAGAZZINI GENERALI FIDUCIARI MANTOVA SpA</li> <li>• TESSILFIBRE SpA</li> </ul> Legal Auditor of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IMMOBILIARE IL MOLINUZZO SRL</li> <li>• TESMA SPECIAL FIBRES SRL</li> <li>• PRATINDUSTRIA SRL</li> </ul> Managing Director of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TE.CA Srl</li> </ul>

## TABLES

*The English version of this document is not the official version and has been translated into English solely for the convenience of international readers. In the event of discrepancies, the original Italian text shall prevail.*

**TABLE 1: INFORMATION ON THE OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE AS AT 31.12.2025**

SHARE CAPITAL STRUCTURE				
	No. of shares	No. of voting rights	Listed (indicate markets) / not listed	Rights and obligations
Ordinary shares (specifying whether the possibility of an increase in voting rights is envisaged)	366,904,531	100%	Euronext Milan	Each share is entitled to one vote. The rights and obligations of the shareholders are those laid down by articles 2346 and following of the Italian Civil Code.
Preferred shares				
Shares with multiple voting rights				
Other classes of voting shares				
Savings share				
Convertible savings shares				
Other non-voting share classes				
Other				

OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (granting the right to subscribe to newly issued shares)				
	Listed (indicate markets) / not listed	No. of outstanding instruments	Category of shares available for conversion/exercise	No. of shares available for conversion/exercise
Convertible bonds				
Warrants	107,697,200	-	Euronext Milan	The exercise of 16 Warrants entitles the holder to receive 13 Underlying Shares.

SIGNIFICANT EQUITY INVESTMENTS IN THE SHARE CAPITAL			
Party	Direct shareholder	% of ordinary share capital	% of voting capital
Mario Moretti Polegato	LIR S.r.l.	71.16%	71.16%

**TABLE 2: STRUCTURE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD**

Board of Directors													
Office	Members	Year of birth	First appointment date*	In office since	In office until	List (Shareholders submitting it) (**)	List (M/m) (***)	Exec.	Non-exec.	Indep. Code	Indep. FCA	No. other offices (****)	Equity investments (*****)
<b>Chairman</b>	Mario Moretti Polegato	1952	20.05.2002 (1)	17.04.2025	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2027	Shareholders	M	X				3	13/13
<b>CEO</b>	Francesco Di Giovanni	1957	23.07.2025 (2)	23.07.2025	Next Shareholders' Meeting	N/A	N/A	X				4	7/7
<b>Deputy Chairman</b>	Enrico Moretti Polegato	1981	27.07.2004 (1)	17.04.2025	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2027	Shareholders	M	X				3	13/13
<b>Director</b>	Alessandro Antonio Giusti	1950	20.10.2004 (3)	17.04.2025	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2027	Shareholders	M		X			5	13/13
<b>Director</b>	Claudia Baggio	1981	08.11.2012	17.04.2025	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2027	Shareholders	M		X			1	13/13
<b>Director</b>	Ubaldo Livolsi	1945	17.04.2025	17.04.2025	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2027	Shareholders	M		X			4	10/10
<b>Director</b>	Clelia Leonello	1969	17.04.2025	17.04.2025	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2027	Shareholders	M		X	X	X	3	10/10
<b>Director</b>	Gaudiana Giusti	1962	17.04.2025	17.04.2025	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2027	Shareholders	M		X	X	X	1	10/10
<b>Director</b>	Silvia Zamperoni	1969	14.04.2022	17.04.2025	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2027	Shareholders	M		X	X	X	0	13/13
-----DIRECTORS WHO CEASED TO HOLD OFFICE DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD-----													

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FORMAT

<b>CEO</b>	Enrico Mistrion	1969	01.03.2024 (4)	17.04.2025	23.07.2025	Shareholders	M	X						6/6
<b>Director</b>	Lara Livolsi	1974	17.04.2013	14.04.2022	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2024	Shareholders	M		X					3/3
<b>Director</b>	Francesca Meneghel	1961	19.04.2016 (5)	14.04.2022	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2024	Shareholders	M		X	X	X			3/3
<b>Director</b>	Silvia Rachela	1977	14.04.2022	14.04.2022	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2024	Shareholders	M		X	X	X			3/3

**Indicate the number of meetings held during the reporting period: 13**

**Indicate the quorum required for the submission of lists by minorities for the appointment of one or more members (pursuant to art. 147-ter of the FCA): 2.5%**

### NOTES

The following symbols must be inserted in the "Office" column:

- This symbol indicates the director in charge of the Risk Management and Internal Audit System.
- This symbol indicates the Lead Independent Director (LID).

\* Date of first appointment of each director means the date on which the director was appointed for the first time (in absolute terms) to the Board of the issuer.

(\*\*) This column indicates whether the list from which each director was appointed was submitted by shareholders (indicating "Shareholders") or by the Board of Directors (indicating "Board of Directors").

(\*\*\*) This column indicates whether the list from which each director has been appointed is a "majority list" (indicating "M") or a "minority list" (indicating "m").

(\*\*\*\*) This column shows the number of directorships or statutory auditor appointments held by the person concerned in other listed or large corporations. In the Corporate Governance Report the offices are indicated in full.

(\*\*\*\*\*) This column indicates the participation by directors in the meetings of the Board of Directors (indicate the number of meetings attended compared to the overall number of meetings which could have been attended, e.g., 6/8; 8/8 etc.).

### Company notes:

- (1) Appointment prior to listing of Company on 1 December 2004.
- (2) On 23 July 2025, the Company consensually terminated the directorship and employment relationship with Mr. Enrico Mistrion and, on the same date, the Board of Directors resolved to co-opt Mr. Francesco Di Giovanni as Director, vest him with the role and powers of Chief Executive Officer and appoint him as a member of the Executive Committee, until the next Shareholders' Meeting scheduled for 22 April 2026.
- (3) Date of first appointment, start of first position 1 December 2004.
- (4) On 23 July 2025, the Company and Mr. Enrico Mistrion consensually terminated the directorship and employment relationship with effect from that date.
- (5) Date of first appointment as director. Previously, standing auditor from 18.12.2008 to 19.04.2016.

**TABLE 3: STRUCTURE OF THE BOARD COMMITTEES AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD**

Board of Directors		Executive Committee		Committee for Less Significant RPTs (2)		Audit and Risk Committee		Remuneration Committee		Appointment Committee (1)		Other Committee		Other Committee	
Office/Position	Members	(*)	(**)	(*)	(**)	(*)	(**)	(*)	(**)	(*)	(**)	(*)	(**)	(*)	(**)
Executive non-independent Chairman of the Board of Directors	Mario Moretti Polegato	10/10	C												
Executive non-independent Chief Executive Officer	Francesco Di Giovanni	5/5	M												
Executive non-independent Deputy Chairman	Enrico Moretti Polegato	4/10	M												
Non-executive non-independent Director	Alessandro Antonio Giusti			2/2	M	11/11	M								
Non-executive non-independent Director	Ubaldo Livolsi							4/4	M						
Non-executive Director - independent pursuant to FCA and the Code of Conduct	Gaudiana Giusti			1/1	C	8/8	C								
Non-executive Director - independent pursuant to FCA and the Code of Conduct	Clelia Leonello			1/1	M	8/8	M	4/4	M						
Non-executive Director - independent pursuant to FCA and the Code of Conduct	Silvia Zamperoni							8/8	C						
-----DIRECTORS WHO CEASED TO HOLD OFFICE DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD-----															
Executive non-independent Chief Executive Officer	Enrico Mistrion	5/5	M												
Non-executive non-independent Director	Lara Livolsi							4/4	M						
Non-executive Director - independent pursuant to FCA and the Code of Conduct	Francesca Meneghel			1/1	C	3/3	C								
Non-executive Director - independent pursuant to FCA and the Code of Conduct	Silvia Rachela			1/1	M	3/3	M	4/4	M						
-----ANY NON-DIRECTOR MEMBERS-----															

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FORMAT

Executives of the listed issuer/Other	Name and Surname						
<b>No. of meetings held during the reporting period:</b>	10	2	11	8	-	-	-
<p><b>NOTES</b></p> <p>This column indicates the participation by directors in the meetings of the committees (indicate the number of meetings attended compared to the overall number of meetings which could have been attended, e.g., 6/8; 8/8 etc.).                      This column indicates the role of the director on the Committee: "C": chairman; "M": member.</p> <p>Company notes:</p> <p>(1) On 19 April 2016, the Appointment Committee was incorporated into the Remuneration Committee, which was renamed the "Appointment and Remuneration Committee", as lastly confirmed on 17.04.2025.                      (2) The functions of the Committee for Less Significant RPTs are carried out by the Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee.                      (3) Since 2018, the Company has established a Sustainability Committee, assigning its functions to the Audit and Risk Committee, which has been renamed the "Audit, Risk and Sustainability Committee", as finally confirmed on 17.04.2025.</p>							

**TABLE 4: STRUCTURE OF THE BOARD OF STATUTORY AUDITORS AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD**

Board of Statutory Auditors									
Office	Members	Year of birth	First appointment date*	In office since	In office until	List (M/m) (**)	Indep. Code	Participation in Board's meetings (***)	No. other offices (****)
Chair	Valeria Conti	1971	17.04.2025	17.04.2025	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2027	M	X	9/10	9
Standing Auditor	Giovanni Naccarato	1972	17.04.2025	17.04.2025	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2027	M	X	8/10	10
Standing Auditor	Fabio Tempestini	1962	17.04.2025	17.04.2025	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2027	M	X	10/10	13
Alternate Auditor	Francesca Salvi	1982	14.04.2022	17.04.2025	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2027	M	X		
Alternate Auditor	Matteo Toffolatti	1971	17.04.2025	17.04.2025	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2027	M	X		
-----AUDITORS WHO CEASED TO HOLD OFFICE DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD-----									
Chair	Sonia Ferrero	1971	19.04.2016	14.04.2022	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2024	m	X	4/4	
Standing Auditor	Gabriella Covino	1968	14.04.2022 (1)	14.04.2022	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2024	M	X	4/4	
Standing Auditor	Fabrizio Colombo	1968	19.04.2016 (2)	14.04.2022	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2024	M	X	3/4	
Alternate Auditor	Filippo Antonio Vittore Caravati	1974	16.04.2019	14.04.2022	Approval of the financial statements as at 31.12.2024	m	X		

Indicate the number of meetings held during the reporting period: 14

Indicate the quorum required for the submission of lists by minorities for the appointment of one or more members (pursuant to art. 148 of the FCA): 2.5%

#### NOTES

\* Date of first appointment of each auditor means the date on which the auditor was appointed for the first time (in absolute terms) to the Board of Statutory Auditors of the issuer.

(\*\*) This column indicates whether the list from which each auditor has been appointed is "majority list" (indicating "M") or a "minority list" (indicating "m").

(\*\*\*) This column indicates the participation by auditors in the meetings of the Board of Statutory Auditors (indicate the number of meetings attended compared to the overall number of meetings which could have been attended, e.g., 6/8; 8/8 etc.).

(\*\*\*\*) This column indicates the number of offices as director or auditor held by the person concerned pursuant to art. 148-bis of the FCA and the related implementing provisions contained in the Consob Issuers' Regulations. The complete list of offices is published by Consob on its own website pursuant to Article 144-quinquiesdecies of Consob Issuers' Regulations.

Company notes:

- (1) \* As at the date of the report, articles 144-terdecies, para. 2, and 144-quaterdecies of the Issuers' Regulation (implementing art. 148-bis of the FCA) do not apply to the auditor in question since he holds the position of member of the audit board in only one issuer.
- (2) Previously director of the Company from 17.04.2013 to 19.04.2016 and Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors from 20.10.2004 to 17.04.2013.